



澳門特別行政區政府
社會工作局
GOVERNO DA RAEM
INSTITUTO DE ACÇÃO SOCIAL

Report on Drug Control in Macao 2011





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I. Macao's Drug Control Policy and the Situation of Drug Problems



1. Macau Policy Related with the fight Drug Problem

(1) Policy Relating to Combat Drugs

The Commission on Drugs institutionalized coordination work in drug control, facilitating contacts and close collaboration between public and private entities.

Sought to make a systematic coordination promoting the effectiveness of these efforts in drug control and mobilizing community participation.

Faced with a resurgence increasingly complicated issues of drug use among young people, prevention, detoxification and rehabilitation have focused on strengthening the capacity of young people to identify and refuse drugs and in providing appropriate services to young drug addicts and their families.

The increase in drug trafficking remains a serious concern, and so the IAS has strengthened its communication and collaboration with Mainland China and relevant work units to protect the community from crime and drugs in general sanity. These are the main guidelines of the SAR government efforts in combating drugs.

Through the division of labor among the many government agencies related to drug control and coordination, in addition to the grouping of public forces, the government implemented a versatile tactical fight against drugs.

Regarding the prevention of drug addiction, SWB supported and encouraged with dedication schools, families and communities as a whole to participate without fading, education and anti-drug activities.

Regarding action dedicated to combat drug crimes, drug abuse prevention, detoxification and rehabilitation in Macau, they are undertaken by relevant services under the supervision of the Secretary for Security and the Secretary for Social Affairs and Culture of the Macao SAR.

With regard to detoxification and rehabilitation, SWB continued to improve standards and efficiency of its medical services and ancillary services detoxification, keeping your service maintenance treatment with methadone and seek to enhance the effectiveness of monitoring and support service Juvenile detoxification.

Expanded the scope of work on early intervention for juvenile drug addicts providing all kinds of support services for families of drug addicts and have been studies and surveys of teenagers already addicted

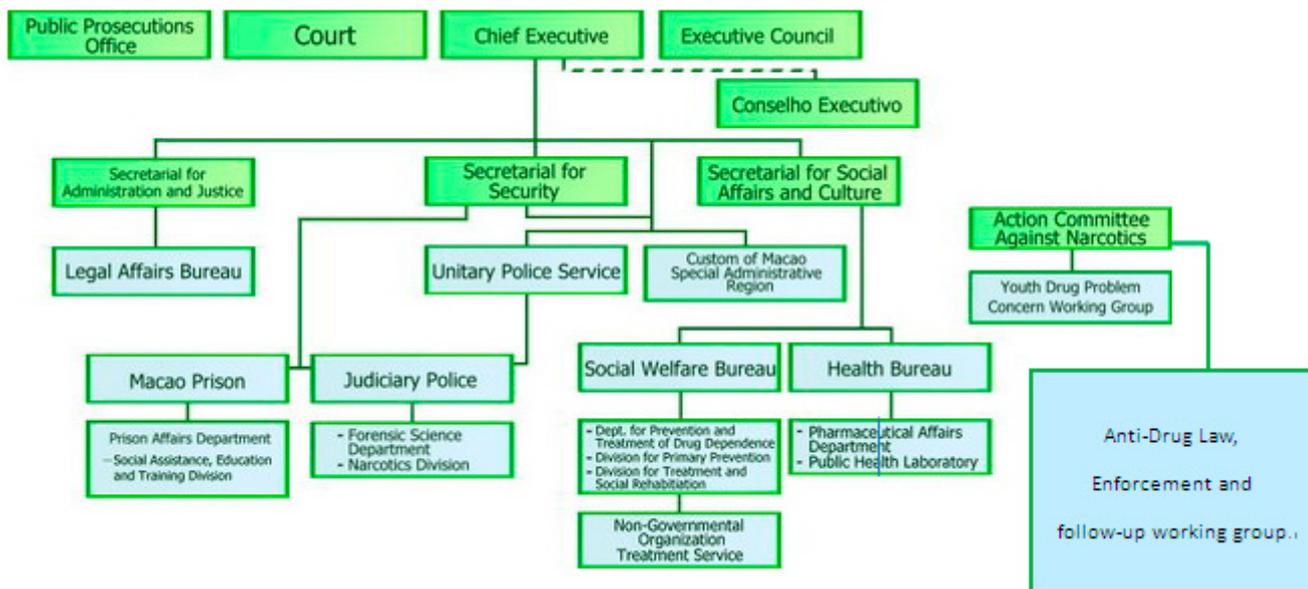
In order to consolidate the anti-drug education in the school system, in 2011 the IAS allocated more resources to develop the cancer prevention and drug treatment for high-risk youth. Plans to launch new sets of teaching materials for schools, expand the scope of education to parents, increase training on anti-drug education specialist staff, add new functions to the electronic platform of the main anti-drug on the internet, create teams of volunteers combating drugs and encourage all those working in the sector of assistance to organize themselves to become more active in drug prevention. It also held large anti-drug activities to raise public awareness for the fight against drugs.

Regarding the values of drug abuse in 2011, are very similar to the previous year. The most significant differences are: age (declared drug users) that tends to rise, with an average of 31.9 years in 2010 to 34.1 years in 2011. There are 110 young drug abusers aged below 21, representing a total of 17.4%. Compared with 35.3% and 25.9% in 2009 and 2010, it can be said that there has been a steady decrease in young drug users. As revealed by two studies conducted by the University of Macau and the Office of Social Services Coordinator Sheng Kung Hui Macau, commissioned by the SWB, the abuse of drug use among adolescents of school age fell from 2.1% in 2006 to 1.3%, whereas for the young offenders increased from 23.6 to 20.8% in 2006.

Although there has been a downward trend in young addict population in general, there was however, a 0.3% increase in students (primary high), 0.6% to 0.9%. Actions to tackle drugs cannot, therefore, slow down. The results of recent studies show that juvenile drug abuse is no longer a mere fun that happens on feast days. The severity of excessive consumption of drugs has reached a level that can be considered moderate. According to the opinions of experts, to stop these young people consuming drugs, need treatment (outpatient) and intensive professional. As it is expected that there will be increased demand for drug treatment and juvenile counseling and psychological support, relevant departments of drug

control has to prepare for this possible outbreak.

In response to the new trend in youth drug abuse, the "Working Group for Monitoring Drug Problems of Youth" Custom Committee on Drugs, has compiled the report of a study of juvenile drug abuse and released project "Detox Tips" to provide juvenile offenders and their families updated information on drug treatment and encourage them to seek help. To ensure the effective implementation of drug treatment in a state of suspended sentence, as stipulated by the new drug law, the Commission established a "Working Group on Implementation and Monitoring of the New Law on Drugs," which consists of 16 members, representatives of various government departments and private institutions. It is expected that the Group can review and coordinate the implementation of the drug control law and implement measures that can issue opinions favorable to optimization. The Commission is concerned about the treatment of young offenders under probation drug addicts, the workflow for adding new types of drugs on the controlled substances list, and create measures to effectively prevent that Macau will become a "hub" of international transport for trafficking in illegal drugs, since the penalties for drug offenses in Macau are less severe compared with neighboring regions.



(2) Drug Situation in Macau

Regarding the drug situation in Macao in 2011, the number of illicit affairs, with opening of a police investigation, was slightly lower than 2010, while the number of cases brought to court has suffered a sharp increase. The amount of psychotropic substances was withdrawn slightly less than 2010, while the amount of ketamine seized during considerably lowered. The amount of pseudoephedrine grasped for the first time in 2011 were high.

The situation of illicit drug trafficking in Macau is constantly changing and tend to become increasingly regionalized and internationalized. Police need to constantly enhance its exchange of information with countries around the world, particularly with drug-producing countries. Furthermore, using the mechanism of direct communication longtime established between Macau, Zhuhai and Hong Kong, the police traced the flow of capital gains from the drug trade and communication methods involved and was able to identify the head of the drug cartels and source supply of drugs.

In addition to intensifying the investigation of drug offenses, it is necessary to obtain the cooperation of various government agencies, NGOs and schools to be able to perform all types of promoting drug prevention campaigns and to transmit positive values to young people about life and knowledge about drugs as a way to eradicate the harm that drugs can cause to young people and society.

In 2011, the Complex Support for Addicts followed a total of 478 addicts who sought support for detoxification, registering an increase of 6.5% compared to 447 of 2010, of which 104 have requested support for the first time, representing 21.8% of all cases of drug treatment. From 2009 until the end of 2011, a cumulative of 1,566 people registered on the Service Outpatient Complex. In 2011, 663 people reported being drug users in the "Central Registration System for Drug Abusers of Macau".

The table below is a testimony comprehensive recording and analysis of narcotics and drug abuse, with data collected by relief units in control and drug abuse in the past 5 years.

According to statistics from the Ministry of Public

SAR relating to drug cases, total cases of open police investigation, from 2007 until 2011, was of 1,292, while the number of crimes accused was 1,121. In 2011 the number of cases of drug Initiated cop was 297, representing a reduction of 1.33% compared with 301 cases in 2010, while the number of crimes has been accused of 283, corresponding to a ED25 increase of 2% compared with 226 cases in 2010.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Total
processes sued	157	263	274	301	297	1,292
processes accused	147	207	258	226	283	1,121

The Customs Service statistics about the data concerning drugs seized in various border posts, show that in 2010 was seized a total of 175.5 tablets of psychotropic drugs and in 2011 was 197 tablets, representing a slight increase over the year above. In 2010 were seized 467.42 grams of ketamine were seized in 2011e 147.61 g, ie, a significant decrease in 2011.

As for cannabis (5.02 g) was slightly increased, whereas as regards the hash buttons or marijuana (cannabis) no seizure in 2011. In 2011, were also captured 5229.82 grams of heroin, a slight decrease compared to last year. Were seized 4.88 grams of cocaine, a slight increase compared to 3.96 grams in 2010. We have not seized any doses of codeine, methamphetamine (ice), MDMA (ecstasy) and diazepam in 2011. But first, pseudoephedrine was withdrawn in 2011, a total of 77,908 tablets.

Types and quantities of drugs seized by the Customs Service of Macau in last 5 years

Type of Drugs	unit	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Cannabis	gram	1.20	36.96	32.98	2.06	5.02
Botões de marijuana (cannabis)	gram	-	-	-	4.49	-
Haxixe	gram	-	-	15.58	-	-
Heroína	gram	644.3	2,014.34	0.94	5,781.34	5,229.82
Cocaína	gram	0.50	-	-	3.96	4.88
Quetamina	gram	272.61	645.71	332.76	467.42	147.61
MDMA (Ecstasy)	tablet	97.00	-	-	-	-
	gram	-	-	-	-	-
Diazepam	tablet	101.00	-	-	-	-
	gram	-	-	-	-	-
Metanfetamina (Ice)	tablet	95.00	-	-	-	-
	gram	3.25	3.43	-	-	-
Pseudoefedrina	tablet	-	-	-	-	77,908
MDA	tablet	-	5.00	-	-	-
MDMA	tablet	-	108.00	2.00	-	-
	gram	-	0.90	-	-	-
Midazolam	tablet	-	49.50	9.00	-	-
Nimetazepam	tablet	-	121.50	42.00	-	-
2C-B	tablet	-	1.00	-	-	-
Nimetazepam	tablet	-	-	19.00	74.50	4.00
Clonazepam	tablet	-	-	-	51.00	-
Lorazepam	tablet	-	-	-	-	10.00
Alprazolam	tablet	-	-	1.00	-	-
Estazolam	tablet	-	-	-	-	4.00
Alprazolam	tablet	-	-	-	-	36.00
Midazolam	tablet	-	-	-	50.00	93.00
Metanfetamina	gram	-	-	4.38	29.97	2.85
	tablet	-	2.00	9.00	-	50.00
Codeína	milliliter	-	3,800.00	-	1,280.00	-
	gram	-	2,133.00	-	814.65	-

Among the types of drugs confiscated in recent years by the Judicial Police, continued to be the main heroin, methamphetamine (Ice), ketamine (commonly known as "K"), marijuana, cocaine, nimetazepam (erimin 5) and Midazolam (commonly known by "blue smurf." in 2010, 12,111 grams of heroin confiscated, registering a decrease compared to 17,009 ounces in the previous year. Meanwhile, 262 suspects were arrested drug related, of which 112 were suspected of selling and 147 were suspected of consumption, respectively representing a decrease of 13% and 13.5% respectively when compared with the 302 probable and 170 suspected consumers, the 2009 figures indicate. (the details of the situation of the seizure of drugs and the analysis of data in question can be found in the report of the Judicial Police).

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total number of cases	349	388	434	447	478
No. of new cases	57	86	89	80	104

Statistics of cases of application support for detoxification in the last 5 years by the Complex Support Drug of SWB

Thanks to undertake a series of actions in recent years, including most importantly the continuous promotion of the Program Methadone Maintenance Treatment, creating extensive service centers for detoxification by private institutions and the various types of medical treatments for detoxification of drug, it was found efficiency with good results. A sharp decline in the infection rate of infectious diseases resulted in effective management of HIV / AIDS and its spread among drug users. The infection rate has been relatively low over the past 2 years. The introduction of appropriate measures in different aspects seeks halt the spread of the HIV virus in the population of addicts.

Statistics of cases of HIV / AIDS in Macau in the last 5 years

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
HIV	21	22	17	22	21
AIDS	5	2	2	5	4
HIV infection by needle sharing	1	3	3	3	4
AIDS infection by needle sharing	1	1	0	0	1

II. The Narcotics Control Committee



II. The Narcotics Control Committee

In 2011, the Committee on Drugs has implemented a policy of drug control and contributed with valid opinions and recommendations to the global effort to control drugs in Macau, as the functions assigned to it. Within the Commission has created a new special action group, the "Working Group on Implementation and Monitoring of the New Law on Drugs," to analyze and coordinate the implementation of the law and drug control measures and thus contribute effectively to their optimization.

The Commission held two plenary sessions and a visit abroad, and the "Working Group for Monitoring Drug Problems of Youth" under the Commission held five meetings and has made two visits abroad. As for the "Working Group on Implementation and Monitoring of the New Law on Drugs" has convened the first meetings. Here are the details:



1. Plenary

(1) The first plenary session was held on 11 May and conducted by Vice President of the Commission, Iong Kuong Io, President of SWB. Plans were presented and the current situation of the Committee on Drugs, the work of prevention and control of drug and important data concerning drug-related crimes in Macau as well as the work of the "Working Group for Monitoring the Problem of drugs of Youth ", the 2010 data of " Central Registration System of drug Abusers of Macao ", progress in the Treatment Centre, Drug Health Center of the "Areia Preta" situation and the creation of the " Working Group on Implementation and Monitoring New Law on Drugs.

(2) The second plenary session was held on 17 November and led by Vice President of the Commission, Iong Kuong Io, president of SWB. Were presented: the current state of work of the Committee on Drugs, the work reports of the "Working Group for Monitoring Drug Problems of Youth" and "Working Group Implementation and Monitoring of the New Law on Drugs" , data from "System Central Register of drug Abusers of Macau" for the 1st half of 2011 and the findings of two investigations into drug-aged youth, the situation of the promotion of harm reduction and treatment program with methadone, suggestions on drug control policy by other members of the plan and the work of the SWB in 2012.



2. Working Group for Monitoring of Youth Drug Problem

Is composed of 15 members, mostly members of the Committee of Drugs or their representatives. Three members are invited personalities. The Group held four meetings during 2011 (15 February, 17 May, 6 September and 23 November) and made two visits abroad. The first was the visit to Macau Public Prosecutor on 24 February having the prosecutor, Ho Chiu Meng, personally received the delegation. There were debates and there was an exchange of views on incentive measures designed to encourage young offenders to undergo drug addicts to treatment with medication. The second visit took place on November 4 at 'Playground' Association of Hong Kong to exchange ideas and study local services for prevention and treatment of excessive consumption of drugs by young people, where references were obtained successfully. The Group had two major projects to display:

1. Study on Youth Addiction Severity

An expert team composed of one member from each of the three associations of the Group and which is also part of the SWB, was responsible for the study and had completed the report. According to the 2010-2011 study, the results showed that the severity of drug abuse among young drug users was moderate (mean score = 6.31) and that these young people needed intensive outpatient to achieve efficacy in detoxification. The study had a sample of 95 young addicts and their conclusions were drawn from analysis of the data obtained.

This study served to address the inadequacy in this "Central Registration System for Drug Abusers of Macao" and leads to a better understanding of the current level of drug use by minors and thus enables a comprehensive assessment of drug abuse in juvenile age followed by the formulation of measures to fight.

This assessment tool will be presented to the entities participating in the "Central Registration System for Drug Abusers of Macao", during the next year in order to increase the number of targets and

allow study reflect more deeply on the state's general drug abuse on the part of the younger ones in Macau.

2. "Tips for Detoxification"

The project "Detox Tips" is intended for young consumers and high-risk families. Promotional material, souvenirs and guidelines help SMS is fully completed and ready for use. When teams front line come in contact with these young consumers, distributing advertising material or souvenirs for them and parents are informed timely about the channels and methods help. Members of the associations of the Group of SWB Commission and are responsible for the project and its implementation, which, in principle, will be released in 2012, after years of painstaking preparation. So, it will invite the Prosecutor, the Judicial Police and Security Forces of Macau to help in the distribution of such material for publication.

3. Working Group on Implementation and Monitoring of New Drug Law

The foundation of the Group was officially recognized by the Secretary for Social Affairs and Culture on 7 October 2011. Its aim is to ensure the effective implementation of the various measures for the new drug law (Law No. 17/2009) and strengthen collaboration and interdepartmental coordination. The group consists of 16 members, including members of the Committee of Drugs or they sent representatives and other invited guests. He called up the 1st meeting, on 10 November to establish work plans for 2012, with the following main tasks: (1) studies to optimize drug treatment in individuals in situations of suspended sentence, (2) clearly define the pace of work to include new types of drugs on the list of controlled substances, (3) put on the table the concern that the penalties for drug offenses in Macau are less severe compared with neighboring regions and conduct studies to establish preventive measures that prevent Macau becomes a central network of illicit international drug.

4. Study visits and exchange of ideas abroad

In 2011, the Committee on Drugs was to Taiwan to exchange ideas and make contact with the works of Drugs in Taiwan and also participated in the "Conference on Drug Prevention in China, Hong Kong and Macau 2011", held in Hong Kong. The Commission traveled to Taiwan on May 22 where he attended the "1st Asia-Pacific Conference on Substance Abuse, Prevention and Treatment." With this visit the Commission further their knowledge on the fight against drugs in Taiwan and established the foundation for future participation and collaboration in drug control. The Commission has also developed a platform for cooperation between China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau for the future work of drugs in these regions

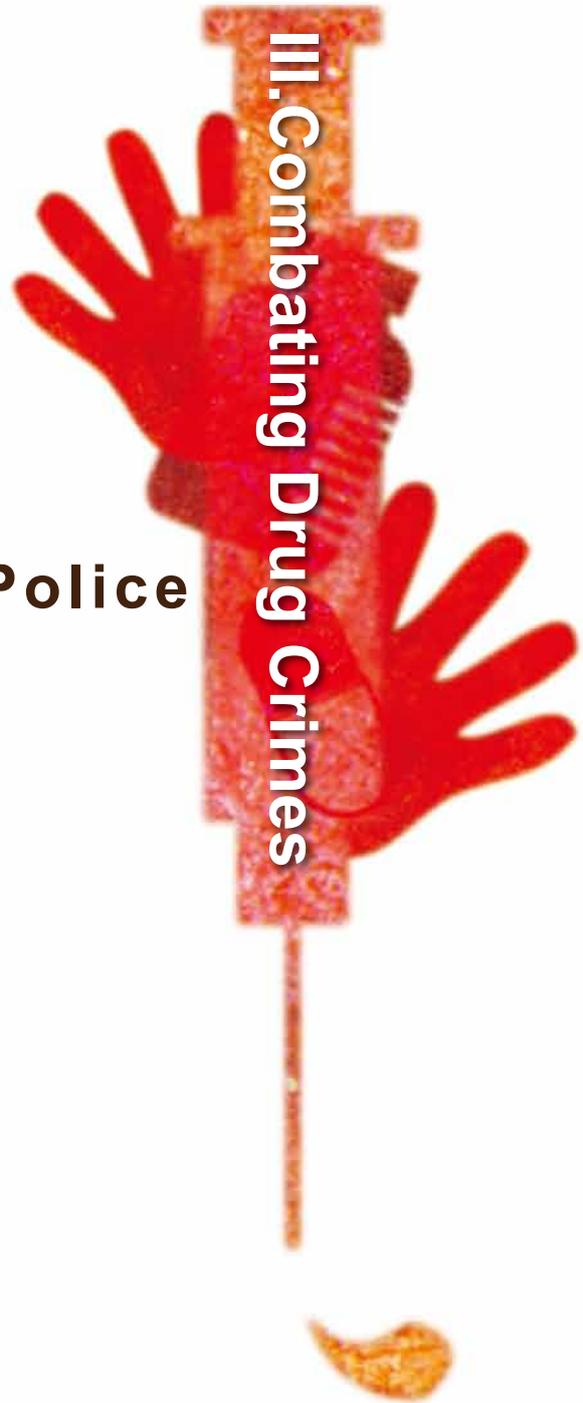


The Commission on 19 September traveled to Hong Kong to attend the "Conference on Drug Prevention in China, Hong Kong and Macau 2011". The Commission had the opportunity to learn, in more depth, the work control and drug prevention in other regions participants and obtained valuable information from these regions, timely development and planning control drug in Macau.



III. Combating Drug Crimes

Judiciary Police



Judiciary Police

According to the stipulation of Paragraph 2 of Article 7 of Macao SAR Law No. 5/2006, the Judiciary Police have the exclusive authority to investigate the trafficking of narcotics and psychotropic substances. In order to prevent and combat drug-related crimes, the Judiciary Police established the Narcotics Division under the supervision of the Criminal Investigation Department. The Narcotics Division is specifically responsible for the investigation of drug crimes stipulated in Law No. 17/2009 《Prohibition of illegal production, trafficking and consumption of narcotics and psychotropic pharmaceuticals》.

As we all know, drug crimes are different from other traditional crimes. General crimes are always from case to person, drug crimes, however, are from object to person, and then from person to case. Hence, Law No. 17/2009 《Prohibition of illegal production, trafficking and consumption of narcotics and psychotropic pharmaceuticals》 stipulates not only the charges of various drug crimes, but also investigative methods which are different from the Criminal Procedure Code. Article 31 and 32 of the same Law allow for criminal investigators to conduct “undercover operations” and take the initiative to lure out targets in compliance with the Law, for the sake of combating such crimes stipulated in the Law, in the hope of combating the increasingly covert drug trafficking activities in a timely manner, and minimizing the impact on the public caused by the infiltration of drugs into the market. Besides, drug crime has become a global problem, and no country or region can stay clear of it. In order to facilitate conditions favorable towards international cooperation related to the combat of drug crimes, Item 2, Paragraph 2 of Article 30 of the same Law stipulates that with a guarantee from the competent authorities of the countries/regions of origin and countries/regions of transit regarding the safety of the narcotics and psychotropic pharmaceuticals, and that there is no risk of people escape or loss of narcotics and psychotropic pharmaceuticals, more participants and distributors of such trafficking activities could be identified and prosecuted subsequently, so as to combat the heartland of international drug trafficking syndicates.

Narcotics Division

As the unit with the specific duty to investigate drug crimes, the Narcotics Division also participates in the legislative work in combating drug crimes. In 2009, Hong Kong recorded the first encounter of the emerging drug “piperazine”. The Police had later seized derivatives of piperazine in various operations, which showed that there was a trend of abuse. On the other hand, in June 2010, the Hong Kong Police seized emerging drugs such as synthetic cannabinoids and cathinone respectively, and therefore, suggested to impose legislative control on the above three emerging drugs. On April 1st, 2011, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed the legislation that listed the aforementioned three emerging drugs as controlled dangerous drugs.

Since Hong Kong and Macao have the same social and cultural background, the Judiciary Police, referring to the situation that the Hong Kong Government imposed a legislation governing the above three emerging drugs, also suggested to set up a legislation to include the above three drugs in the list of controlled drugs attached to Article 4 of Macao Law No. 17/2009 on Dec 2nd, 2010.

It is worth mentioning that in order to prevent drug traffickers from evading the control of the police by changing the elements of the abovementioned drugs, this proposed legislation was urged to control the original substances of the drugs in accordance with international experience, instead of simply controlling the elements of such drugs as in the past.

On the other hand, despite shortage of human resources, all officers of the Narcotics Division carried out their tasks dutifully. The total quantity of drugs seized last year was more compared with the previous years. The concrete enforcement work was as follows:

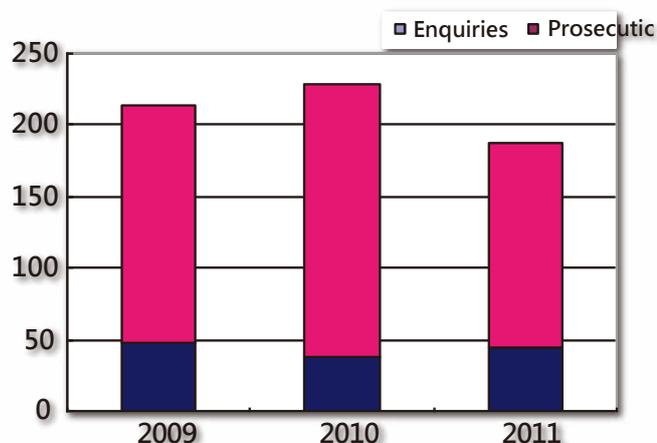
Law Enforcement Situations

In 2011, the Narcotics Division received a total of 927 cases of drug-related crimes, which included 45 enquiries and 143 prosecutions (chart 1), 154 preliminary investigations (chart 2), and 585 requested investigations (chart 3). There was an increase in various types of cases compared with 2010. Together with the 262 cases transferred from

2010, the Narcotics Division handled a total of 1189 cases of drug-related crimes and completed the investigation of 945 cases in 2011, a completion rate of 79%.

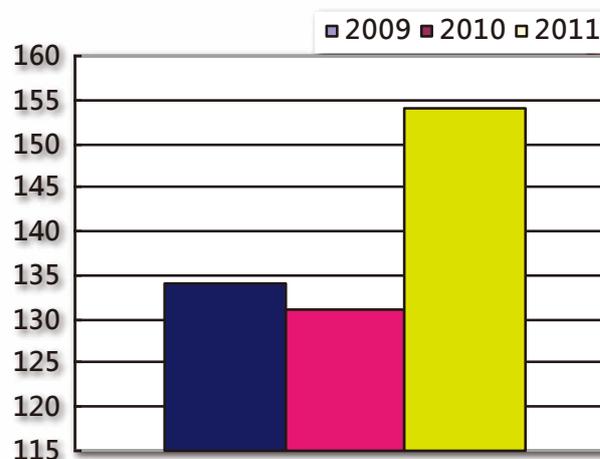
	2009	2010	2011
Enquiries	48	38	45
Prosecutions	166	191	143
Total	214	229	188

(Chart 1)



Preliminary Investigations (Cases)		
Year	Received	Completed
2009	134	103
2010	131	105
2011	154	199

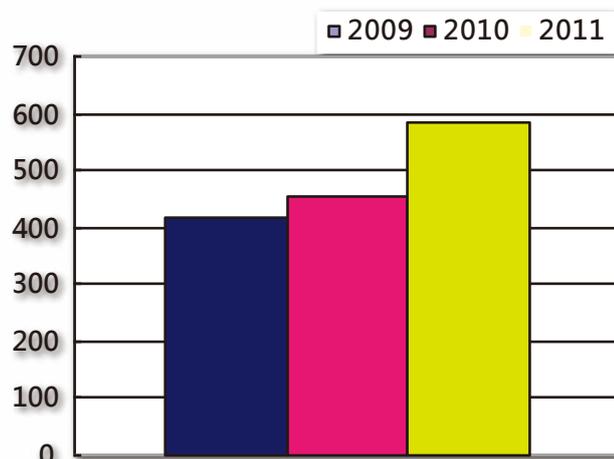
(Chart 2)



No. of preliminary investigation cases received

Requested Investigations (Cases)		
Year	Received	Completed
2009	418	440
2010	452	426
2011	585	554

(Chart 3)



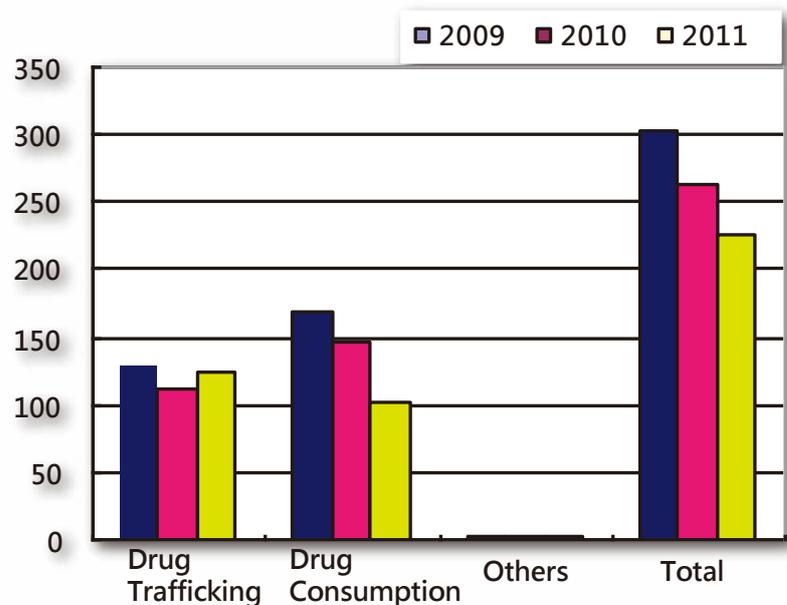
No. of requested investigation cases received

Number and nature of arrested persons

The Narcotics Division arrested a total of 227 suspects in 2011, of which 123 persons were arrested for drug trafficking, 102 persons were arrested for drug consumption, and 2 persons were arrested for other offences. Although the total number of arrests in 2011 was less than those in the previous years, the number of arrests for drug trafficking increased, while the number of arrests for drug consumption significantly dropped by 45 persons. This is mainly because the strategy adopted last year was to “crack down as soon as it emerges”, minimizing the danger to the society caused by the infiltration of drugs into the market (chart 4).

Arrested Suspects / Nature (Persons)				
Year	Drug Trafficking	Drug Consumption	Others	Total
2009	130	170	2	302
2010	112	147	3	262
2011	123	102	2	227

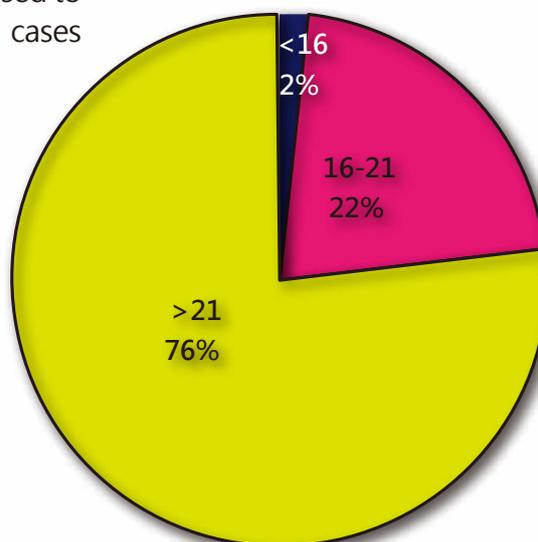
(Chart 4)



Among the 227 persons, 174 of them were above the age of 21, 49 of them aged between 16 and 21, and 4 of them were below the age of 16 and were thus passed to the competent judicial authorities for educational cases (chart 5).

Arrested Suspects / Passed to Judicial Authorities (Persons)	
<16	4
16-21	49
>21	174

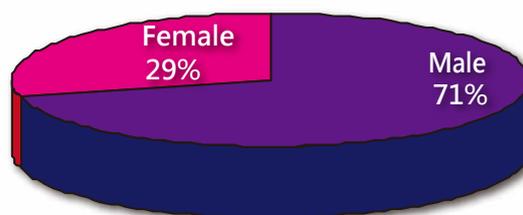
(Chart 5)



According to information, the number of youth suspects under the age of 21 was similar to that in 2010. To classify them by gender, 174 of them were male suspects, while 72 were female. The proportion of female suspects increased by 4% from last year (chart 6).

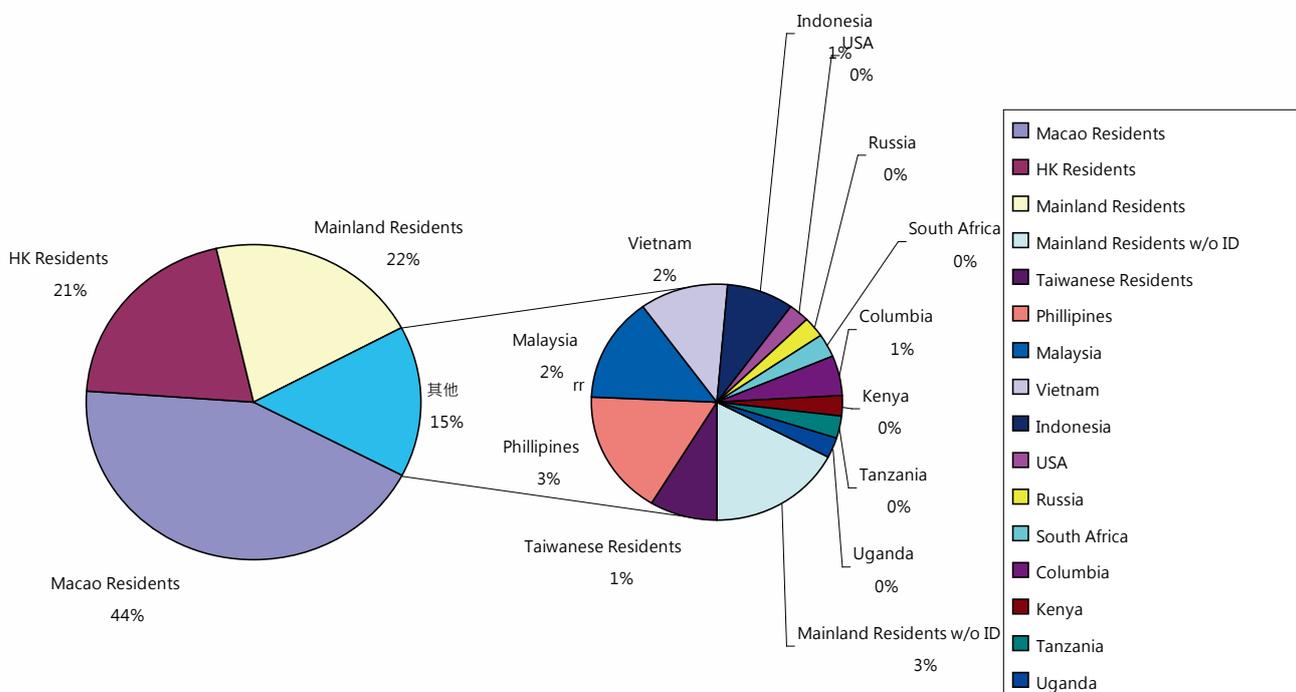
Arrested Suspects / Gender (Persons)	
Male	174
Female	72

(Chart 6)



As to the nationality of the arrested suspects, the majority was local Macao residents, which made 43% of the total number of arrested suspects. Next, 22% was mainland China residents and 20% Hong Kong residents. In addition, 6 persons came from the Philippines, 5 came from African countries, and 2 came from the South American country, Columbia (chart 7).

Chart 7 –Nationality of Arrested Persons (Drug Trafficking and Drug Consumption)



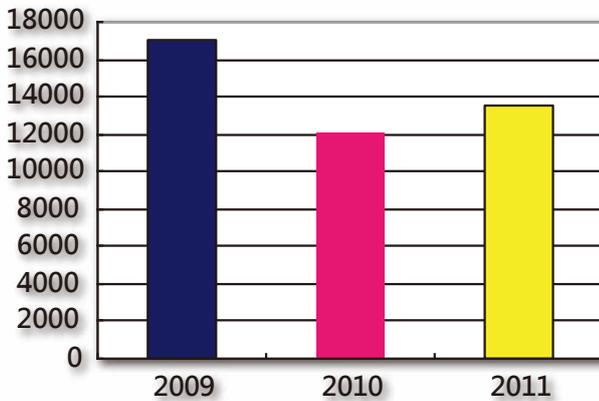
Arrested Suspects / Nationality (Persons)								
Macao Residents	Hong Kong Residents	Mainland Residents	Mainland Residents w/o ID	Taiwanese Residents	Philippines	Malaysia	Vietnam	Total
98	46	47	6	3	6	5	4	227
Indonesia	USA	Russia	South Africa	Columbia	Kenya	Tanzania	Uganda	
3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	

In drug crimes cracked in 2011, a large quantity of drugs was seized, including 13,473 grams of heroin (chart 8), 195 grams of methamphetamine (commonly known as "ice") (chart 9), 997 grams of ketamine (commonly known as "vitamin K") (chart 10), 40 grams of marijuana (chart 11) and 5,565 grams of cocaine (chart 12). In addition, 1,132 pieces of pill-like drugs were seized, of which the more outstanding ones were nimetazepam (commonly known as "Erimin 5") 356 pieces, midazolam 198 pieces, and methamphetamine 276 pieces.

According to the figures, there was a considerable increase in the seizure of cocaine. Apart from the cocaine seized at the Macao International Airport, 426 grams of cocaine was seized in the local market, a notable 3-fold increase from the quantity seized last year, showing that the drug had gained popularity. The seizure of ketamine, on the contrary, dropped significantly compared with previous years; however, it was still prevalent amongst the youth.

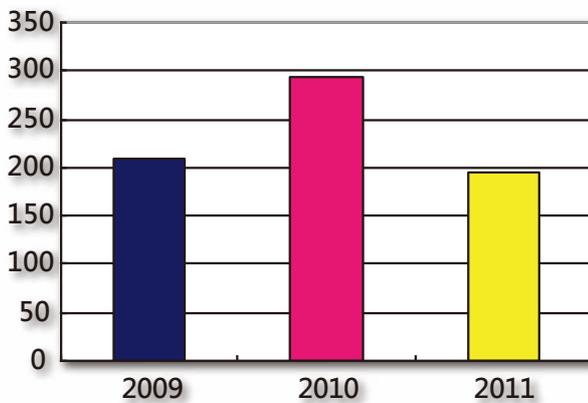
Heroin seized (grams)	
2009	17009
2010	12111
2011	13473

(Chart 8)



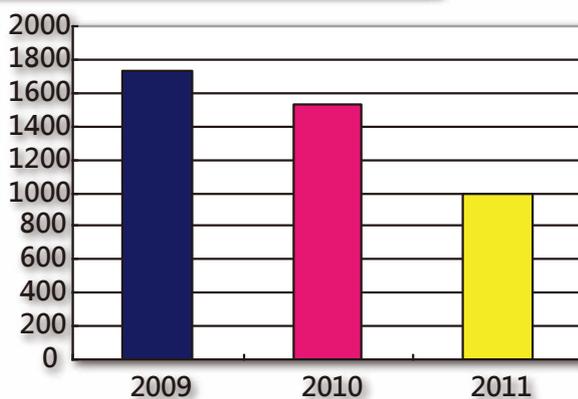
Ketamine seized (grams)	
2009	209
2010	294
2011	195

(Chart 9)



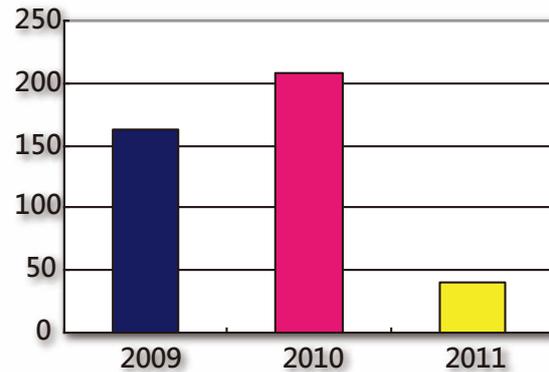
Cocaine seized (grams)	
2009	1731
2010	1532
2011	997

(Chart 10)



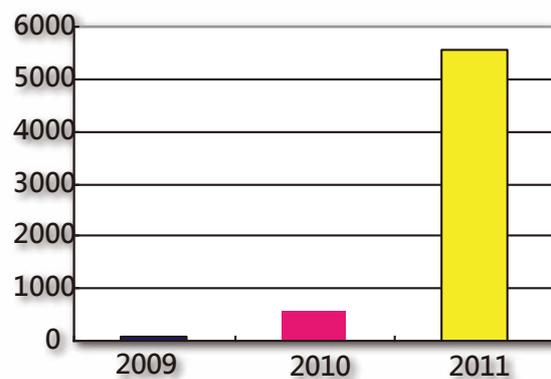
Methamphetamine seized (grams)	
2009	162
2010	208
2011	40

(Chart 11)



Marijuana seized (grams)	
2009	63
2010	553
2011	5565

(Chart 12)



Besides drugs, the Narcotics Division seized around 750,000 patacas in drug trafficking cases in 2011, an increase by 50% from 2010 and a significant 3-fold increase compared with 2009.

Situation Analysis of Drug Crimes in 2011

In order to facilitate the combat and interception of bodily concealment of drugs, the Judiciary Police purchased an X-ray body scanner and installed it in the office located at the immigration lobby of the Macao International Airport, so as to effectively and efficiently detect suspicious persons. In September 2011, during the trial operation of the scanner, a case of bodily concealment of heroin was successfully cracked. Within the first month after the machine was officially in operation, two more “drug couriers” were detected successively. Thus, the X-ray scanner has a certain level of contribution to the investigation of cross-border drug trafficking cases.

In June 2011, the Narcotics Division cracked the largest case of cocaine trafficking in record, which was also the first time a cross-border drug trafficking case led by a South American drug trafficking syndicate was cracked. In the operation, 4 kilograms of cocaine were seized, and two persons of Columbian nationality were arrested. The drug trafficking syndicate that trafficked drugs to Macao was from a country outside west Africa, which shows that international drug trafficking syndicates have taken advantage of Macao as a transit point to traffic drugs to Hong Kong and mainland China.

In July 2011, an airport security personnel used the X-ray machine to scan two cans of milk powder carried by a Japanese couple who were about to depart Macao, and discovered that the milk powder inside the cans was changed to a crystalline substance. The crystalline substance was confirmed as methamphetamine (commonly known as “ice”), which weighed 1.5 kilograms and 0.8 kilograms respectively.

Besides, in December 2011, a mainland Chinese man, who flew from Bangladesh to Hong Kong and took an airport express ferry to Macao, was intercepted at the Macao Outer Harbour Ferry Terminal. 46.2 kilograms of suspicious pills were found in his luggage. After examination, it was confirmed that the pills contained raw material pseudoephedrine, which could be used to produce “ice” .

In early March 2012, the Judiciary Police arrested a Taiwanese man who just flew from Thailand to Macao and was about to change flight to Taiwan with some 500 grams of heroin smuggled from Thailand. It was believed that the drug syndicate chose such a circuitous route to evade the local police’ s surveillance on flights from sensitive places.

On the other hand, the quantity of cocaine seized in Macao soared year by year. The quantity of cocaine seized locally in 2011 soared three times compared with that in the previous year. This shows that cocaine is no longer a noble drug, but has become prevalent amongst drug users.

Due to the liaison and interaction among unruly elements from China, Hong Kong and Macao, cocaine (which has been prevalent in Hong Kong for a long time) was introduced to Macao and had gradually gained popularity amongst drug users. Since there is a market and there is a price, and the penalty for such crimes in Macao is relatively lenient compared with neighbouring regions, drug traffickers from Hong Kong are attracted to conduct such criminal activities in Macao. Among the arrested suspects in 2011, 21% came from Hong Kong, which made 46 persons. And Hong Kong drug traffickers always make use of young people and control them behind the scene through the phone or the internet in the process of drug trafficking activities. Since these drug trafficking activities spanned Zhuhai, Hong Kong and Macao, and there is a certain level of difficulties in collecting evidence from communication means such as the internet, this has imposed increased difficulties for police investigations.

Facing the ever-changing trend of drug trafficking in Macao, and the tendency of such activities becoming international or regional, there is a need for the police to strengthen their exchange of intelligence with different countries, especially countries of origin of drugs. At the same time, Macao should fully utilize the previously established direct contact mechanism with neighbouring regions such as Zhuhai and Hong Kong, trace the capital flow of drug traffickers and their communication means, and discern the kingpins of drug trafficking syndicates and their source of drug supply.

Apart from strengthening the investigation work of drug crimes, the police should also coordinate with different government entities, civil associations and schools in various drug prevention campaigns, infuse young people with the correct life values and drug knowledge, so as to uproot the bane that drugs caused to the community and young people.

Exchanges and Training

In 2011, the Narcotics Division had actively engaged in various operative and coordinative conferences and seminars related to drug combat, such as attending the "28th International Drug Enforcement Conference" held in Mexico, and the "21st Anti-drug Liaison Officials' Meeting for International Cooperation" held in Jeju, Korea. Through attending these international conferences, the liaison between Macao and drug enforcement entities of different countries was enhanced. The conferences also provided an opportunity for various drug enforcement entities to exchange experiences and intelligence.

Besides, to improve the techniques and law enforcement efficiency of officers of Narcotics Division, they were regularly sent abroad to participate in various training courses, such as "Planning and Safety Strategy Course" and "Narcotics Investigation Course" held by the International Law Enforcement Academy of Bangkok, Thailand, as well as "Drug Enforcement Commander Course" held by the Hong Kong Police College.

Prospects

In 2012, the work policy of the Narcotics Division is mainly divided into two aspects: international and local. First of all, in order to prevent Macao from being a drug "transit point", besides enhancing intelligence exchange among different jurisdictions, cooperation among various drug enforcement units should also be strengthened, in particular, Guangdong, Hong Kong and Macao should set up a joint operation mechanism. When there is a condition for controlled delivery of drugs, this mechanism should immediately be activated, sufficient police resources should be deployed as planned, and relevant joint operations should be carried out on the premise that the safety of the drugs is guaranteed, the risk of the suspect escape and loss of drugs is eliminated, for the purpose of ascertaining the route or the source of drugs.

Locally, investigators should expand their intelligence network, enhance the collection of drug trafficking intelligence, and utilize various investigation means bestowed upon them by law, to ensure that they have adequate investigative capabilities to solve increasingly complicated drug crimes. Furthermore, the Division plans to introduce anti-drug knowledge to officers of other local law enforcement entities through seminars and educational means, as well as sharing local and international drug enforcement experiences, so as to enhance the integrated capabilities of law enforcement officers, and fight against drug crimes jointly.

Secondly, regarding the problem of drug taking of youths in the community and local areas, although the amount of drugs involved is not much, it still affects the normal lives of the residents directly. As a result, internally, the Narcotics Division will actively coordinate with the Crime Prevention Team for Residential Building and the Youth Concern Group, in the hope of creating a synergy effect, and promote resources sharing. When the concerned unit receives complaints about drug crimes, the unit should commence the relevant investigation immediately and assist residents to solve the drug problem which is bothering them, thereby build up a positive image of the Judiciary Police and the confidence of the residents, and consequently achieve a good police-community cooperation relationship. Externally, the Narcotics Division should reinforce the communication and cooperation with the government and civil associations, establish some long term strategies, and ultimately construct a drug free community.

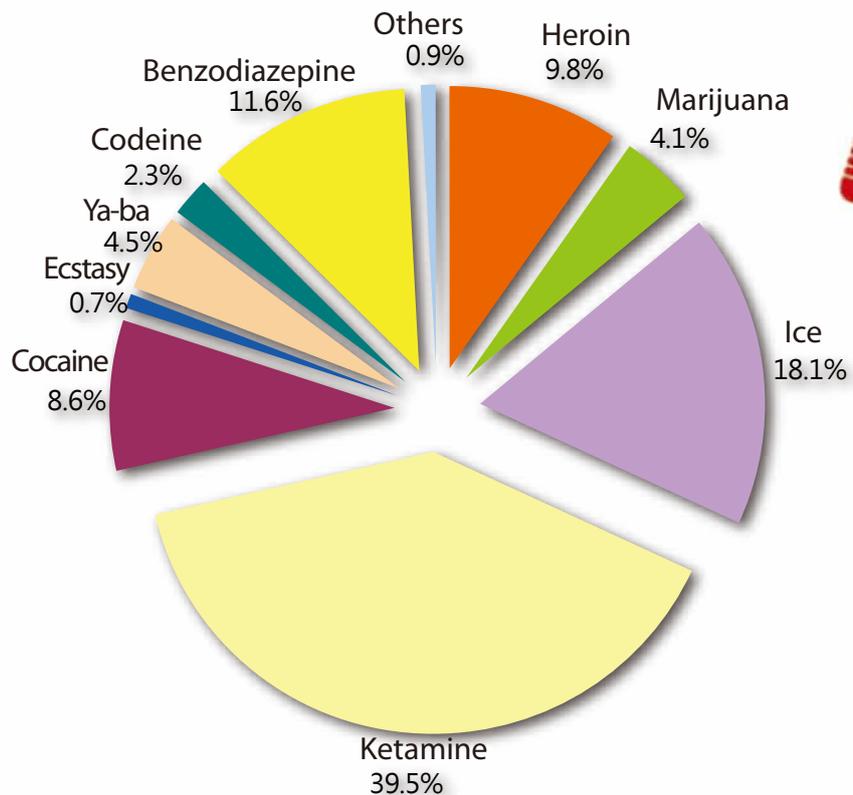
The Judiciary Police – Forensic Science Department

The Forensic Science Department is a technically independent department under the supervision of the Judiciary Police. Its main duties include: based on the authorization of investigating units, carrying out tests and collecting evidence at the crime scenes, providing forensic examination on material evidence, and offering criminalistic technical support and technical development. Forensic examination on drugs is one of the main tasks under the work of forensic examination on material evidence.

General situation on the examination of drugs and controlled pharmaceuticals in 2011

In 2011, the Forensic Science Department received a total of 563 cases submitted for examination, of which 179 cases required quantitative analysis, which accounted for about 32% of the total number of cases submitted for examination.

There was a decrease in various types of drug cases submitted for examination in 2011, of which, those with a more notable decrease rate included cases of sleep-inducing tranquilizer benzodiazepine, which dropped from 99 cases in 2010 to 51 cases in 2011; heroin cases dropped from 62 to 43 cases; a decrease rate of 49% and 31% respectively. Besides, cases of codeine, marijuana, and ya-ba dropped 38%, 15% and 13% from 2010 respectively. Throughout the year, only cocaine cases had gone up, with a total of 38 cases, up 15% from 33 cases in last year. The number of ketamine cases and that of ecstasy cases were close to those in the year before, which were 174 and 3 cases respectively.



6 cases of heroin packed in cylindrical pellets and trafficked by means of bodily concealment were received for examination. 408 pellets in total were sent for examination, with a total weight of 4.5 kilograms. The number of cases, pellets received and the total weight dropped by 67%, 36% and 26% respectively from 2010. Furthermore, the average purity of heroin fell from 60% in 2010 to about 40%. Apart from heroin, compositions such as caffeine and dextromethorphan were detected in the involved drugs.

In 2011, two cases of so-called "coffee powder" were received. Nimetazepam, nitrazepam and caffeine were detected in one case, and methamphetamine and caffeine were detected in the other. In addition, three cases of so-called "happy water" were received. Apart from controlled compositions such as MDMA, ketamine, methamphetamine, and nimetazepam, TFMPP, paracetamol and caffeine were also detected.

Regarding the purity of drugs, the purity of MDMA in ecstasy and methamphetamine in ya-ba from received cases were detected to be 34.7% - 70.8% and 11.7% - 20.0% respectively; the purity of ketamine in "K zai" powder from received cases was detected 2.0% - 91.7%; the purity of methamphetamine in crystalline "ice" examined was detected to be 56.2% - 97.8%; cocaine examined was 6.9% - 93.7%; heroin examined was 1.5% - 65.7%.



Various compositions such as MDMA, methamphetamine, ketamine, nimetazepam and TFMPP were detected in "happy water"



Tablets detected with TFMPP

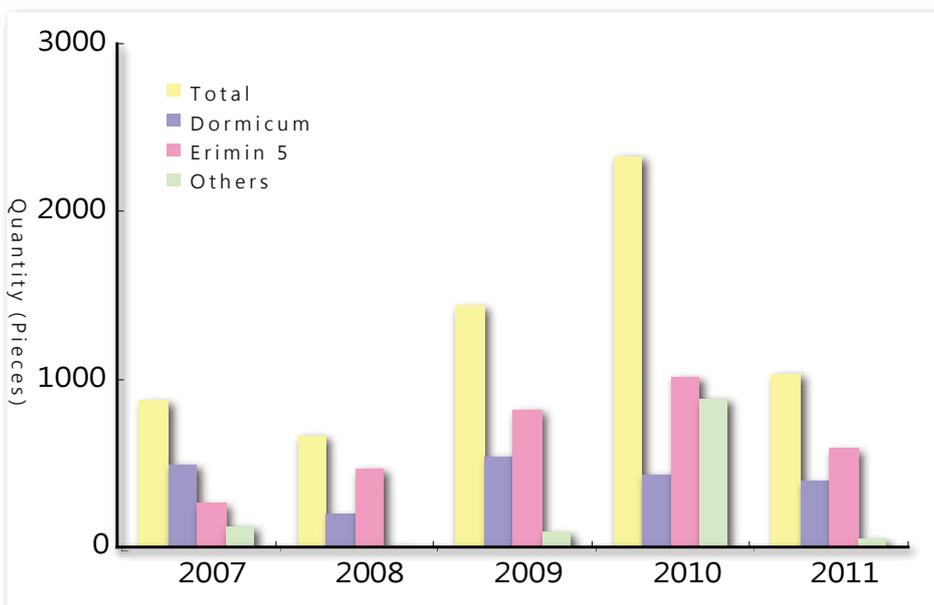
Situations of drugs and controlled pharmaceuticals sent for examination in the last five years

Between 2007 and 2011, cases of heroin, types of benzodiazepine, ketamine, "ice" and ya-ba had reduced after an increase; however, there was a continuous increase in cocaine cases and a continuous decrease in ecstasy cases. Comparing the figures of 2011 with those of 2007, among the nine comparable statistic items, ecstasy, heroin and types of benzodiazepine cases had decreased, while the other six items namely cocaine, ketamine, "ice", ya-ba, marijuana and codeine had increased, of which, the rise in cocaine cases was the most apparent, from 5 cases in 2007 surged to 38 cases in 2011, representing an almost 8-fold increase.

As to the quantity sent for examination, since there was an increase in the number of cases, the weight of cocaine, ketamine, "ice" examined soared accordingly, e.g., cocaine cases had soared from 7.6 grams in 2007 to 5.6 kilograms in 2011, ketamine cases from 849.6 grams up to 1.5 kilograms and methamphetamine from 212 grams up to 4.2 kilograms. This surge in weight was mainly due to individual cases with exceptional quantity sent for examination.

Since the first encounter of body-cavity concealment case of heroin in Macao in 2007, 3,480 cylindrical-packed pellets of heroin with a total weight 38 kilograms were sent for examination until 2011, representing 50% of total quantity of heroin examined in the recent 5 years. In addition, since the first case of body-cavity concealment of cocaine received in

2008, which methods of packing and concealment are similar to the heroin cases, 156 pellets was sent for examination until 2011, a total weight of 1.5 kilograms, representing one-fourth of the total quantity of cocaine in the recent 5 years.





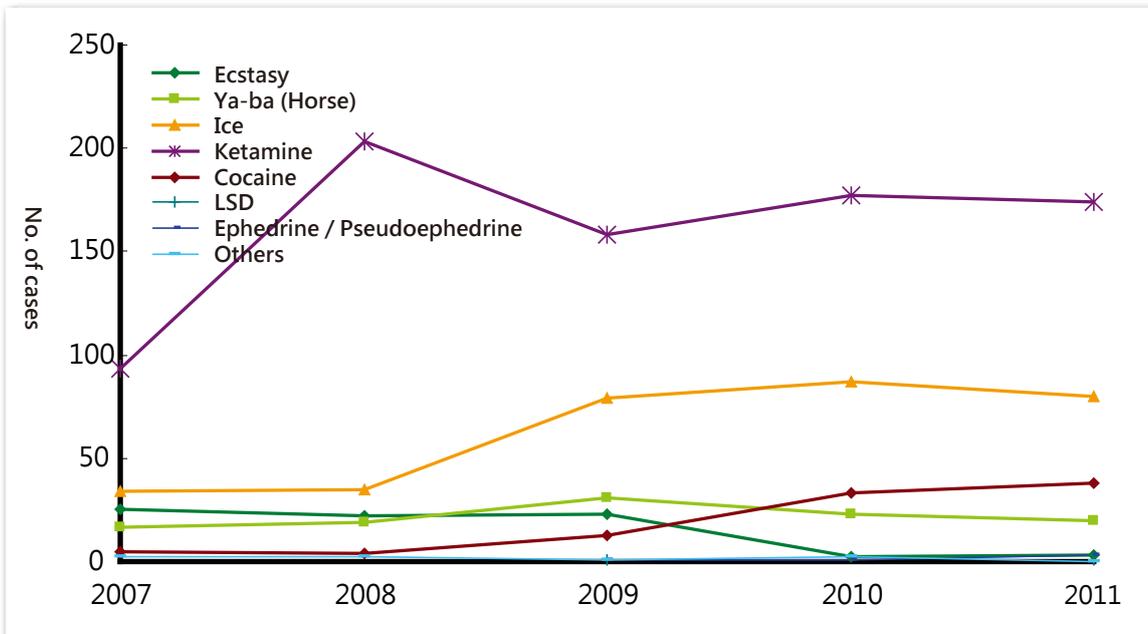
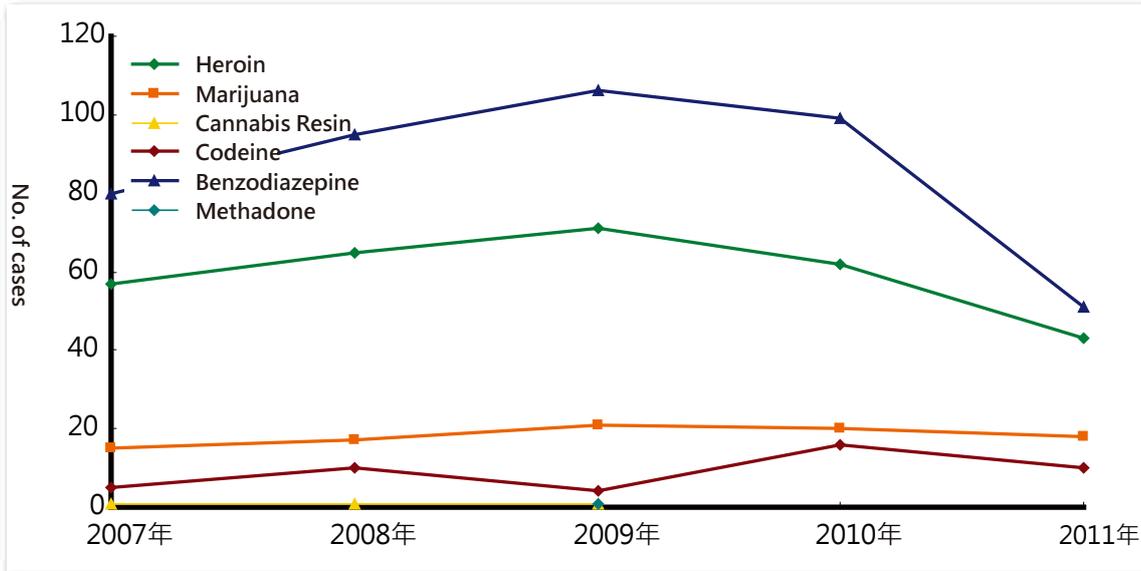
LSD blotters seized

As to the situation of new types of drugs, a hallucinogenic element 2C-B was added to the compositions of ecstasy in 2004, and it appeared as the single ingredient in ecstasy from 2007 until 2009. Since then until 2011, no more of such case was discovered. In addition, in 2010, a powder mixture so-called "coffee powder" which was like a drink powder and contained controlled substances emerged, and 4 cases had been received until 2011. The composition was mainly nimetazepam (commonly known as "Erimin 5"), but methamphetamine or ketamine was detected in certain cases. In 2011, 14 bottles of so-called "happy water" , 157 ml in total, were received. Each contained various controlled compositions and was packed in the form of oral solutions. Apart from controlled ingredients, an uncontrolled derivatives of piperazine, TFMPP, which has an effect of stimulation and hallucination, as well as BZP were also detected. TFMPP was also found in two cases in 2011. In these two cases, 234 pills were examined. The pills looked like ecstasy tablets but only TFMPP was detected in them.

Regarding types of benzodiazepine, the number of nimetazepam (commonly known as "Erimin 5") tablets had increased continuously from 264 tablets in 2007 to 1,016 tablets in 2010. Until 2011, it fell back to 588 tablets. "Erimin 5" accounted for more than half of the total quantity of types of benzodiazepine since 2008, the rest was mainly midazolam, commonly known as "Dormicum" .

Furthermore, since the LSD blotter cases discovered in 2009, a large quantity of blotters was seized in a case in 2011. In the case, 1500 pieces of LSD blotters were sent for examination.

Comparison of drug and controlled pharmaceutical cases sent for examination between 2007 and 2011



Drug cases sent for examination between 2007 and 2011 (cases)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Heroin	57	65	71	62	43
Marijuana	15	17	21	20	18
Cannabis Resin	1	1	1	0	0
Codeine	5	10	4	16	10
Types of Benzodiazepine	80	95	106	99	51
Methadone	0	0	1	0	0
Ecstasy	25	22	23	2	3
Ya-ba (Horse)	17	19	31	23	20
Ice	34	35	79	87	80
Ketamine	93	203	158	177	174
Cocaine	5	4	13	33	38
LSD	0	0	1	0	1
Ephedrine/Pseudoephedrine	0	0	1	1	3
Others	2	2	1	2	0

Quantity and weight of drugs sent for examination between 2007 and 2011

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Heroin (grams)	7924.84	20605.44	20466.77	12571.74	13464.04
Marijuana (grams)	219.58	237.59	125.73	241.08	183.69
Cannabis Resin (grams)	3.04	2.25	15.34	0	0
Codeine (bottles)	10	19	7	16	12
Types of Benzodiazepine (pieces)	872.5	664.5	1439.5	2332	1031.5
Methadone (pieces)	0	0	21	0	0
Ecstasy (pieces)	297	230	400.5	13	16
Ya-ba (Horse) (pieces)	1636.5	552	958	759	333.5
Ice (pieces)	212.92	5422.45	400.13	439.39	4261.08
Ketamine (pieces)	849.65	3784.19	2239.06	2158.91	1500.21
Cocaine (grams)	7.67	55.96	56.61	591.16	5606.36
LSD (pieces)	0	0	32	0	1500
Ephedrine/Pseudoephedrine (pieces)	0	0	38	21	76508
Others (pieces)	14.5	18	38	27	0

Future Perspective

Apart from providing qualitative and quantitative analysis of drugs for criminal investigative units, the Forensic Science Department has also been paying close attention to the collection of all kinds of relevant information to improve the forensic examination technology and promote its development, use technology to strengthen the police force, as well as keeping up exchanges and cooperation with the relevant authorities and experts within and outside the country, so as to provide competent technical support to fight drug crimes.

IV. Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence

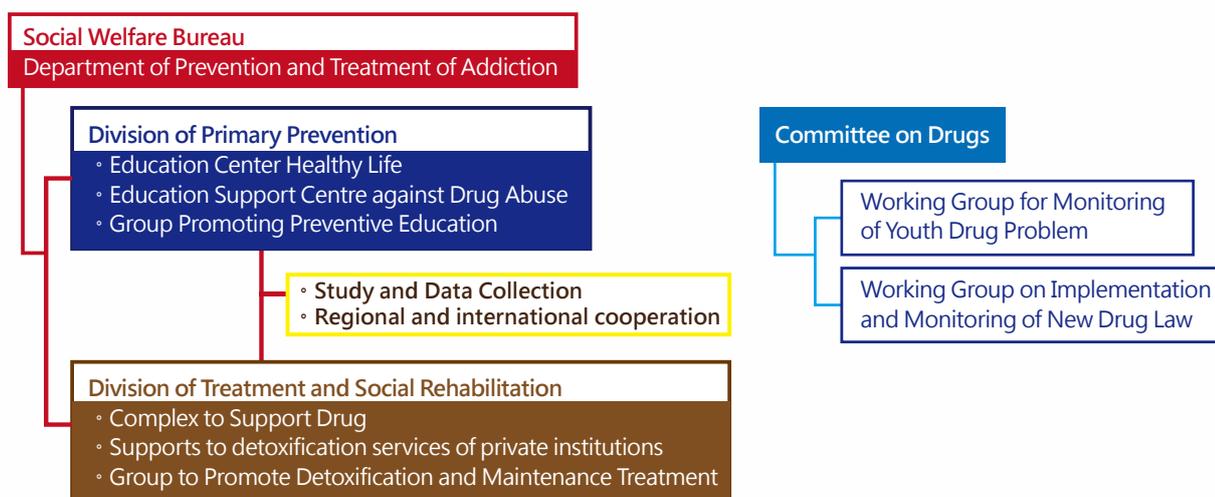


Social Welfare Bureau

Social Welfare Bureau

- Department for Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence

The Department of Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence Social Welfare SAR (hereinafter referenced by IAS) is primarily responsible for the coordination and implementation of preventive measures of drug abuse in Macau. Its main functions are to promote education and awareness about the prevention of drug abuse; collaborate with private institutions to promote indirectly and directly provide treatment services and drug rehab, collection and analysis of relevant information and data related to consumption drug, conducting research and studies, participation in collaborative actions in the fight against drugs at regional and international levels as well as supporting the work of the Committee on drugs.



Regarding the work of control and drug prevention, faced with a situation more and more complicated due to the appearance of new types of drugs and the tendency to abuse by young people, in 2011 the SWB focused on increasing knowledge of youth about the harm caused by drugs and their ability to avoid, providing young consumers youth and their families to appropriate services and counseling support.

In his capacity as the Permanent Secretariat of the Committee on Drugs, the Department of Prevention and Treatment of Addiction (DPTT) has always been dedicated to supporting the Commission in all its

areas of work. In addition to the Commission, the DPPT already collaborated in the work of the Working Group for Monitoring the Problem of Drugs and Youth Working Group Implementation and Monitoring of New Drugs Act, which operates under the supervision of the committee.

Work for the prevention and treatment of addiction requires a dedicated and persistent attitude to encourage schools, families and the community to maintain their participation in actions and anti-drug education, improving the professionalism of the staff and the overall effectiveness of the service through training, evaluations and reviews of the quality of their work. To meet the needs of young drug users and support their families, IAS has striven to develop programs dedicated to parents. Moreover, it has used advertising in the media and film production theme, based on veridical cases of drug abuse, making viewing sessions with discussions on combating drug with technical sector and parents to strengthen their ability to help adolescents avoid or resist such negative influences, thus increasing the capacity of the community to fight drugs.

With regard to detoxification and rehabilitation, IAS continues to improve standards and efficiency of its medical services and ancillary services detoxification, keeping your service maintenance treatment with methadone and seek to enhance the effectiveness of monitoring and support service Juvenile detoxification. However, we started the preparatory work for the establishment of counseling centers for youth detox, which will be managed by NGOs, while they launched studies and surveys already addicted teenagers. The SWB also seeks to strengthen the training of its staff to more effective awareness campaigns at community level.

Subsidiaries Division of Primary Prevention and the Division of Treatment and Social Rehabilitation, under the tutelage of the SWB DPPT, dedicated themselves to the most varied work to prevent and treat drug. Discriminate to follow the work of these two Divisions.

Division of Primary Prevention

The Division is responsible primarily for conducting educational activities on primary prevention in the areas school, family and community. For this purpose, provides services in organizing lectures and training courses and presentations on awareness of the fight against drugs; encourages associations and various social groups to participate and develop activities related to the topic and provides information and educational data, as well as providing care services and support for Hotline. In Division are subordinated Center Healthy Life Education Centre and Education Support against Drug Abuse.

In 2011, the Division consolidated its anti-drug education in the school system, and put more resources to develop the work prevention and drug treatment for high-risk youth. It is planned to launch new joint anti-drug educational materials for schools, expansion of educational activities dedicated to parents, intensified training in anti-drug education specialist staff, as well as the enrichment of the functions of the electronic platform of website anti-drug, and the creation of teams of volunteers anti-drug and encouragement to all who wish to help and organize themselves and engage more directly in anti-drug activities

Education Center Healthy Life

Schools and situation of students in class

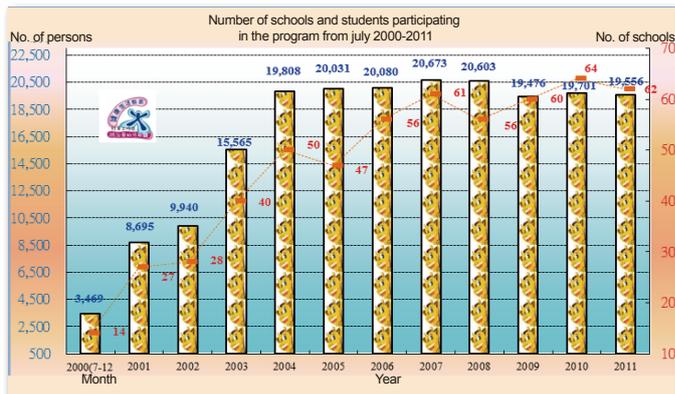
In pursuit of its mission to "prevent drug abuse and help children grow in a healthy environment" project Healthy Life Education provides the school children of Macau, between 5 and 12 years, a positive educational program, systematic and quality, through which the young can not only get to know the different types of drugs, but also take care of your body and develop self-confidence and social skills. Thus, students develop their skills and a critical awareness in relation to drugs.

In 2011, 19,556 students participated in classes organized by the Center for Healthy Life Education. Of these students, 16,964 attended the course in Chinese, English 2390 course and 202 special education course, being of 975 people-time teachers who accompanied them in class.



No. of participants in visits in 2011

No. of participants : 19556



Promotions and Visits

In 2011, 222 guests from various associations and organizations visited the Education Center Healthy Life. Through observation of the functioning of classes and exchange of opinions, got to know the importance of education on primary prevention in students from an early age, taking comments from visitors regarding the teachings of the Center have been very encouraging.



Visit the School of Education, University of Macau



Visit the Association of Healthy Living and Smoking Macau

Number of participants in visits / promotional activities in 2011

Month	Name of association / organization	addressee	No. of people	Activity
January	Moral Education Center of the Bureau of Education and Youth	staff worker	5	Observation of lessons
March	Faculty of Education, University of Macau	Students 1st year	26	Observation of lessons
		teachers	1	
	Club Cáritas Lok Heep de Hong Kong (Centro Cáritas Wong Yiu Nam)	staff worker	34	Observation of lessons and exchange ideas
May	Faculty of Education, University of Macau	Students 1st year	6	Observação das aulas
		Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Health Services	staff worker	8
June	Disclosure of Legal Department Directorate of Legal Affairs	staff worker	5	Visit and promotion
July	Youth Volunteer Association of Macau - Earth's Children	Students (dos 7-10)	12	Visit and promotion
		staff worker	5	
	Youth Volunteer Association of Macau - Earth's Children	Students (dos 7-11)	12	Visit and promotion
staff worker	4			
October	Faculty of Education, University of Macau	Students do 3º ano	24	Observation of lessons and exchange ideas
		teachers	1	
	Macao Association of Healthy Living and Smoking	President & members	7	Observation of lessons and exchange ideas
November	School of Nursing Kiang Wu	Estudantes (Classe A)	28	Visit
		Professores	4	
	School of Nursing Kiang Wu	Estudantes (Classe B)	29	Visit
		Professores	4	
	Commission Against Corruption of Macao	staff worker (Group A)	3	Observation of lessons
	Commission Against Corruption of Macao	staff worker (Group B)	2	Observation of lessons
	Commission Against Corruption of Macao	staff worker (Group C)	2	Observation of lessons
Total			222	

Club Fans of Harold Giraffe

Since the founding of the "Club of Fans of Harold Giraffe" in 2007, it has organized many activities, from meetings for its members, visits to the Education Support Center against Drug Abuse and the SWB camps life experience.



In recent years, the Center for Healthy Life Education has been working to promote the activities in cyberspace "Club Fans of Harold Giraffe" in order to recruit more members among students to improve their knowledge and skills to prevent abuse drug.

In 2011, more than 600 students became members of the "Club of Fans of Harold Giraffe" from the website of the Center for Healthy Life Education. In that page, members can envision Harold videos, animations and comics using the electronic card and Harold. The Center maintains communication with students through the club Fans of Harold, distributing information on primary care prevention and how to lead a healthy life.

Video advertising anti-drug Harold

This video advertising has been officially broadcast on television and in cyberspace in 2011 and uses the animation characters realistic expressions and day-to-day, to popularize the importance of a healthy lifestyle and drug free. The video has become quite popular among young people and attracted the

attention of the general public.

Participation in games Monday on Children's Day

In 2011, the Center for Healthy Life Education first participated in the "Festival of World Children's Day" held on 29th May at Tap Seac Square Macau, with a fun fair titled "100% Healthy". The inauguration ceremony of the Festival took place at 10:30 am, and despite the scorching heat, the children participated enthusiastically in the games offered by the 24 stalls. Those who played the "100% Healthy", and who were already well acquainted with the education for a healthy life were naturally more active. The detail was most gratifying to see that, amid the laughter and mockery of the children informed the parents that attended the course all years of healthy life and insisted they present Harold, who has been his companion and friend during their growth. The Healthy Lifestyle Education Program used its booth games to promote primary prevention among children, parents and all who had the opportunity to visit the Village.



Education Courses on Drugs intended for secondary school students - Thoughtful Strategies to Combat Drugs

To consolidate the educational work on primary prevention and create complete courses and systematic education on primary prevention to secondary school students Macau, the Division of Primary Prevention introduced in 2002 "Thoughtful Strategies for Drug" incorporating the concept education for a healthy life, whose content refers to the drugs most used among young people today (such as tobacco, alcohol, marijuana, MDMA, Ecstasy, ketamine and other drugs consumed at parties). It is through the interactive teaching methods and topics of interest as a means of making young people more aware and better medicines in question and strengthen their skills in problem solving, communication, decision-making and seeking the support and help, to make less severe situation of drug abuse and smoking.

Statistics on drug education courses, aimed at secondary school students (2011)

Name of course / recipients	Number of schools	No. of classes	Number of participants
An Overview on Tobacco / Students of 1st year high school	11	51	1.690
Strategies for a Cool Teen / Students 2nd year high school	11	57	1.976
Cool always without drug / Students of the 3rd year of high school	10	46	1.601
Total	12*	154	5.267

* The total number of participating schools not actually corresponds to the total number because some schools participated in more than one course.

General Lectures on combating drug / training courses

Statistical data from 2011 on the education of primary prevention, show that in that year organized 74 lectures on the general fight against drugs, with a participation of 5664 people from students and teachers, community workers, careers and professionals. As for parents, teachers and social workers organized themselves to these 15 training courses on primary prevention, with the aim of providing the faculty and parents adequate information to maximize the effects of education on primary prevention

Statistics of education on primary prevention (2011)

Type of activity	Nº times	Nº de participants
School talk	50	4.679
Community lecture	9	644
Training course for professionals	4	112
Talk for parents	3	96
Course organized for parents*	5	80
* Training course (teachers, social workers)	3	53
Total	74	5.664

* The course began to be promoted in October 2009 with a duration of 12 hours (spread over 6 lessons).
The duration of this course was 15 hours.

Production and anti-drug film viewing

To familiarize parents and carers, social workers and student advisors on the situation of drug abuse among youth as well as new types of drugs available in Macau, from August 2011, ten sessions were carried out screening of a film entitled "Truth", followed by debate, who watched 818 people-time, they had the opportunity to get to know much better the intricacies and the primary causes of drug abuse among youth.

Projection of the film sessions the "Truth", followed by a debate (2011)

Recipient	No. of times	No. of participants
Parents and guardians	2	619
Social workers, student advisors	6	152
rescuers volunteers	2	47
Total	10	818

Course of primary prevention for parents

In order to expand the network of primary prevention within the community, the SWB launched in September 2009, a program entitled "healthy growth of the younger generation" for parents of students. Since its inception, 169 parents received the certificate of the course. In 2011, the SWB has organized this program for two associations and three schools, noticed that most of the participants were women, and that the number of male participants doubled in 2010, which shows that the program is beginning to be known among men. In terms of the profile of qualifications, most participants had the primary and secondary level, with some college-level or higher. In terms of marital status, most were married and only a minority were single parent or single. The program is recommended to people of different social background.

The program "healthy growth of the younger generation" interactive has the aim of helping parents to improve their suitability for parenting, strengthen communication techniques with their children and to

consolidate the relationship between parents and children. Upon completion of the program, participants visit the SWB the drug-treatment institutions, to know the reality and thus, through various means, prevent timely the drug abuse and other risk behavior on the part of the new generation.



The School "Há Ván Châm Vui" participated in the program "healthy growth of the younger generation"

The education support center for the fight against drug abuse

The education support center for the fight against drug abuse under the tutelage of the Division of primary prevention (DPP) of the SWB provides the population with multiple channels of consultation and related services. To improve the service of information on the above subject, the DPP has acquired abroad books and magazines, advertising brochures and teaching instruments related to the fight against drugs, and proceeded to regular publication of the Newsletter on the fight against drugs and subsequent distribution to schools, associations and charities, as well as its dissemination through the site Macau anti-drug (<http://www.antidrug.gov.mo>), thus conveying information related to the fight against drugs. In 2011, the Center answered a total of 262 people-times, belonging to schools and associations, with or without appointment.

Thematic large-scale anti-drug activities

International Day against drug abuse and illicit trafficking 2011

On June 26, 2011, IAS marked the annual international day against drug abuse and illicit trafficking by organizing the opening Ceremony and the Colloquium on anti-drug movies "movie, Drugs, life" to raise awareness among young people and the general public about the importance of health and stay away from drugs, joining forces to create a free community of psychotropic drugs.

The program consisted of three parts. The Opening Ceremony of the anti-drug Films took place between the 10:30 and the 12:30 with the screening of three films, produced by SWB: "together for METHADONE", "happy life without drugs" and "you should know". Various filmmakers and some of the actors shared with the audience his impressions about the films produced. To view these movies, attended by over 300 people, has raised serious concern by the media, the education sector, the circles of social work and frontline workers about the problems of youth.

THE Lunch and Thank you Ceremony took place between the 01:00 pm and 2:30 pm. The Organization presented certificate of appreciation to all enthusiastic volunteers who participated in the production of the film and invited the youth Detox Centre of Macao Youth Challenge Association and Christian Zheng Sheng College of Hong Kong who had a musical show, in a heartbreaking but inspiring environment.

The symposium themed on the "movie, drugs and Life" took place between the 2:30 pm and 4:30 pm. First, a young volunteer group represented a short piece, "I was not wrong". The following are the guest speakers, the Christian Zheng Sheng College director of Hong Kong, Alman Chan, and the administrative director of the Macao Theatre farmers, Jacky Li, spoke about the way to incorporate theater, music and other artistic elements in the treatment of drug addiction. The debate has been very involved in the hearing, to raise other concerns and support in the

fight against drug addiction in Macau by the people from all social backgrounds.



The President of the SWB, Iong Kong Io, and guests of honor preside over the inauguration ceremony.

Creation of the team of Macao anti-drug Volunteers

The SWB has always been dedicated to the promotion and improvement of the drug awareness campaigns. In order to extend the scope of the campaigns, the SWB has been energetically since 2011 creating a team of Macao anti-drug Volunteers to raise awareness and prevent drug abuse among different social background. The aim is to recruit volunteers from various sectors and organizations (school, family and community) to strengthen its awareness-raising work. Through its participation in the planning and implementation of anti-drug awareness campaigns, the team members got to know the various types of drugs and their harmful effects, thus promoting a more positive and healthy lifestyle .

After nearly a year of preparation, a group of enthusiastic volunteers with greater experience became the nucleus of the team. The launching ceremony of the team of volunteers was held on December 10, 2011, Macau Tower and featured the Honorable presence of the President and Vice President of the SWB, ten delegates of the volunteer team Hong Kong anti-narcotics and even some members

of the Committee to combat drugs. The ceremony, attended by about 150 people, was enlivened by a musical show at the expense of the Association Live Net Macau and detoxification Centre of Macao Youth Challenge Association. The founding core of Macao anti-drug Volunteers made his oath and swearing, and on occasion were handed the prizes to the winners of the photo contest by Phone on anti-drug themes. It is hoped that the various sectors of society to continue to support the anti-drug initiatives and to work together to develop a social culture that values youth and a drug-free society.



Team Foundation ceremony of Macao anti-drug Volunteers

Community activities to combat drugs

Promotion of social activities against drugs

In 2011, through financial and technical assistance, the SWB continued to stimulate and drive private institutions/associations to participate in the development of community activities to combat drugs in order to strengthen the community work of primary prevention. The SWB continued to provide regular support and eventual operation and development of various services of the youth community Centers of the Association of young Christians of Macau.

Other SWB, operating partner the Drug Rehabilitation Association of Macau (ARTM), launched the project "Be Cool" on March 8, 2011 at its Youth Centre for the prevention of drug abuse, Taipa, with the aim of promoting primary prevention in schools and among the population. Also arranged for local young people healthy activities such as sports activities and cultural programs, where they can enjoy a healthy and relaxed way. The SWB provides regular and eventual support for events and the launch of activities with the theme of primary prevention.

In 2011, the SWB also provided financial support to 10 private institutions/associations, totaling MOP 700,919 .40 for organizing 36 activities with issues related to drug prevention, the fight against smoking and the healthy style development of young people.

Participation in activities on a smoke-free society and tobacco control -World No Tobacco Day 2011

The commemorative activities of the world no tobacco day, organized by the SWB, health services and by other governmental entities and private institutions, were inspired by the "Framework Convention on tobacco control". Through various awareness-raising initiatives, activities intended to reveal the harmful effects of smoking and transmit the spirit that presided over the enactment of that important Treaty on public health, as well as serve as a preparation for the introduction of the tobacco act, to come into force in January 2012.

The organizers presented the "world no tobacco day 2011-questions and answers with prizes" in early May, with the participation of more than 4,000 people. The draw took place at "Largo do Senado", on May 29, with the presence of the Deputy Director of health services, Cheang Seng, Vice President of the SWB, Vong Yim Mui, the administrator of the Board of Directors of the IACM, Ng Peng In, and the President of the Association for the Abstention from smoking and health protection Bureau, Au Hon Sam.

However, the SWB continues to collaborate with health services to promote the programs "workplace without Smoking" and "tobacco-free" catering establishments.



World No Tobacco Day 2011

Printing of publications and other promotional products (e.g. brochures, posters, books and periodicals, CDs, guides and research report).

To strengthen community knowledge about methadone maintenance treatment, and intensify the juvenile drug treatment service, the Division has been producing since 2011, a set of posters depicting short videos and advertising for promotion throughout the city and education programs through radio and TV, as well as fix thematic ads inside buses. Also prepared anti-drug exhibition panels for putting in the circuit of the campus, thereby enhancing the publication of negative damage caused by drugs and the positive publicity treatment service. At the same time, kept his promotion on sound life, anti-drug issues and treatment service through radio, TV, publicity postings abroad, advertising hoardings in bus stops and busy points of the main arteries in the city.

In addition, the Division will continue to update the public with the latest information on control and anti-drug activities on your site: www.antidrugs.gov.mo and other websites for young people. In addition to the Course of "Sensible Strategies of fight against drugs", produced three new souvenirs, which were offered to students, along with the "Anti-Drug Education Newsletter", after the end of their course. The Hotline anti-drugs Division of primary prevention: 28781791, continues to provide services to the public for consultation and support.



Posters and billboards at bus stops on the service of maintenance treatment with methadone.



Announcement about the service of maintenance treatment with methadone outside a bus.



Division of Treatment and Social Rehabilitation



Tackling drug problems with appropriate strategies

The Division of Treatment and Social Reintegration (DTRS) adopts the principles of "professionalism, organization, diversification and universal" in working with people in need by providing medical and nursing treatments as outpatients community, medical examinations, urinalysis, socio-psychological counseling, family counseling, group work, support program for the social rehabilitation and referral services. The institution offers programs for voluntary drug treatment, maintenance treatments and rehabilitation services

In the therapeutic area, the DTRS installed, Drug Treatment Center (call for methadone program) in the Health Center of the Black Sand, in May 2011, according to UN criteria for "universal access." Regarding medical treatment, continued to prescribe buprenorphine and methadone in the treatment of detoxification, offering addicts younger counseling and treatment programs conducted by multi-disciplinary teams of professionals, social workers and composed by skilled health personnel. Improved, although the treatment of excessive consumption of drugs, providing outpatient services, strengthened the analyzes for the detection of drugs of abuse, updated medical records and introduced the electronic management system, systematized management of the flow distribution methadone, purchased equipment and instruments scientific examination, continued its collaboration with the University of

Science and Technology of Macau, the research work on the concentration of methadone in the blood, made use of clinical assessment to complement the therapeutic and updated standards their examinations and effectiveness of drug treatment programs.

In 2011, the DTRS continued scrupulously implementing the strategy of harm reduction, and expanded the scope of maintenance treatment with methadone. In addition to promoting education plan of treatment, produced promotional materials for broadcast on TV and radio ads and placed on buses, bus stops and newspapers. Organized also training programs for private institutions, organizations, schools and citizens and supporters offered grants and training to help community organizations working on the ground, to initiate activities aimed at promoting social inclusion, acceptance and support to individuals infected with AIDS and drug addicts.



For effective prevention of HIV and other infectious diseases among drug users, the "Monitoring Team of Special Patient Care" DTRS the asset continues to provide counseling, treatment indication and monitoring drug addicts infected with AIDS. It also set up arrangements for medical examinations, health education and counseling to clients seeking detoxification, cooperated with private institutions detox on organizing campaigns to prevent AIDS in drug abusers admitted, and in the process of detoxification, held training teams for detoxification to work on the ground, continued the program of maintenance treatment with methadone and others relating to harm reduction. Contributed, in general, for the effective control of communicable diseases and improved health.

Advice to young drug addicts and their tasks

The DTRS has improved the working process of counseling the addicted youth. Transformed the first floor of the Complex to Support Addicts in the waiting room for consultation with a counseling room and a room for clinical evaluation for the younger. Were purchased new equipment evaluation to improve the effectiveness of counseling on drug abuse conducted by a multi-disciplinary professional team, integrated with social workers and medical personnel. Through simple medical devices, the drug addicts are seen and evaluated in clinical terms, followed by further study and evaluation of test results. The counseling intervention is applied to stimulate and direct the addict to enter a detoxification program and appropriate and effective treatment.



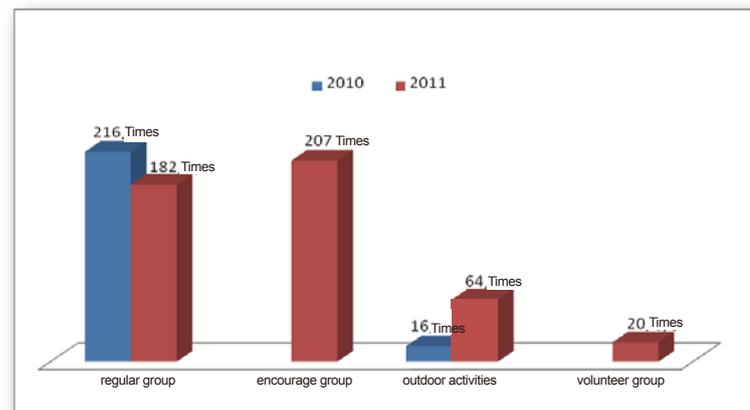
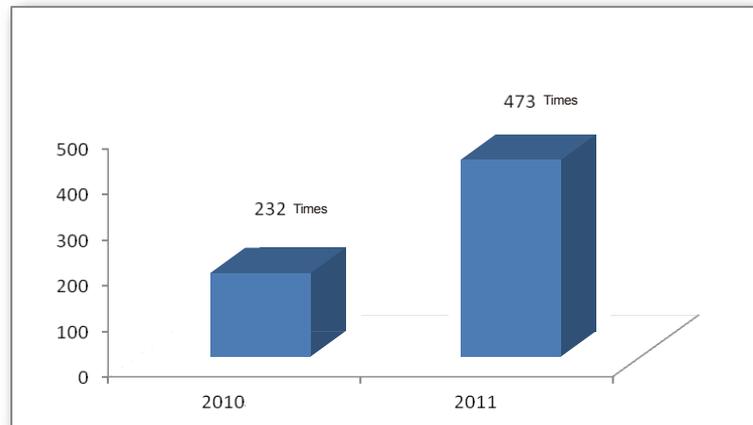
To enhance the effectiveness of the implementation of the coordinating mechanism on referral of cases relating to the treatment of addicts subject to probation, IAS continued collaboration with the Department of Social Welfare Directorate of Legal Affairs (DSAJ) and private institutions of detoxification and held regular meetings to analyze and improve the pace of work. Provided, further, a continued series of treatment programs for drug addiction, including, urinalysis and outpatient treatment for drug addiction and related service for inpatient treatment.

Given the importance of involving all sectors of society in the prevention and control of drug abuse on the part of the layer's youngest population and the expansion of the collaboration platform, identification of young addicts at an early stage, improving treatment services and referrals to rehabilitation of SWB has worked with institutions to support youth treatment services for young drug addicts and homes, medical entities frontline and schools, in order to conduct studies on mechanisms for collaboration and viable, organized lectures, exchange activities and appealed to the media and advertising campaigns to familiarize the public with the work of the juvenile drug treatment.

Teams of methadone treatment

To better monitor the effectiveness of methadone treatment and encourage changes in behavior on the part of the addict population SWB was different carers and other activities, including regular teams (stable patients), teams of incentives, outdoor activities and volunteers. Their work had been launched in 2010 and, to date, there was a high proportion of addicts in methadone treatment and adherence to the same very favorable, with successful results.

Data on the activities of teams of methadone treatment in 2010 and 2011



Service advice and support for parents of individuals addicted to drugs

As the drug abuse in young people is closely related to the ratio of those with family, DTRS initiated in recent years, counseling programs for parents of addicts, offering counseling services and psychological support to those families. Also organized training programs to teams of employees from private institu-

tions and detox detoxification assisted to thus be able to improve service support and psychological intervention and counseling, in critical cases, the parents of addicts.

Promotion of methadone treatment program

The WHO defines addiction as a chronic brain of the forum with high risk of recurrence. Encourages the world to adopt the principle of universal access to treatment for drug addiction, to end discrimination against drug users and provide a wider range of treatment. In 2011, there was the "Expert Forum on Harm Reduction and HIV Prevention and Control" which featured the participation of China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau and where they expanded the scope of training programs for professional' s base and staff of the front line. There were several actions "Training on Drug Control and Work relating to methadone" for professionals, institutions, individuals and teams of officers from SWB, accompanied by numerous lectures on "Introduction to Current Situation with Methadone Treatment" which dealt the present situation of drug control in Macau and shared expertise on methadone treatment.

The SWB organized also visits to methadone clinics and institutions dedicated to the prevention of drug abuse in Hong Kong to give trainees a deeper perspective of the work of drug control. The SWB has supported numerous institutions and associations in order to work together, conduct advertising campaigns facing the community. And as medical units on the ground are often the first contact with cases of abuse, the SWB in 2011, continued with the training programs on drug control for medical teams from the front line, and thus improve their competence in identifying young addicts at an early stage, develop knowledge about harm reduction and strengthen the reference work in drug treatment. A total of 1,590 people participated in various training activities. All these efforts served to a better public understanding of the anti-drug control, harm reduction and methadone maintenance treatment.



Photography group of teachers and students of the School of Nursing of the Kiang Wu



Group photo with students of the Faculty of Social Work, Polytechnic Institute of Macau



Symposium control and drug treatment



Interns Teen Challenge Macau exposed and shared experiences during activity.

Summary list of the implementation of methadone treatment, detoxification services and their statistics

date	Name Activity	Number of participants	comments
1. Vocational and launch projects			
11 de March of 2011	Expert Forum on Harm Reduction and HIV Prevention and Control	375	Private institutions, schools and medical personnel
7 – 21 of April of 2011 (3 sessions)	Strategies for dealing with critical situations and introduction to the current situation of the methadone treatment	61	Social workers and staff from the front line of the SWB
7 e 14 of October de 2011 (2 times)	Promotion under SWB: visit to exchange experiences with Methadone Clinic Sham Shui Po and Caritas HUGS Centre Hong Kong	24	Medical and welfare of SWB
28 – 29 of April of 2011 (2 sessions)	Phase I - Training on the control of drugs and treatments with methadone	42	Institutions and schools
13 – 20 of May of 2011 (2 times)	Phase 2 - Training on the control of drugs and treatments with methadone - Visit to the Methadone Clinic Sham Shui Po and Drug Information Centre of the Hong Kong Jockey Club	35	Institutions and schools
20 - 21 of October of 2011 (2 session)	Phase 2 - Training on the control of drugs and treatments with methadone	40	Institutions and schools
4 – 11 of November of 2011 (2 times)	Phase 2 - Training on the control of drugs and methadone treatments - visit the Drug Information Center at the Jockey Club in Hong Kong Caritas Lok Heep Club and Hong Kong	36	Institutions and schools
14 de May of 2011	Vocational training, exchange of experiences and visits to the Division of Treatment and Social Rehabilitation	30	Association of Macao Polytechnic Institute - students of the Faculty of Social Work
2 of June of 2011	Entry into the inner world of drug addicts	50	Symposium on issues related to the students of the University of São José de Macau - teachers and students of the Faculty of Psychology
14 of July de 2011	Training course on drug prevention for teachers Macau	26	Teachers, social workers and medical campus
25 of July de 2011	Training for the Promotion of Prison Guards Macao Prison-Lecture on knowledge of drug control	39	Macao Prison
1st August de 2011	Training for professionals-Lecture on knowledge of drug control	43	customs officials

1. Promotion activities subsidized			
16 – 22 July of 2011 (2 times)	Meet the promotion program of methadone treatment (lecture), visit the Methadone Clinic Sham Shui Po and the Information Centre of the Hong Kong Jockey Club	78	Service Center North Zone Association of Macao Federation of Trade Unions-volunteer organization and residents and participation in activities
30 – 31 de July of 2011 (2 times)	"Team Community Fisheries Control Anti-Drugs among Youth" Program on Prevention and Treatment of Addiction - visit the Information Center of the Jockey Club, Teen Challenge and City Challenge (field training) of Hong Kong and exchange ideas with team Volunteers Anti-Drug Hong Kong and discussion about the impacts of methadone in nightlife	38	
July to December of 2011	"Team Community Fisheries Control Anti-Drugs among Youth" Program on Prevention and Treatment of Addiction - Team Posted on monitoring anti-drug use among street youth	15	
5th August of 2011	Visit to the methadone clinic Sham Shui Po and the Information Center of Hong Kong Jockey Club	20	
12th August of 2011	Visit to University of Hong Kong and Lingnan workshop on techniques to parents about drug use in conjunction with the Volunteer Team Control Anti-Drug of Hong Kong	20	
23 of December de 2011	"Team Community Fisheries Control Anti-Drugs among Youth" Program on Prevention and Treatment of Addiction - theater show "CHRISTMAS PARTY WITHOUT DRUGS"	60	
30th of July e 3rd August of 2011 (2 times)	Information about drugs (lecture) and visit the Information Centre on Drugs and center Jockey Club "Dialogue in the Dark", Hong Kong	70	
1. Special projects subsidized (medical teams from the front line - in early intervention for young drug addicts)			
26-27 of August of 2011	"Vanguards Medical Drug Control" vocational training - visit to the Clinic and Methadone Detoxification and Rehabilitation Center Psychiatric Hospital of Baiyun in Guangzhou	25	Association of Volunteer Medical Staff Macao
26 of October of 2011	Progress in anti-drug control in Macau	50	Association of Volunteer Medical Staff Macao - nursing students, nurses and medical assistants
3rd November of 2011	Visit the Center for Healthy Life Education and Support for Complex Drug SWB to become aware about drug prevention and treatment services in their Macau	68	Students of the School of Nursing Kiang Wu
11th December of 2011	Control medical treatment and anti-drug-learn the "Truth": Symposium on Academic Professional Exchange, Sharing Movies and Feedback on Drug Addiction Treatment	345	Co-organized by the Association of Volunteer Medical Staff Macao and 18 medical associations - government and private medical teams
Total		1.590	

Continued strengthening of the cooperation mechanism of referral of cases relating to drug treatment subject to probation

By virtue of the entry into force in September 2009, the Law n. 17/2009 - "Prohibition of Production, Trafficking and Consumption of Illicit Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances", the Courts, and the DSAJ SWB jointly developed coordination mechanisms aimed at detoxification of addicts, at-suspended sentence to allow for better monitoring of these cases. In 2011, cases of individuals in a state of suspended sentence found by the Department of Social Welfare of CRP totaled 281, of which 160 new cases relating to 2011. To enhance coordination between the three services and optimize the coordination mechanism of detoxification of users in situations of suspended sentence, 18 from 3 personal services (including 12 judges of the Court of Judicial Base) made visits to the Rehabilitation Center of Rehabilitation Association drug Abusers of Macau (ARTM), respectively, on June 8 and July 8, 2011, that they might know more deeply the effectiveness of the practice of probation in drug treatment.

The meetings were based discussions, exchange of ideas and information about the drug, the current situation of drug treatment, organ damage caused by drug abuse, the duration of drug treatment and enforcement of control measures against drugs . Representatives of ARTM themselves known the curriculum of the courses offered by the Centre for Treatment of Drug ARTM and the current situation of users admitted. The visitors attended the sharing session cases and toured the facilities. The visit helped strengthen the close cooperation between the Courts, and the DSAJ SWB, created a favorable communication platform for the effective treatment of various problems encountered in cases of detoxification of addicts in a state of suspended sentence, taking a positive role in strengthening communication and coordination between the three parties in the implementation of measures and drug treatment.



Group photograph of the teams Courts, DSAJ, SWB and ARTM

Strengthening collaboration with private institutions

Professional skills, solidarity support

Regarding assistance for services provided by private institutions of detoxification of the SWB continued to provide financial and technical support to private institutions to develop various detoxification services, facilities and environment to optimize detoxification and provide training to their workers. Through cooperation mechanisms, regular meetings between institutions and meetings with social workers, which allowed the sharing and exchange of technical information to improve the efficacy of detoxification, organized appropriate services for those seeking help and helped to ensure public health and social harmony. In October 2011, the Chief Executive Chui Sai On, and several government officials visited the "Smart Youth (Youth Smart)" the Christian New Life Fellowship Macao for more information about the counseling service for young drug addict. Section received the honorary title of Value of the SAR government, good service and recognized in the area of detoxification.



Group photo of staff of the Division of Treatment and Social Rehabilitation and private institutions of detoxification taken after the meeting about drug treatment



The Chief Executive visited the "Smart Youth (Youth Smart)"

Casework

In 2011, the Complex Support for Addicts treated a total of 478 cases of abuse detoxification of drugs, of which 104 were new cases, representing an increase of 6% compared to the 447 cases recorded in 2010. The various specialized services (eg. Counseling and monitoring by social workers, medical, nursing, urine tests, family counseling, support requests via telephone and special advice for users infected with infectious diseases) treated 71,491 people. Among these services, nursing care accounted for over 70% of total services rendered, followed by urinalysis. With the increasing number of cases of people seeking help, there has been a demand-face and via telephone calls, it is clear that the hype about drug treatment has had considerable effect. In general, there was a slight increase in the number of cases in 2011 compared to last year.

Among the new cases, 80% of requests for help came from males and 60% were aged less than 29 years. In terms of addiction, most were consuming ketamine and other new varieties of drugs, before undergoing a detoxification treatment. Given that requests for help come from increasingly younger people who use drugs and varied, SWB has provided

drug treatment programs tailored to the needs and continuous.

Number of users treated at the outpatient

Type	2010	%	2011	%
Counseling and assistance by social workers	4.329	6,45	3.873	5,42
medical consultation	1.009	1,51	1.023	1,43
Nursing	49.983	74,53	52.935	74,04
Urinalysis	8.702	12,98	9.612 (54.496 items)	13,45
family counseling	36	0,05	26	0,04
Requests for assistance by telephone	2.374	3,54	3.024	4,22
Special Advisory users infected with diseases Infectious	633	0,94	998	1,40
Total	67.066	100	71.491	100

Prevention and treatment of HIV / AIDS

In 2011, the Complex Support for Addicts detected no new cases of HIV infection. According to statistical data from the Department of Health, there were, in Macau, 4 new cases of infection with the HIV virus by sharing syringe. With regard to the prevention and control of AIDS, DTRS actively participated and supported the activities organized by the Commission for the Fight against AIDS and continued in close collaboration with the respective government departments, to develop prevention and control work. Held 56 regular meetings with the Office of Infection Hospital Centre S. Januário, for timely and adequate monitoring of drug addicts infected, were made eight visits to Macao Prison and held up two lectures on health education for hospitalized. Regarding monitoring, the 454 received outpatient counseling for people especially for users with infectious diseases and provided clarifications on HIV, and also informed about HIV, 257 people seeking treatment for drug addiction. The DTRS 4 also organized group activities for prevention and treatment of infectious diseases (involving 66 people) and conducted 17 training sessions and various activities for field workers and users of home detoxification (with 182 participants).

The DTRS is committed to the prevention of HIV among drug addict population through programs of harm reduction, treatment and methadone maintenance, improvement of knowledge among

drug users and workers in the field of prevention and treatment of AIDS, giving even , to know their referral services and follow-up. So far, the situation of spreading HIV among drug users remains subdued.

Development of social

The DTRS gave financial and technical support to 5 private institutions to provide detoxification services, so religious and nonreligious and through other channels of intervention in the following facilities: 5 homes treatment and rehabilitation of drug addicts, two dedicated extension services abroad to the service of education and harm reduction counseling and support to young drug addicts and drugs, 1 self-service support for the treatment and rehabilitation of drug dependence and 1 service outpatient smoking cessation. In 2011, the private homes of inpatient detoxification service provided to 106 persons and 26,060 persons benefited from extension services abroad for detoxification. The outsourcing services provided in 3670 occasions to young drug users and young people at risk have provided self-service support for detoxification and support social reintegration to 6689 people to 627 people and offered outpatient services free tobacco cessation.

In 2011, more subsidized DTRS one support service for parents of addicts and 1 home detox for women. Performs follow-up visits in a counseling center for young consumers and supervises the work of remodeling and construction of 2 homes detoxification and rehabilitation.

Private institutions of detoxification subsidized by SWB

Type of Institution	No. of units		Capacity		Number of users	
	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Equipment for treatment and rehabilitation	4	5	62	68	75	106
Service supporting detoxification of foreign	2	2	-	-	27.428	29.730
Association of self-supporting for detoxification	1	1	-	-	8.972	6.689
Smoking Cessation Service	1	1	-	-	817	1.317
Total	8	9	62	68	37.292	37.197

IV. Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence



Health Bureau

Health Bureau

I. Organizational Structure and Functions

1. AIDS Prevention and Control Commission

The AIDS Prevention and Control Commission which aims to curb the spread of AIDS was established in 2005. It is tasked to plan and promote the prevention and control of AIDS. The Commission is chaired by the Secretary for Social Affairs and Culture, and constituted by 25 members representing different governmental entities and non-government organizations from sectors of health, education, social welfare, security and anti-drug.

2. AIDS Counselling and Support Team

During office hours, Macao residents may visit the AIDS Counselling and Support Team of the Public Health Laboratory of the Health Bureau, or call the AIDS Hotline (no caller ID display, callers will be directed to the pre-recorded messages during non-office hours) for AIDS information and counselling. Local residents are entitled to free HIV antibody blood test. Besides, a Voluntary Anonymous Monitoring System was established to provide HIV antibody blood test for people who do not want to disclose their personal information.

Other services provided by the AIDS Counselling and Support Team include: referring HIV infected persons to Conde de São Januário Hospital for further treatment; providing consultation and counselling for referrals from non-government medical organizations, and arranging them to have further HIV testing; and assisting relevant government entities and civil organizations in the conduct of HIV/AIDS publicity and education.

II. Summary of Major Achievements in 2011

1. Overview of infectious diseases among drug addicts in 2011

The Public Health Laboratory of the Health Bureau has cooperated with Department of Prevention and Treatment for Drug Dependence of the Social Welfare Bureau to provide infectious disease serology testing service to drug addicts.

In 2011, a total of 208 samples were received, 119 among them were positive for hepatitis C, infection rate was 57%; and 20 samples were tested positive for hepatitis B, infection rate was 10%. With regard to HIV/AIDS, a total of 202 samples were received in 2011, and 2 HIV positive cases were detected, infection rate was 1%.

2. Methadone Treatment Service

The Methadone Service Station in Hac Sa Wan Health Centre of the Health Bureau has commenced operation since May 2011. Treatment for drug dependence is planned to be provided in future health centres and in the Islands Hospital. Regarding the Methadone Service Station, it is named as “Drug Treatment Centre (with methadone service provided)” by the Social Welfare Bureau; however, as this name can be easily mixed up with the Pharmaceutical Affairs Department of the Health Bureau, it is suggested to keep using “Methadone Service Station” .

3. AIDS Publicity, Education and Counselling

In 2011, the publicity and education activities jointly organized by the AIDS Prevention and Control Commission and civil organizations included: “Knowing about AIDS together” workshop, AIDS prevention and education talk, “Knowledge on AIDS” workshop, premiere ceremony, forum and exhibition of anti-drug movie on the International Day Against Drug Abuse, Health Consultation Station, TDM information programmes, activities of AIDS Concern Month and World AIDS Day with the theme of “Understanding·Love·Together” and others.

During 2011, the AIDS Hotline has answered 122 incoming phone calls and received 184 attendants in total; there were a total of 76 individuals underwent HIV antibody test voluntarily in 2011, and 2 were referred for further treatment.

4. Epidemic Situation of AIDS in Macao

In Macao, human immunodeficiency virus is mainly transmitted through heterosexual contact (58%), drug injection (14%) and homosexual contact (9%). Since the introduction of Methadone Maintenance Treatment in 2005, the proportion of infections via drug injection has been decreasing. In 2011, 21 new cases of HIV infection were reported in Macao, and 4 of them were transmitted via drug injection.

III. Conclusion and Way Forward

In 2012, the AIDS Prevention and Control Commission and its subordinated working groups will continue to hold regular meetings, discuss and formulate prevention and treatment measures, and will gradually launch the “comprehensive monitoring programme of blood serum and behaviour” and “cooperation programme for prevention of STDs/AIDS”. In addition, the Commission will continue to implement and appropriately extend measures for different groups in the society (such as Methadone Maintenance Treatment, Syringes Recycling Rewards Programme, STDs consultation and outreach services for migrant sex workers and sexually active group, publicity and education activities for cross-border travellers and imported workers, Project of Youth Peer Promoters Online, etc.)

IV. Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence

Macao Prison



Macao Prison

1. The Functions of Macao Prison

In addition to implementing the punishment of depriving liberty and the relative measures of detainment and custody, other major functions of Macao Prison include providing social assistances, psychological counseling, medical and health care, drug addiction treatment and rehabilitation service, vocational training as well as educational and recreational activities to the imprisoned. The aims are to help the imprisoned reform themselves while serving sentence, and to prepare them for a new life after their reintegration into the society.



Macao Prison as in the picture above

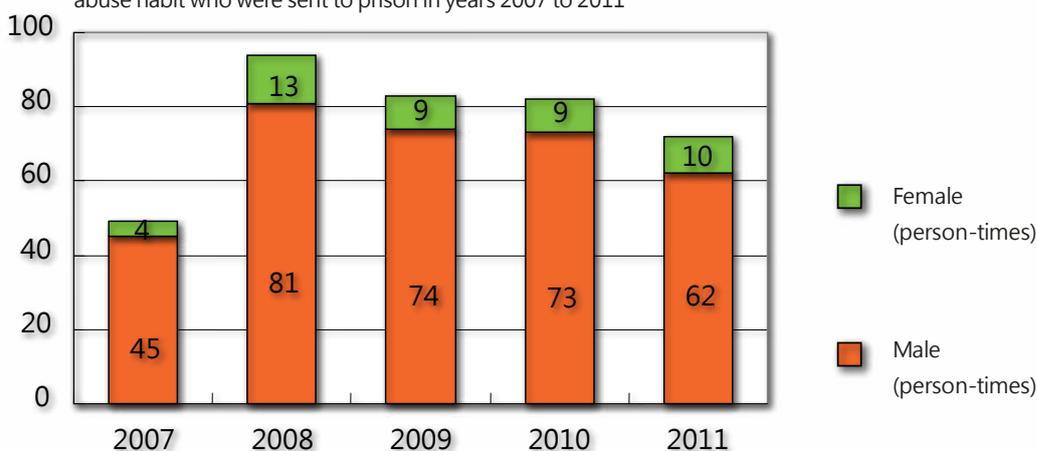
2. Statistics of Inmates Sent to Prison in 2011 Who Have Declared Experience of Drug Abuse

(1) The trend of inmates with the habit of abusing drugs when imprisoned

According to the statistics of Macao Prison, as of 31 December 2011, the total number of inmates was 1038 persons. Among all inmates sent to prison in 2011, a total of 72 person-times declared to have abused drugs, with 62 person-times for male inmates and 10 person-times for female ones.

Compared with the figures in the recent five years, the number of inmates who declared drug abuse experience declined since 2008. (See Chart 1)

Chart 1: a comparison between the number of male and female inmates with drug abuse habit who were sent to prison in years 2007 to 2011

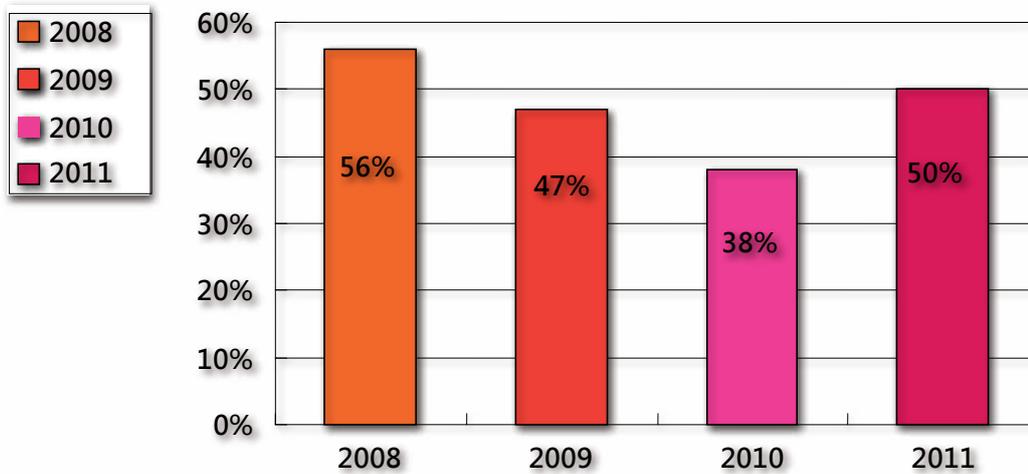


(2) Characteristics of the inmates who declared drug abuse experience when sent to Macao Prison in 2011

Among the inmates who declared drug abuse experience when sent to Macao Prison in 2011, the youngest age of first abuse was at 10 while the oldest age was at 53. 7 persons first abused drugs aged between 11 and 15 (according to the "Penal Code", individuals aged under 16 are exempt from criminal liability), 6 of whom are Macao residents. It can be concluded that drug abusers in Macao began their habit in childhood or in adolescence.

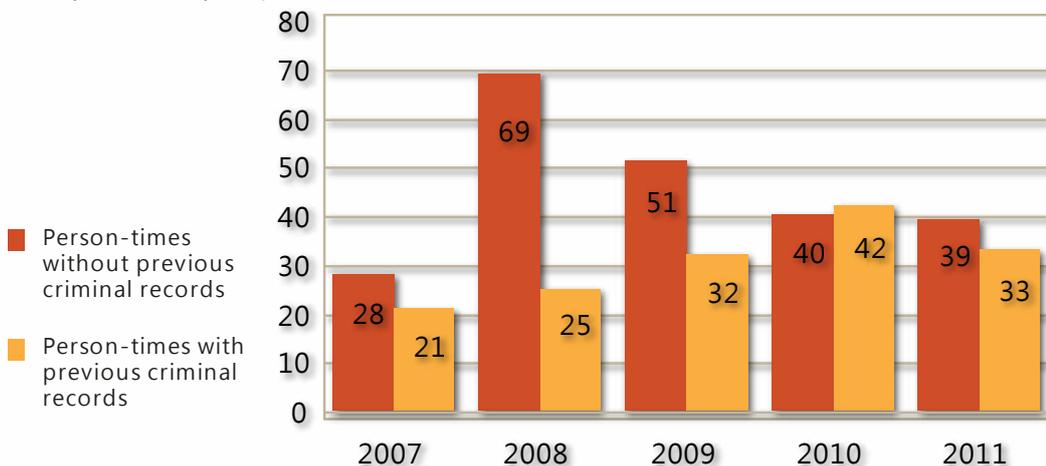
Based on the statistics in 2011, 36 person-times first abused drugs at age 20 or under, accounting for 50% of the drug abusing inmates sent to prison in 2011. Compared with the figures in 2009 and 2010, the proportion of inmates sent to prison in 2011 who first abused drugs at age 20 or under increased again. (See Chart 2 for details).

Chart 2: percentage of inmates who first abused drugs at age 20 or under in years 2008 to 2011



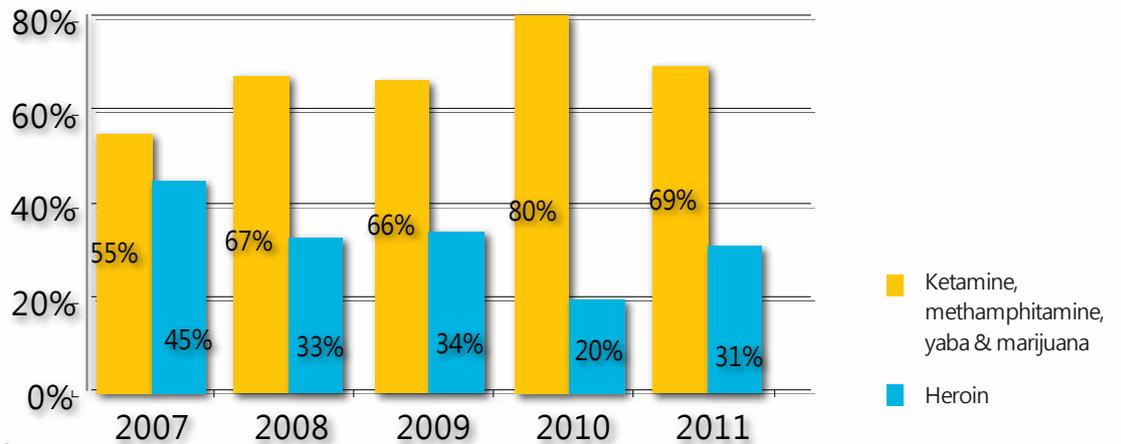
Besides, out of all inmates sent to prison in 2011 who declared to have abused drugs, 39 person-times had records of criminal convictions, taking up 55% of the total, whereas 33 person-times had no previous criminal convictions, accounting for 45%. (See Chart 3 for details)

Chart 3: a comparison of inmates with drug abusing habit who were sent to prison in years 2007 to 2011 by whether they had previous criminal convictions



Based on statistics for inmates sent to Macao Prison in the past five years, inmates with the habit of drug abuse prior to imprisonment claimed that ketamine, (commonly known as "K") was the most abused substance, followed by heroin, methamphetamine, yaba and marijuana, etc. (See Chart 4 for details)

Chart 4: Statistics of types of drugs abused by inmates with the habit when imprisoned in the years 2007 to 2011



Conclusion

In conclusion, based on the above figures, there were a total of 72 person-times imprisoned in 2011 who declared to have abused drugs, a slight drop from 2009 and 2010. Such improvement may be attributed to the government's promotion and education on the precaution against drug abuse. However, compared with 2009 and 2010, the percentage of inmates who had their first drug abuse experience at age 20 and under rose in 2011. Therefore, reinforced education for youngsters on the hazards of drugs should be continued so as to prevent and lower the chance or possibility of youth drug abuse and crimes. Promotional and educational work on this aspect cannot be slowed down.

3. Rehabilitation Unit

In early 1990s, some inmates had already had experience of abusing drugs before they were sent to Macao Prison and many inmates committed crimes and were put in prison as a result of drug abuse; therefore, in 1997, Macao Prison established a "Rehabilitation Unit", which provides voluntary drug treatment and rehabilitation service to male inmates. The aims are to help inmates abstain from their habits of drug abuse, help them build up a healthy lifestyle, let them understand the harms of drugs and prevent them from relapsing into abusing drugs and committing crimes.

The duration of treatment of the withdrawal and rehabilitation scheme is 2 years, and the scheme welcomes applications from up to 20 inmates of all ages.

To familiarize more drug-abusing inmates with the harms of drug abuse and assist them in strengthening the willpower to stay away from drugs, the Rehabilitation Unit plans to operate in a new mode: educating drug-abusing inmates on the correct knowledge of drugs, helping them correct misdemeanors, adopt good behaviors and learn from new life experiences to handle stress in everyday life. In this way, inmates can recognize the harms and serious consequences of drugs, enabling them to rigorously refrain from such delinquency.

4. Methadone Treatment Scheme

For better drug treatment service, Macao Prison has been providing methadone withdrawal treatment for inmates since November 2009.

The methadone treatment provided in Macao Prison is withdrawal treatment, and main service targets are inmates who have been participating in the methadone treatment scheme by Social Welfare Bureau prior to imprisonment.

As of December 2011, Macao Prison was providing methadone treatment service to more than 20 inmates, 19 of whom were male, 8 of whom were female.



The picture above indicates an inmate registering for receiving methadone



The picture above indicates an inmate about to take methadone

5. Lecture and Workshop on Understanding Dangers of Drugs

Due to the abuse of drugs such as ketamine (commonly known as 'K'), ecstasy, methamphetamine, yaba and marijuana by inmates in recent years, Macao Prison holds an annual lecture or workshop on understanding dangers of drugs so that the inmates can be aware of the drugs-induced physical and mental damage and influence, learn refusal skills for drugs, increase knowledge of healthy lifestyle, learn to stay away from drugs and hold a positive attitude towards life, enabling their all-round understanding of drugs' bad consequences. In 2011, Macao Prison held a group activity entitled "Where There Is Love, There Are No Drugs" where it co-organized two lectures on precautionary measures against AIDS with Social Welfare Bureau. The lectures were targeted at inmates carrying highly dangerous contagious diseases; a total of 11 persons attended. They actively participated and gave enthusiastic responses, which is indicative of the satisfactory results.



The above picture shows how the lecture on prevention of AIDS is conducted among inmates

6.Future Prospects

Statistics of Macao Prison in recent years showed a rise in young inmates with drug abuse problems. Upon imprisonment, they declared they had mainly consumed the new type of drugs including ketamine (commonly known as "K"), ecstasy, methamphetamine, yaba and marijuana. In order to deepen young inmates' knowledge on the consequences of drug abuse and let them learn a healthy lifestyle and the right values, relevant drug-prevention and educational workshops will continue to be held in prison next year. In addition, since the forms and types of substance abuse have undergone an obvious change in recent years, and to keep in line with the need of developing prevention and treatment of drug abuse, Macao Prison will continue to readjust its prevention, withdrawal and rehabilitation work carried out within prison for more effective promotion of harms of drugs and helping drug-abusing inmates rebuild their lives.

V. Treatment and Rehabilitation Service by NGO's



Teen Challenge

General Training Center Teen Challenge (Men's Section)

I. Brief Introduction

The General Training Center Teen Challenge was founded by Pastor Macau Portuguese, Juvenal Calvary Clemente, in response to the social need to curb drug abuse. However on 27 October 2008, the Center has changed its service model for adults who had treatment for correction in inpatient services for young people with drug addiction problems. Provides a training program for 12 months or more for youth in inpatient settings, and with a suitable environment where, instead of being used drugs, is the word of the Gospel, sharing testimonies, educational courses and training vocation are taught to help youth detoxify and recover psychologically and physically to stay fit for reintegration into society. Youngsters learn to face difficulties with a positive attitude, knowing who Jesus Christ was, and adjust their values and improve their relationships with their families.



II. Work done in 2011

(1) Project Life Experience

To facilitate recovery of physical and mental health of users, the Centre, in addition to providing them physical training daily, organized the Project Life Experience Center Teen Challenge of Fuzhou and Zengcheng Detoxification Center of Fujian Province. Users shared their experiences and feelings about the treatment of drug users with local, learned to understand others, to respect them and be mutually helpful and supportive.



(2) Participation in activities to promote drug control

To promote anti-drug awareness among young people and inform them about the harms of drugs, the Center participated in a series of promotional activities. Attended Premiere Ceremony and Colloquium on its anti-drug film "Film, Drugs Life" to mark the International Day against Drug Abuse and Illicit Drug Trafficking and its users participated in a short piece, "Not Fooled Me" and had sung actuated. This gave users the opportunity to maximize their talents, be courageous to face the society and at the same time convey anti-drug messages.

(3) Training of Staff

The Centre has organized and participated in three training projects in 2011, including the "Challenge of the New Generation", the "Conference on the

Prevention of Drug Abuse among China, Hong Kong and Macao" and "Visit to Exchange Ideas College Christian Zheng Sheng Hong Kong and Caritas Lok Heep Club of Hong Kong. "

Challenge of the New Generation

It is a program designed to gain a better understanding of current youth and know what kinds of problems they face. Participants learned about the most effective ways to develop communication and relationships with young people, which in turn boosted their confidence and improved their professionalism in activities related to drug treatment.

Visit the Exchange of Ideas Christian Zheng Sheng College of Hong Kong and Caritas Lok Heep Club of Hong Kong

Employees participated in the celebration of Father's Day, organized by the College and joining the team of Caritas Lok Heep family, having acquired a better understanding of the concept of working in communion with their parents. They learned to organize activities and how to improve the relationship between users and their families to ensure that users can have more support and encouragement during your treatment



(4) Conference on Preventing Drug Abuse among China, Hong Kong and Macau

Through mutual learning and exchange of ideas between scholars and experts from the three regions is further improved academic standards and research skills involved in drug abuse prevention and treatment throughout China.

5) Work Reintegration - Service Center Outreach Family

The Center founded the Center for Family Outreach Service in 2011 to launch a series of events through collaboration between the family and the Centre, such as, Father's Day, thematic lectures about family and family visits, designed to help rebuild communication of clients with his family, which in turn can improve your relationships with family and ease the way for the social reintegration.



III. Conclusion and outlook

With the fervent support of the Government and different social sectors, the Centre was able last year to launch courses correctional general training in inpatient, juvenile drug addicts. During the work throughout the year, the Centre noted that the company has a large demand for the service of drug treatment. Presenting itself as a center for the immediate adjust and develop their services.

(1) Improvements in the 2nd phase of drug treatment services

Introduce training for part-time users of the center. Encourage users who are in the 2nd phase of treatment to participate in training and other groups organized by private institutions. Users will face the challenge of leaving the center once a month for reintegrate into society gradually.

(2) Diversification of workshops

Encourage users to persist in subsequent studies. The 3rd phase of training courses is more diverse, with learning programs to deal with different interests and preferences of users on employment, in order to help them reintegrate into society as soon as possible.



General Training Center Teen Challenge (Women's Section)

I. brief Introduction

The Evangelical Center for Drug Treatment (Women's Section) Teen Challenge Macau, also known as the "House of Hope", was founded in 1995. At first, the Women's Section was located in the Village of Opium, the Alto de Coloane Road in Seak Pai Wan. In 2003, with support from the SWB, was rebuilt on land where a building was installed Section Male. Thus, Section Women went to work in new facilities providing inpatient treatment programs, counseling and skills training, lasting more than one year for female addicts.



(1) Concept

Guided by faith in Christ and with the conviction that "each life affects the other."

(2) Objectives

Ready to help and provide a suitable environment for consumers and drug abusers get rid of addiction treatment through non-medical and rehabilitate physically and mentally

(3) Content Service

Service pre-counseling, place (or house) recovery, relapse prevention in drug after treatment, pre-employment orientation, support team and family counseling to parents.

II. Overview of work done in 2011

(1) Remodeling of life and cultural education program

Provides education, counseling and development of multiple intelligences to users admitted, in order to help them rebuild their life values and self-confidence.

(2) Repair of family relationships

Keeping the living day by users and their parents, to help improve the relationship between the users and the family, reinforcing positive interactions among them and enhancing bilateral communication, conducive to improving mutual understanding and rebuild family relationships.



Learning together, sharing ideas

(3) Vocational training

Encourage users to participate in different training courses to develop professional skills through individual and practical training, which helps to increase self-confidence, enabling them to become proficient in certain functions and enhance their competitiveness in society



Users learn about art cosmetic and hairdressing Repair of computers, flower arranging.

(4) Life Experience:

Provides users with experience of leading a simple life during which broaden their personal horizons, learn to value life, to develop an attitude of caring for others, allowing them to build a positive self-image and positive values on life.



Exchange of ideas between private institutions and training experiences based on.

(5) Exchange of ideas among employees:

Participate in different activities, exchange ideas and conduct symposiums to further raise the academic standards of research papers relevant to the prevention and treatment of drug abuse, which in turn promotes the professional development of work in this area.



III. future prospects

- (1) Expect the creation and dissemination in the center section of the feminine as a strengthening of the extension service.
- (2) Provide training with diversified skills to raise the level of knowledge and ability of users of social reintegration
- (3) Make good use of social facilities, resources and spaces for activities to increase the users' contact with society, strengthening its ability to optimize the social reintegration and monitoring service.

Association of Rehabilitation of Drug
Abusers of Macao-Rehabilitation Center



Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macau (ARTM)



Brief Introduction Section Extensive Service Abroad

On June 16, 2008 ARTM founded his "Chamber Extensive Service Abroad" and installed another service point in September 2011 only to provide monitoring services and various harm reduction program in methadone users. Section of the Foreign Service Extensive adopted a harm reduction approach in a series of services to inform workers of the sex industry and drug addicts on the harmful effects of drugs, calling his attention to the dangers of drug use and trying to instill them the need for detoxification. And the meetings with relatives of addicts help improve the relationship between consumers and families, providing additional support for both parties and creates a stable support network for the family of addicts. It also adopted a harm reduction approach to ensure community health and resorted to ad campaigns and educational facing the community to improve knowledge about drugs and drug addiction, hoping to create a harmonious social environment and drug-free.

I. concept

Highlighting the importance of community health and perfect understanding of the situation of drug addicts, the Section provides support services to families of addicts and develop incentives for detoxification among drug users through harm reduction approach and providing them with valid reasons to use safe drugs to ensure the safety and health of the community.

II. Serviços

(1) Services Section permanent Extensive Service Abroad:

1.1. Distribution of free lunch and dinner



1.2. Needle Exchange Program

With this incentives program, it is expected effective collection of used syringes and the distribution of new syringes to drug users in order to reduce the possibility of sharing needles and repeated use thereof. It is part of the effort to protect the health of the community and reduce potential hazards caused to throw in the trash anyway, used syringes. And appear in brochures distributed discriminated damage caused by needle sharing to control the spread of blood-borne diseases and the potential risks it brings to the community in general. In 2011, 61,036 syringes were recovered abandoned.



1.3 Monitoring Program for consumers methadone

Holding regular meetings and brainstorming sessions, the Chamber Service Extensive Exterior expected to encourage users of the methadone program just take this drug substitution. The teams of officials from the Chamber explained these users maintenance treatment with methadone, the advantages of using only methadone and harmful effects of concurrent use of methadone and heroin

1.4 Provision of nursing services and distribution of rapid tests

Nurses Section of the Foreign Service Extensive distributed rapid tests for hepatitis C and the AIDS drug to detect whether they are infected with blood borne diseases. Also provide primary care for measurement of blood pressure and diabetes cleaning and treating wounds.



1.5 Lectures on Health

There were lectures on health, regularly, for drug making known the damage that drug abuse can cause to the human body and promoting harm reduction service which aims to reduce the spread of contagious diseases.

1.6 Free shuttle service

Given that many addicts are physically weak and have difficulty moving as a result of drug use, Section Extensive Service Abroad provides shuttle



service, depending on the circumstances, so they can be transported to the hospital for necessary treatment.

(2) Extensive Support Activities

Section of the Foreign Service Extensive work every week, Monday through Friday, using direct methods to contact with the community of addicts. The workers move to places where contact with them, distributing them kits to reduce damage and publicity materials on the fight against drugs, sensitizing them to the importance of harm reduction. In addition, workers also take the initiative to meet the real needs of addicts, help us to raise their motivation to subject themselves to detox and give them information and ways of



(3) Activities extensive support night

Every week, the staff of the Section of the Foreign Service Extensive, moves to night spots frequented by addicts to distribute their articles of daily use, advertising materials and articles for harm reduction, to sensitize them to the importance of self-protection, including condom use and not sharing needles. In addition, employees of Chamber also provide them with preventive measures and information on where and how they can seek help. They go further to places frequented by sex industry workers to distribute condoms, leaflets about the damage caused by AIDS in humanity and promote the importance of safe sex.

(4) Service Custom Collection Syringes

Due to mobility difficulties or other reasons, some addicts cannot move to Section Extensive Service Abroad to enjoy the services. In order to meet the needs of this group of people, the Chamber began implementing in September 2009 the Project Custom Collection Syringes, whereby employees Chamber moving from Monday to Saturday, in the morning, to meeting places for addicts to distribute these people new syringes in exchange for used.

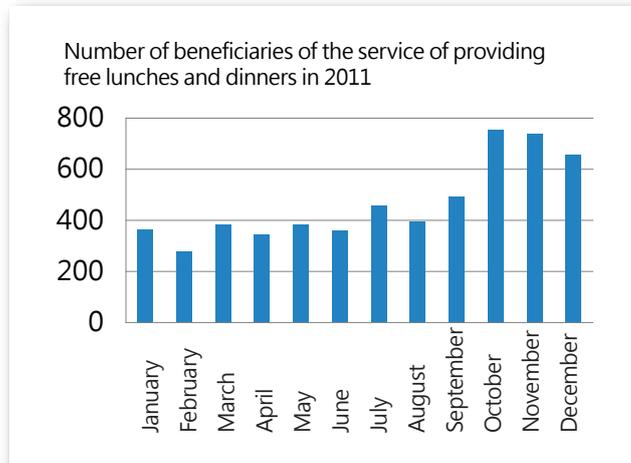
(5) good neighborly relations and mutual-aid project

In the early days of the working section of the Service Extensive Exterior, their service goals were quite unusual, being organized regular activities for exchanging ideas and building relationships with the residents in their service areas in order to eliminate potential concerns that they might have, to familiarize them with the objectives of ARTM and convey the importance of drug treatment service. Thus, we have reached a consensus with residents on the importance of the work of harm reduction. Today, after more than four years of unremitting efforts, the Chamber has already won the recognition and support of the residents about their work in support of community health and public safety. Section meets 3 in 3 months with the locals. During these meetings, besides the presentation of the object and purpose of the services, the staff also make known the current situation. These sections serve as a platform for collecting opinions from the locals, these opinions that allow them to know the strengths and weaknesses of the work, with a view to its improvement.



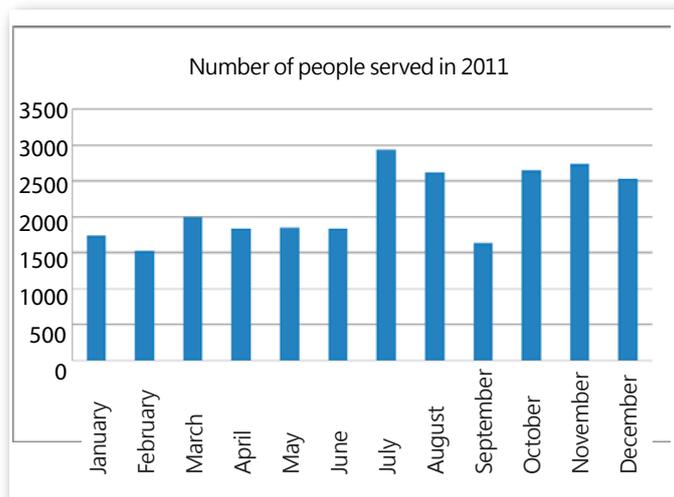
III. Situation of referral services and providing free lunches and dinners by Section Extensive Service Abroad

Graph 1: In 2011, the Chamber Service Extensive Exterior distributed free lunches and dinners for drug addicts, the 5610 person-time;



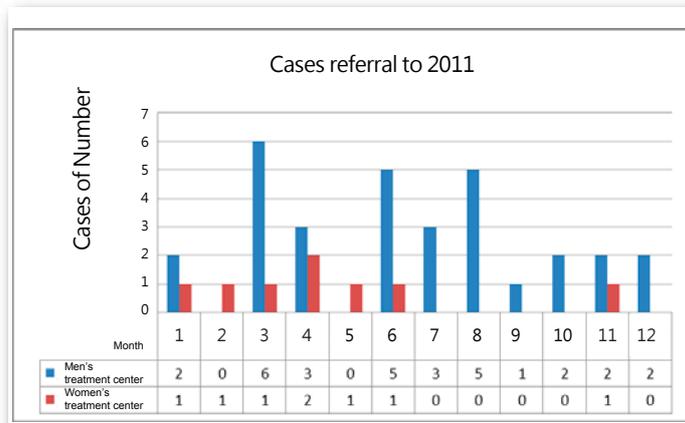
(Chart 1)

Graph 2: In 2011, the Chamber Service Extensive Exterior served to 26,060 people-time, including psychological counseling, seminars and health services, health care, transportation and baths and free dissemination service, offered to addicts, also sensitized workers in the sex industry and high-risk groups on infectious diseases and providing support services to drug addicts.



(Chart 2)

Chart 3: In 2011, 39 people were transferred to the Centers for Treatment of Men or Women ARTM to drug treatment through the Service Section of the Extensive Exterior ARTM.



(Chart 3)

Treatment Center Men's Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macau (ARTM)

Brief Introduction

Founded in Macau in 1993, the Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macau (ARTM) is a non-profit and non-religious. ARTM is committed to eliminating the harm that drug abuse and dependence bring people and society as a whole. Since the founding of the Center for Rehabilitation in Coloane in 2000, adopting the model of "therapeutic community", 12-month program of detoxification and inpatient rehabilitation. Currently, ARTM created 2 sections harm reduction ("Support Sections", abbreviated name) in the north of Macau to provide information services, support services, harm reduction and referral to drug users and the community. In early 2011, the allowance provided by the SWB, ARTM initiated the project of prevention "Be Cool" and introduced it into schools and gave it known to the public as a means to help young people during growth and development.

In the area of drug control and interregional cooperation, ARTM a member of the following organizations: Committee on Drugs of the MSAR, the Working Group on Monitoring of Drug Issues Youth Commission's Drugs SAR, Working Group on Law Enforcement in Support of the New Drug Law Commission of Drugs SAR, Commission for the Fight Against AIDS SAR, International Federation of Non-Governmental Organizations for the Prevention of Drug and Substance Abuse and Vienna NGO Committee on Narcotic Drugs.

I. Concept

ARTM provides individual counseling, group counseling service and referral of needy, hoping that might help rehabilitate addicts and reintegrate them into society and thus can turn a new page in your life. Over the years, expend efforts in the promotion and development of drug abuse prevention, harm reduction, support for parents of drug users and different types of work aimed at community and minimize the damage caused by excessive use of drugs among indi-

viduals and within the community. Encourage the public to become familiar with the topic of drug abuse, to eliminate discrimination against consumers and help them reintegrate into addicts, effectively in society.

II. Overview of work done in 2011

(1) Series of Training Courses for Users:

To improve the ability of users, be assertive about their own values and develop an awareness for lifelong learning, ARTM organized a series of training programs for cultural and help improve knowledge, skills and ability adaptation to social needs.

The courses organized in 2011 with financial support from the SWB, were as follows:

1.1 Course Craft

With the technical assistance of the House of Portugal in Macau, users attended a course of 2 months in "Training Craft", where they learned to recycle environmentally friendly materials and steps involved with making these crafts materials under the guidance of trainer's professionals. Users have created numerous works of craftsmanship during a year of treatment, which will provide material for an exhibition in the future as a means to promote self-esteem of users and gain recognition in society.

1.2 Basic Course on Computer Operation

Learn to work with your computer is one of the basic skills in terms of employability, thus ARTM organized for users a basic course of 4 months of operation and computer input method in Chinese as well as a 1-month course on word processing basic. Users improved their skills, gained more confidence for the social reintegration with these courses. Thus, applied knowledge in aspects of their daily lives, such as budgets and inventories Center running banner ads.

1.3 Basic Course in English

During 3 to 6 months, users attend basic English course with volunteer teachers, who have adopted an approach of teaching the language

alive to interest students.

1.4 Cultural Training

To cultivate interest in the arts and culture of users, in order to channel their emotions, ARTM organized several training of cultural in 2011, with the help of volunteer teachers, among whom there was photography courses, implementation of albums photo and oil painting. Users have become more receptive to new ideas and improved their self-efficacy through learning and practical application. When the works were displayed to users in different communities, it gave them more confidence in adapting to society



Visitas Community: Center of the good shepherd

(2) Visitors and Community Activities:

2.1 Series Visits Community

Driven officials ARTM users visited in 2011, eight various social service institutions, including the Center of the Good Shepherd, the Welcome Center Youth Offenders Lai Cheng, Hong Neng Center Hospital Kiang Wu, the Association of For-Olympic Macao, the Special Care Longevity Center, the Rehabilitation Center for the Blind "Santa Casa da Misericordia" de Macau, the Asylum and Bethany Home for the Aged "Pinheiro". The users gained more awareness of vulnerable social groups, which encourage them to continue his drug treatment program with a spirit of mutual affection.



7. Issue of Invitation Tournament Basketball "Against Drugs"

2.2 7th edition of Invitation Tournament Basketball "Against Drugs"

This edition of Invitation Tournament basketball followed the goal, "Against Drugs", the last six editions, which is to allow participants to feel the motivation and the positive impact that sport awakes and strengthens the exchange between institutions. In 2011, the tournament had the support of 6 institutions Macau, sending their own teams to take part. Among them, the Law Firm C & C, Casa de Portugal in Macau, the Association of Volunteer Medical Staff Macao Chamber of Youth Development of the Christian New Life Fellowship of Macau University of Science and Technology, Macau and International School Macau. Approximately 80 people attended the activity in warm and at the end of the tournament took place the traditional "barbecue", with the participation of nearly 60 people. The activity allowed users to feel the support of the Association and social stimulation, enhancing their confidence and determination to face the many challenges of the rehabilitation process.

2.3 9th Edition -Invitation Football Tournament "Say No to Drugs"

The football tournament invitation is another community activity ARTM under the theme "Say No to Drugs." It aims to spread the message of fitness and disseminate information on the fight against drugs, as well as strengthening the friendship and cooperation

between institutions detoxification and related government services. This tournament had the support of seven entities of Macau, which sent teams to participate in it, including the SWB, the Judicial Police, the Macao Prison, the Portuguese School of Macau, the Law Firm C & C, the Casa de Portugal Macau and prosecutors. The activity allowed participants to users feel the importance of fitness and determination, self-esteem and progress can assist in developing individual. The support given to users by various social sectors consolidated its determination and confidence in drug rehabilitation and social reintegration.

2.4 Experience adventures of "I can do it" 2011

The contractor organized its users to participate in the training experience exploratory "I Can Do It". Although he felt a lack of confidence at the start, however, by learning from experience and mutual encouragement among users, all they managed to overcome the challenges. Participants said the training through adventures boosted their confidence for future social reintegration and helped them to face difficulties.

(3)Employee Training and Seminars:

To further help users effectively decided to stop drug use and quitting to reintegrate into society, ARTM requires all employees who have a proactive attitude to continually acquire new knowledge and improve the quality of service. In 2010, the Association not only sent employees to participate in training courses organized by the SWB, but also participated in a series of workshops and training activities related to work against AIDS and drug treatment and rehabilitation, including the call for Lo Pharmacy used to introduce new drugs to cure hepatitis. All these efforts were intended to enhance the knowledge of its professional staff teams on AIDS and counseling for cases of awareness that will improve the efficiency and quality of counseling service.

The contractor has participated in international seminars as the "Conference on the Prevention of Drug Use in Hong Kong and Macau (Hong Kong) 2011" and "Biennial General Assembly of the Interna-

tional Federation of Non-Governmental Organizations for the Prevention of Drug and Substance Abuse (Kuala Lumpur) 2011", during which they were able to meet with professionals and experts from different regions, share and exchange ideas to better knowledge and updated information about treatments and drug prevention in different regions.



Biennial General Meeting of the International Federation of Non-Governmental Organizations for the Prevention of Drug and Substance Abuse (Kuala Lumpur) 2011

(4) Family Support Work

Family support team

The contractor continued to develop the service to support families, by organizing a monthly meeting of the team, to establish a network of mutual support, in addition to a public platform for information and help. In 2011, the team has organized various activities for family members of persons undergoing rehabilitation and drug treatment, which included a workshop on health and physical well-being and psychological, a visit to the Drug Information Center at the Jockey Club in Hong Kong, Lok Heep Club and Caritas Wong Yiu Nam Centre of Caritas Hong Kong and recreational activities in order to strengthen the family relationship.



Visit the Drug Information Center of the Hong Kong Jockey Club

(5) Other Development:

In 2011, ARTM maintained its collaboration with the Program and Master's Degree in Clinical Psychology from the Faculty of Psychology of the University of Macau and the Faculty of Social Service of Macao Polytechnic Institute, to offer its students practical training and application technical Center. Practical training, which involved individual counseling, group counseling, organization of activities and administration of social assistance, helped reinforce the work experience of college students and practice in drug treatment and rehabilitation. In a way, helped to train more technicians specialize in addiction treatment.

In 2011, many private institutions visited the Rehabilitation Center of ARTM in Coloane (see table for details). The center has organized lectures on prevention and treatment of binge drug, to improve knowledge of their visitors on this matter.

III. Situation Internment 2010 – 2011

In 2011, the total number of admissions was similar to the last 2 years. Compared with 2010, the number of admissions in 2011 declined slightly to 34, there were 11 new admissions and 23 cases of recurrence. The December 31, 2011, among users admitted in 2010/11, 4 of them successfully completed the treatment program and drug rehab for a year, three were transferred to the Hospital

Conde S. Januário and Psychiatric Hospital, while the rest will complete the treatment program in 2012. The contractor is preparing work counseling and aftercare for clients, guidance in life after the program.

IV. List of Activities undertaken in 2011

Nature of activity	content	date
Lectures on prevention	Secondary School Millennium	18 of February
	Eagles Flying Association of Macau	4th August 11th August 17th August 24th August
Visits abroad	Series of visits to the Community:	all year
	• Center of the Good Shepherd	30th May
	• Centro de Acolhimento de Jovens Infractores Lai Cheng	9th September
	• Hospital Kiang Wu (Hong Neng Center)	15th September
	• Association of Para-Olympic Macau	16th September
	• Longevity Center for Special Care	6th October
	• Rehabilitation Centre for the Blind "Santa Casa da Misericordia" of Macao	11th October
	• Asylum Betânia	26th October
	• Home for the Elderly "Pinheiro"	11th November
	Number of visits:	
	• Macau Science Centre	29 June 7 December
• Museum of Macau	25 December	

Visit the Rehabilitation Center in Coloane	Portuguese School of Macau (50 people)	12 January
	Division of Treatment and Social Rehabilitation of SWB Macau (10 people)	13 January
	Consulate General of Portugal in Macau (1 person)	17 January
	Lions Club of Central Macau (30 people)	22 January
	Dom Luis Versiglia school (30 people)	27 January
	Association for AIDS Care in Macau (20 people)	13 March
	Society for Aid and Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers in Hong Kong (20 people)	11 April
	Centro de Educação Simpson (20 pessoas)	13 April
	The Courts, the Department of Social Welfare and Department of Prevention and Treatment of Addiction (24 people)	June 8
	Escola Secundária Luso-Chinesa de Luis Gonzaga Gomes (5 pessoas)	June 17
	Social Services Centre of Macau (20 people)	June 21
	Melco PBL Gaming (Macao), S.A. (20 person s)	July 12
	Eagles Flying Association of Macau (130 people)	4 August 11 August 17 August 24 August
Community Activities and Exchange	Organizer: 7. "Against Drugs"-Invitation Tournament Basketball	May 7
	Organizer: 3. "Say No to Drugs" Invitation Tournament, Inter-School Football	May 29
	Organizer: 9. "Say No to Drugs" Invitation Football Tournament-	September 17 o
	Participant: Sands Macau "Competitors"	November 5
	Organizer: Experience Adventure "I Can Do It"	Dec. 19
Training for users	• Basic course in computer operation and input method in Chinese	From January To April
	• Learn basic word processing	October
	• Cultural Training: oil painting	From October to December
	• Cultural Training: photography	December
	• Basic Course in English	From March to June
	• Craft Course	all year
Training of staff	• Invitation Lo Pharmacy	January 25 Dec. 28
Seminar	Conference on Drug Prevention in China, Hong Kong and Macau (Hong Kong) 2011	September 19-22
	Biennial General Meeting of the International Federation of Non-Governmental Organizations for the Prevention of Drug and Substance Abuse (Kuala Lumpur) 2011	November 8-12
Family Support Work	2011 "Construction of Friendship in Family and Neighbors" - Family Support Team	all year
	● Lecture on Addiction and Family (Project Be Cool)	Feb. 26
	● Visit the Information Center on Drugs and the Jockey Club Lok Heep Club of Caritas Hong Kong	27 October
	● Activity Center Caritas Wong Yiu In Hong Kong	November 3
	● Lecture on Addiction and Family (University of Macau)	November 22

Treatment Center Women's Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macau (ARTM)

Brief Introduction

The Treatment Center of Women ARTM was founded on 18 October 2010 on the island of Coloane. Currently, provides 8 beds for female addicts of drugs or alcohol who want to follow the inpatient detox program, according to a model of "therapeutic community."

I. objectives

To relieve users of their addiction, change your lifestyle and reintegrate them into society, the Centre offers them a treatment program lasting 12 months, which includes psychological counseling to deal with their physical problems and emotional, with individual counseling, group therapy, family support team, recreational and sporting and cultural and social education as well as courses on creative thinking. Through a variety of activities and services can be strengthened program results. During treatment, the Center evaluates the progress of clients on a periodic basis and apply appropriate corrections to the program, in case of need for better adaptation to the needs of users. All these measures aim to revitalize and strengthen the social functions of hospitalized and help them overcome the difficulties they face during the treatment, so that they can get rid of the addiction and start a new life.

II. Profile of Users

The Center received ten hospitalized in 2011; aged 32 and 48, who were taking heroin, methamphetamine or midazolam, and that nine of them participated in the methadone treatment program.

III. 2011 annual event

(1) Treatment

Individual treatment- talking with clients, trying to understand the reasons related to employment,

family or personal problems that have led to seek refuge in drugs. Counseling helps them to improve their self-knowledge, guiding them in rebuilding their self and reinforcing their values. It also allows you to increase your level of trust in others, improve their interpersonal communication skills, helps them readjust to the value they attach themselves by creating a network of support that promotes their rehabilitation.

Treatment Group-The group makes use of peer influence and group dynamics to encourage users to share their thoughts and feelings with the rest of the group, allowing them to grow inwardly. In each meeting, the group determines a topic of discussion for members to share their opinions on the matter among themselves, which generates mutually supportive relationships and help them to form conclusive ideas and values that help to your life detoxification and rehabilitation.

Growth group- The treatment process involves four stages, namely: the beginner stage, explosive phase, orientation phase and reintegration phase. Based on the phase in which users are located, the center organizes different groups according to the degree of progression of the various stages. The members hold discussions with those who are at a stage similar within the group to develop a sense of responsibility and purpose in life through the treatment process.

Family counseling and home visits – In so far as progress in treatment are closely linked with the relationship of users with their families, the center always tries to get in touch with their family members, asking them to participate in the treatment, as this may increase their effectiveness. And if necessary, the center tries to resolve family conflicts in order to improve the relationship of users with their families. When the behavior of users reveals stable

during treatment, are allowed to visit their families once a month in order to rebuild a healthy family life.

(2) Activities to improve personal and social skills

English language course-A volunteer teacher gives English lessons to clients once a week.

Hiking and exercise - walking the users do once or twice a week and participate in various outdoor activities such as swimming, bowling, badminton and basketball.



Lecture on Health-users to attend a monthly lecture on health, given by nurses Extensive Service Overseas, which covers topics such as AIDS, hepatitis, influenza and oral hygiene.



Arts and crafts - the users participate at least twice a week in training and practice of arts and crafts such as painting, sewing and crafts with recycled materials. These activities help them to rebuild their confidence and self-esteem, improving their manual dexterity, concentration and patience. In 2011, the Center has exposed the artwork of users in different festive occasions.



Cultural activities are organized-visits of users to various museums in Macao, the different types of art exhibitions, temples, parks and the Macao Science Center.



Reading them moving users to the library once a week Coloane, to read books, magazines or books loan request.

Yoga practice - sessions once or twice per week for the user to maintain a balance of body and mind.

Gardening-users the care of flowers and plants and learn how to treat them

Cooking lesson, once a week, learn how to make cakes, biscuits and dim sum.

Christian New Life Fellowship-
Rehabilitation Center



Christian New Life Fellowship of Macau - Rehabilitation Center

I. Brief Introduction

Founded in 1996, the Christian New Life Fellowship of Macau is an institution detoxification by evangelical nonprofit. Under the guiding spirit of Christ's love for humanity, helps addicts to refrain from addiction, rebuild your individual values, re-establish contact with their families and reintegrate into society. It has the "Rehabilitation Center" for service inpatient detox center for addicts in males.

II. Brief presentation of life in the Centre in 2011

(1) Situation internment of users

1.1 In 2011, 7 people were hospitalized, and there were 7 cases of inpatient service use.

1.2 Duration of treatment

In 2011, the situation of users admitted to treatment was quite stable. In any of the durations of treatment is 4 to 9 months, 10 to 12 months or longer than one year, there were a higher number of users compared to 2010. After confirming the records of the Centre, there were two factors that contributed to stability: (1) those who voluntarily sought detoxification and had a strong determination in treatment (2) the compulsory treatment of drug addiction in a situation of probation. These two factors seem to have important effects on the stability of users, remain in treatment.

1.3 Distribution group

Users have mostly aged between 30 and 59 years.

1.4 Origin of cases

Most addicts seeks treatment voluntarily or at the request of the family, and is followed by those who were transferred to the Detoxification Center because the situation of probation.

The main reason behind the voluntary detoxification is the inability to get consumers to pay the enormous costs of the drug. Unable to live in this

situation chose to go to the center. The second reason is that the drugs cause obvious damage to the body, to the point of modifications harmful physical and drug addicts cannot get rid of the addiction. Given all this, they resort to the help of the Centre.

Drug treatment in a state of suspended sentence is a tracking service cooperative between the Christian New Life Fellowship of Macau, the Department of Social Welfare and SWB. The drug has been transferred to the Centre had a weak motivation for detoxification and therefore their adaptation to the processing and life Center required a more prolonged period of time. But after spending some time to adapt and get advice, some of them managed to become familiar and joined gradually to the treatment of their addiction. So its no longer a negative attitude and accept treatment.

1.5 Type of treatment for drug addiction

Most users are addicted to heroin (white powder), followed by ketamine and methamphetamine. In recent years, coupled with public concern about excessive alcohol consumption, the Center began to receive requests for the treatment of alcoholism. Among these, his history of alcoholism has on average over 10 years, and yet they started or contact the center for help by phone or through the family realized that when your body and brain were suffering obvious damage caused by excessive alcohol consumption.

(2) Activities of users

Classroom routine and class interest



Lecture on repair and maintenance of water facilities and electricity



Lecture on the Bible



Calligraphy class



Lecture pastry



Splendid Glow Team



Charcoal drawing class

Family gatherings during the holidays



Participation in community activities



Evangelical Movie viewing "The most dangerous person."

Help users in the tents of game activity the fight against drugs

Training and learning



Course of self-knowledge - training camp on the Enneagram of Personality

Meeting with Operation DAWN (Dawn) in Hong Kong

III. Conclusion and Perspectives

Accompanying the changes in many aspects of social life after the handover of Macau, a variety of substances that cause addiction was very diverse. The "drugs" were no longer just heroin. Between 2008-2010, the number of cases of people seeking help for addiction treatment ketamine and methamphetamine comes after heroin. Although there are many hospitalizations for treatment of cases of alcohol dependence, the number of people seeking help or advice in this center for drug addiction has been increasing. In this context and to deal with the practical need of treatment services and drug rehab, the Center plans to expand and restructure its facilities in 2012 compared to the sector of services, providing housing for users and hand labor adequate these services to meet the practical needs of people addicted.

Christian New Life Fellowship Macao SY-Tribe

Brief presentation Tribe S.Y.

In response to the continuous change of society and the increasingly serious problem of drug abuse among the youth population, the Christian New Life Fellowship Macau founded the "Section for Youth Development" Smart Youth "in 2003, with the aim of helping and advice young people with a tendency to drug abuse or addiction. As of March 2009, this section is now called Tribe SY (Smart-Youth/ youth Smart), to promote extensive service abroad through its Centre dawn and a team that provides services night.





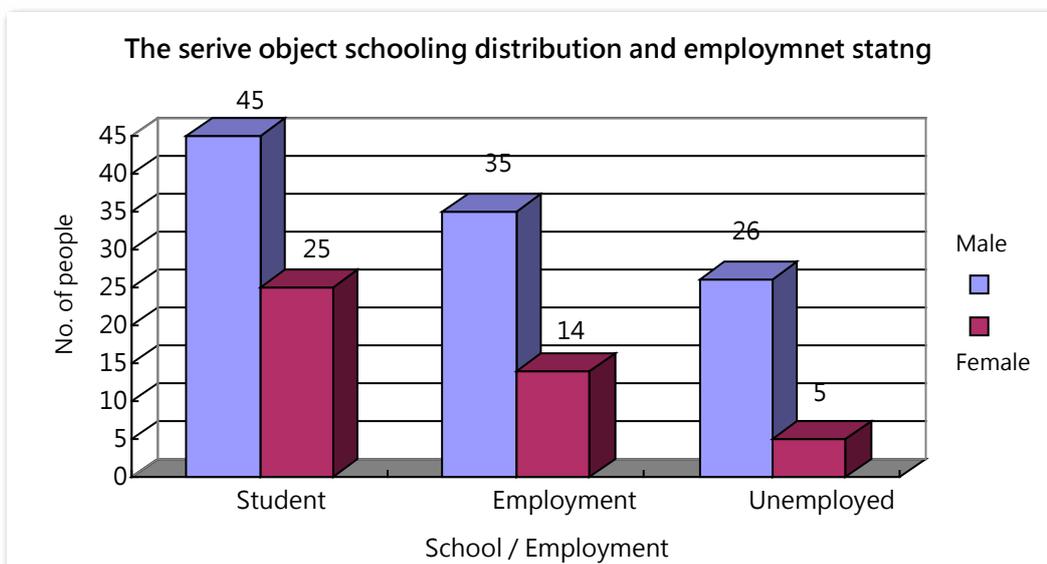
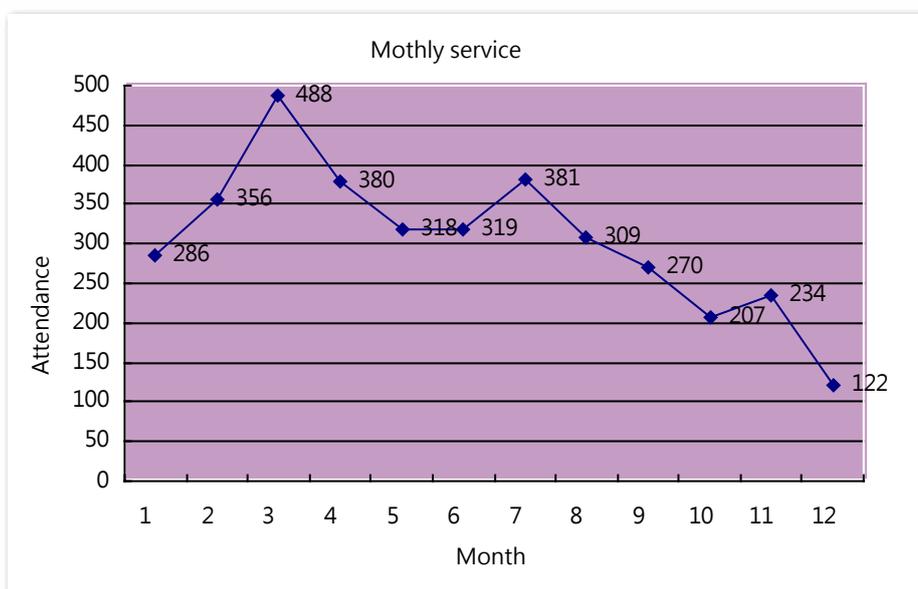
1. Content from the Service

The Tribe S.Y. mainly adopts the model of extensive service abroad during the night in order to provide services to young drug addicts or prone to drug abuse, to help them abstain from drugs and learn more about the harmful impact that drugs can bring and guide them to find the meaning of life. Fight to promote primary and secondary prevention of drug abuse and familiarize young people with the various services offered at the Center. In his post, provides physical and medical examination to high-risk youth and gives basic information about the damage caused by drug abuse in order to achieve the goal of harm reduction. The work of the Center for Services Dawn focuses on the use of its own facilities to attract groups of high-risk youth who roam the streets, providing them with a venue where they can do activities and occupy their leisure time in an environment healthy.

Content from the Service	Extensive Service Abroad	Late Night Service Center
Promotion of secondary prevention of drug abuse	✓	✓
Group activities, counseling and referral of cases	✓	✓
Class development interests	—	✓
Program examination	✓	✓
Peer counseling program	—	✓
Forwarding service vocation	✓	✓
Service formation of volunteers	✓	✓
Consultation services for parents	✓	✓
Support for other services	✓	✓

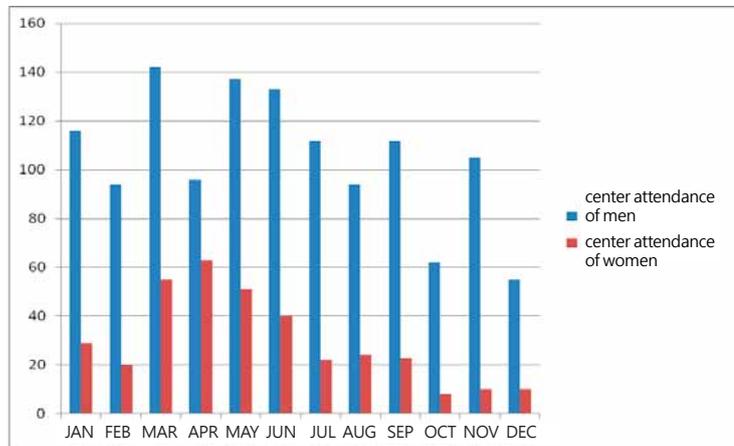
2. Summary of work done in 2011

In 2011, the Tribe S.Y. served 3670 people-time, ie, 1613-people were treated at the time of its Center Late Night and extensive service abroad contacted 2057 people-time. Among these, 1445 people received counseling and time-oriented prevention of drug abuse. Currently, the Tribe S.Y. has 150 members, including 106 males and 44 females, aged between 16 and 27 years, with 70 students, 49 employed and 31 unemployed.



1.Late-night center and outreach services overview

Admission Center late at night to attract safe places of entertainment in the form of high-risk youth in the area and to provide them with education on the prevention of drug abuse and drug abuse counseling and follow-up work, and in 2011 recorded a total of 1,613 service trips. Male admission 1,258 passengers and 355 passengers; female Admission. Outreach work, mainly concentrated in the youth-infested places of entertainment at night, and to provide them with drug prevention and harm reduction guidance services. Services include drug education, alcohol harm reduction, enhance the sense of crisis, guide Thinking refused drug abuse skills, women self-protection awareness, advocacy centers and activities. In 2011, the outreach teams a total of 2,057 passengers promotional materials distributed drug prevention; actual contact and provide guidance services a total of 2,002 people, 1,531 people were male, female and 471 passengers.



The Name of the substance	2011 the first half of the year		2011 the second half of the year		Total	
	No. of people	Percentage	No. of people	Percentage	No. of people	Percentage
Marijuana	6	7.59%	0	0.00%	6	5.26%
Methamphetamine (Ice)	18	22.78%	7	20.00%	25	21.93%
Cocaine	2	2.53%	3	8.57%	5	4.39%
A Amphetamine Methylenedioxy (Ecstasy)	5	6.33%	1	2.86%	6	5.26%
Nimetazepam (Five)	7	8.86%	3	8.57%	10	8.77%
Ketamine (k)	38	48.10%	21	60.00%	59	51.75%
Other	3	3.80%	0	0.00%	3	2.63%
Total	79	100.00%	35	100.00%	114	100.00%

2. a central registration system

Drug abuse youth in 2011 by the the SY tribal Login central registration system for 74 people, aged 16-25 years of age or less than 9 percent of the total number, of which there are many young people use a variety of new types of drugs, mainly to the abuse of ketamine (commonly known as K earners) and methamphetamine (commonly known as pork), from the bodies outreach services digital display, the current drug abuse in young people tends concealment, but also years of drug abuse adolescent psychiatric symptoms.

3. an annual summary of activities

3.1 The center activities plan

"Live healthy" body inspection program in 2011 to promote, "shimmer action the peer counseling cultivation plan, except through physical examination and cognitive neuroscience test plan, so that young people understand the impact of drug abuse on the body and the life, and the medical staff. intervention, not only to provide medical examinations for young people for drug abuse, but also to the center in the field of pre-screening services, and to strengthen the health care workers' awareness of drug abuse services, institutions and organizations related to Hong Kong Tung Wah Group of Hospitals CROSS Centre exchange. Also through the "shimmer action" peer counseling cultivation plan in action, or to maintain the period of drug abuse in young people now being abuse drugs someone who has experience to help young people to reflect on the meaning of life, and at the same time promote parents support services, parents should the current the adolescent mentality and growth needs.

3.2 mid-level drug prevention education programs

The consistent goal of the organization is to provide secondary prevention of drug abuse and drug abuse and high-risk youth to provide different types of services. These include



the week to the Australian night games or near the publicity brought in drug prevention education messages and harm reduction message for young people to reflect on the life or drug abuse problems.

SY tribal member of the birthday celebrations, and the promotion of "Every weekend weekend stimulated Life", aimed at building and maintaining relationships with the youth target group, and the opportunity to increase their exposure to positive activities. And for 12 large withdrawal or try stopping young people consolidate their withdrawal determination to find some of the harm reduction method in 2011 to promote a range of positive activities, including adventure activities, water war and series sexual activity. In addition, due to the needs of the youth group to set up a different interest in activities, they break through the self and to develop their talents.

3.3 the Narcotics youth collar wind SHOW

The medication the center and "very Macau Original Music Association," cooperation organization had the experience of young people learn through singing and composing, first-person experience to participate in the creation of anti-drug song, give itself reflect on the impact of drug abuse on the body in the process, so that the songs more representative, have been the causes of the majority of juvenile drug abuse, peer affecting life in the lives of young people so that, through the activities of their songs. When the songs recorded after the completion of the CD, also held a large-scale anti-drug music carnivals and amortization exhibition activities, the aspirations of young people to come to disseminate anti-drug messages to the public, and to encourage young people to stay away from drugs.



3.4 Community Correction Support Programme

DSAJ support services center to continue cooperation with the Office for Social Rehabilitation organized the 2011 anti-drug plan and design the four activities, including "non-toxic Act 2011", "cross medicine new TEEN 2011", "insurance experience in the course of the night Camp, Life direction not drugs Raiders ", various activities primarily through adventure activities, visits and lectures for participants to face the adventure difficult or dangerous task, to understand the problem of drug abuse, to re-examine themselves and learn new ways of thinking to solve difficulties while drug abuse or high-risk young people about the new drug law, and to deepen the understanding of the harmful effects of drug abuse and the negative consequences of their drug awareness, harm reduction, so that young implement knowledgeable about the law, know the laws, law-abiding .



3.5 CDC prevention campaigns

For prevention and advocacy work at the invitation of the Center for Disease Control and Prevention, Health Bureau, to different casinos, on the one hand, casino employees to understand the importance of good health, on the other hand to recognize the dangers of drug abuse. A total of eight casinos the top force participation.



3.6 propaganda expand

Young people today because of peer influence easy access to different types of party drugs, but the young people is not easy to find their own damage, therefore the center invited quitting or produced action or maintain drug abuse in young people with knowledge of drugs and harm reduction messages publicity goods, including less injuries promotional cards, K Tsai promotional cards, methamphetamine promotional cards, dice cup publicity, positive fan pro-



motional materials, etc., publicity materials which also include some of the Australia's latest legislation, good allow young people to be quitting reflect and inspire young people about drugs promote drug abuse messages.

3.7 Staff Training

Staff training this year there are two items, First "to enhance leadership and coaching performance training work", the other "how to defuse pressure Workshop, two projects for the development of body, mind, and spirit" of the team and the implementation of, and "enhance the leadership and coaching performance training work" training, the purpose is to increase the co-workers on the agency's sense of identity and express feelings in mind and to clarify some of the misconceptions that through communication, so as to enhance the team a sense of belonging. Workshop "in the" How to defuse the pressure, the instructors led the team to understand the sources skills and Shufa pressure of pressure, so that the body, mind, and spirit of the team to grow.



3.8 National Drug Abuse Prevention Seminar

To participate in this year's National Drug Abuse Prevention and seminars for workers to broaden their horizons, inspired by the thinking of the staff, to understand the characteristics and outcomes of the different regions of drug treatment services, and enhance the staff's ability to work and knowledge. Meeting through sharing center services and articles, academic and exchange of experience with other regions, participate in different workshops to learn more in different parts of the existing drug treatment, help co-workers understand the nation-wide anti-drug prevention, harm reduction, awareness emerging knowledge of drugs and drug detection work.



3.9 The CE visits S.Y tribal

Since the 2009 adjustment center services, the agency observed the need for more high-risk youth, thus promoting various social associations and the close cooperation of the relevant departments of the government of Macau, a plan together to support high-risk youth and drug abuse youth Correction suggestions. 2011 the Government of the Macao Special Administrative Region (SAR) Chief Executive Fernando Chui Sai personally visit the center for interviews work, warm and moving scenes, various government officials on the one hand to understand the center to promote the service, and to listen to the voice of someone who has 2, as well as front-line social workers Share .



2011 Calendar of Events

Categories of activities	Activities	Date
"Live healthy" physical examination plan	professional medical treatment	throughout the year
	Doctors in the field service	
	BC camp	
Professional training	anti-drug medical personnel to exchange and training activities	October
The "shimmer action" peer counseling cultivation plan	living experience activities	Annual
	Outreach work	
	Parent support work	
	Interest in activities	
Mid-level drug prevention education programs.	Professional skills training	Annual
	A.Courses training	
	1 English Class 2. Football classes 3 Cakes 4 basketball classes	
	B.Kinds of activities	
	1. BBQ + water war 2 Mid-Autumn Festival activities 3 On the drug say sexually playback night 4. Neway activities 5 Table Tennis Competition 6. Bowling activities 7 insurance experience in the course of New Year's Party 8.	
	C. Third Experience	
	1. Centre Travel 2. War Game	
	Fourth series of activities	
	1 month birthday 2 weeks is not stimulated Life	
	Narcotics youth collar Wind SHOW	
Community Correction Support Scheme	A. DSAJ support services	throughout the year
	1. "Of nontoxic law 2011" 2 "cross drug the new TEEN 2011" 3. "Insurance experience in the course of the night Camp 4. "Life's direction, not drugs Raiders"	
	B. CDC prevention campaigns	
	Casino prevention and advocacy work	
Publicity and propaganda	Work to expand outreach	throughout the year
	Prevention of night games	
Youth Concern Group of Narcotics Control Commission (Parent Tips)	Video production	December
Staff training	to enhance leadership and coaching performance training work	June to December
	How to defuse pressure Workshop	

4.Future outlook:

2011 in response to a number of studies have shown that youth drug abuse presents hidden more in their own home and a friend's house in drug abuse. And learned that in some cases due to long-term drug abuse and the physical and mental symptoms in the front line, this observation also extend Macau Narcotics Control Commission Youth Concern Group "youth drug abuse severity results tally. Macau Christian Life Fellowship SY, tribal future will be through the strengthening of outreach work, continued to promote secondary prevention education work gradually contact to find and covert assistance to drug abuse teenagers, and vigorously promote drug abuse counseling and follow-up work, early intervention abuse which the life of the drugs young people, helping them to restructure the value of transforming lives significance.

Macao Renovation and Mutual Assistance Association



Renovation and Mutual Assistance Association of Macau

The Renovation and Mutual Assistance Association of Macau has two departments, namely the Department of Social Services and the Department of Development and Mutual Support (referred to here as Operating Department). The work of the Department of Social Services focuses on two areas: general issues related to the cohesion of its members and a monitoring service to help rehabilitated addicts to adopt a more disciplined lifestyle. This is responsible for organizing all kinds of recreational activities, family support services, training courses and initiatives leading to the reintegration of its members. In turn, the Operations Department provides services to support employment through simulated work environments and deals mainly with the receipt and management of external works and the training of members in professional skills such as cleaning services, mosquito control and how to make minor small household repairs.

I. Overview of services in 2011

(1) Distribution service lunch

Since its establishment, the Association has provided free breakfast to its members to alleviate their basic needs and reduce financial pressure. A total of 4292 persons / times benefited from this service in 2011.

(2) Exchange and training, sporting and recreational activities

In order to strengthen cohesion among its members and their families, to promote the strengthening of support services after the post-treatment dependence, the association organizes every year a variety of sporting and recreational activities, as well as meetings between their members and their families. Among the activities carried out in 2011, being: project promotion, community-based service for harm reduction, celebrations of the Lunar New Year, mosquito control as an expression of affection, celebration of the 11th anniversary and praise from members more distinguished themselves, family gathering of the mid-autumn festival, new people, new social housing

kitchen and family fun. Participated in these activities a total of 1,020 person-times. Every year, the Association provides to its senior management team participate in academic seminars, to exchange ideas and improve their professionalism in monitoring treatments of this type.

(3) Task volunteer

In 2011, to encourage drug addicts rehabilitated to participate in social services, teams of volunteers from the Association have provided services 64 times, involving 336 volunteers, training for mosquito control, cleaning services and home repair for the benefit of elderly living alone, rehabilitated mentally ill, and homes for children and youth.



The isolated elderly members helped to move house.



The volunteer members have provided mosquito control services to private institutions of social solidarity.

(4) Special Team of Volunteers for extended service

The Team was established in 2004 and consists of rehabilitated drug addiction; harm reduction is the aim of this extensive service abroad. The content of the work includes the inspection of critical points of abandoned syringes, collecting abandoned syringes in different neighborhoods, distributing pamphlets and condoms as a means of strengthening the attention of addicts, citizens and workers in the sex industry for crises caused by AIDS and other infectious diseases.



The Special Team of Volunteers for extensive service regularly collects abandoned syringes at critical points

In 2011, the team undertook 29 outputs for collecting abandoned syringes, with a participation of 152 members to collect time-186 syringes, 26 outlets to distribute leaflets in 9 locations, with a participation of 134 members and 7-time outputs to inspect point' s critics, with a participation of 52 members-times.

(5) Service monitoring post-treatment

This service is performed by a team of social workers and former drug addicts rehabilitated. Take the initiative to contact rehabilitated addicts, through home visits, interviews, telephone answering and provides legal advice to assist them in adapting to a more disciplined life, to ensure the success of the treatment. All these initiatives are designed to offer them emotional support, for a more orderly, during the process of social reintegration.

(6) Training in vocational skills for its members

The Operations Department is responsible for the training of its members in professional skills, in addition to lectures, practice performing works commissioned from abroad, as well as simulated work environments to train its members in the practical application of knowledge. In 2011, the Association took a variety of jobs, such as trimming lawns, mosquito control, cleaning chores, transportation of goods and materials, cleaning and repair of air conditioners. Among these 689 jobs, which generated revenues of MOP164.108, 29, most of them referred to the transport of materials and cleaning tasks, attended by 3902 members-time.

II. Statistics on the number of partners

Until the end of 2011, the Association had 117 members, of which 26 were staff members and other beneficiaries' 91 members, including 110 males and 7 females. Those members, 92 living in Macau and 25 in mainland China. Regarding age, the majority was in the age group between 41 and 60 years, but within this, the sub-group of 51-55 accounted for 22% of the total. Followed up the groups of 36-40, 41-45 and 56-60, each representing 15% of the total. As in recent years the number of partners comes up approaching the saturation point, the development in the coming years will focus on family members.

Comparison of the number of people served between 2010 and 2011:

Statistics on the number of people served by Renovation and Mutual Assistance Association of Macau		2010	2011
Department of Social Services	Number of persons / times served on the extensive service abroad	3.156	2.570
	Number of persons / times that participated in extension activities and meetings	10	10
	Number of person-times participating in specific activities related to general affairs of the Association	1.056	1.703
	Number of persons / times of inputs and outputs and beneficiaries lunch	5.816	4.292
Operating Department	Number of persons / times that provided services to the Operating Department	3.290	3.360
Total persons / times that benefited from the service		13.328	11.935

III. Perspectives

(1) Enhance the effectiveness of the support provided to family members.

After years of observations, it becomes clear that the family is the social system that gives more support to former drug addicts rehabilitated. However, many members have difficulties in relationships with their families and vice versa, due to pressures felt by members derived their adaptation to a life and a social environment more disciplined. To prevent drug abuse trans generational, the Association continues to devote major efforts to developing services for the family. Through home visits and all kinds of family gatherings, aims to offer more opportunities for members to improve their communication with family and thereby strengthen the function of this rehabilitation, strengthening the support system of treatment.

(2) Encourage members to participate in social services and creating an accepting and supportive social environment

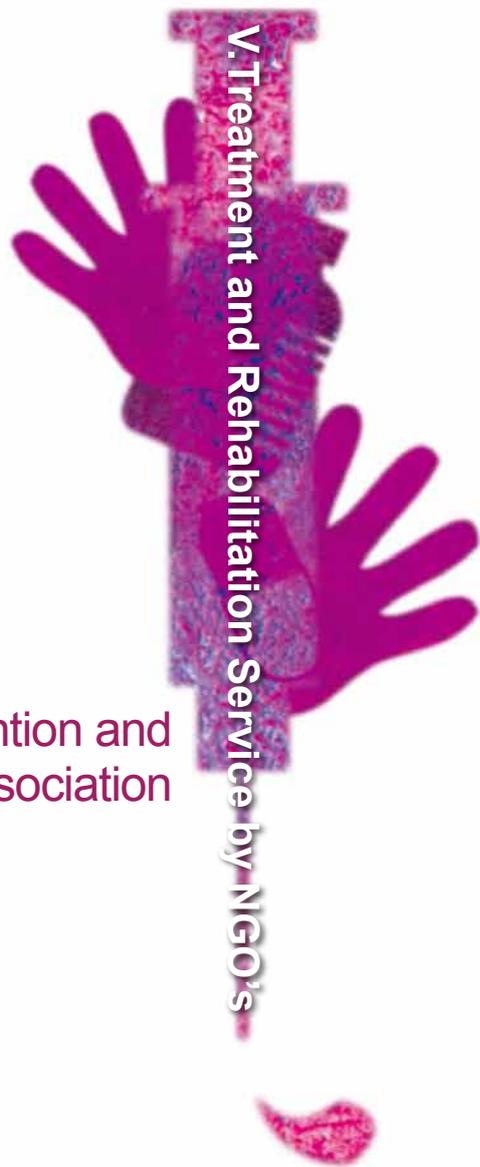
The Association always encourages its members to participate in volunteer work, such as cleaning tasks, mosquito control, visit the local critics for collecting used syringes, which gives them an opportunity to help others in difficulty. By performing concerts and distribution of promotional flyers, members seek to get the message across to the target audience that should not be touched in abandoned syringes, as well as the risks of needle sharing and general tips on preventing infection HIV-AIDS. These activities help members rebuild their personal image, contributing to their social reintegration and creating a comprehensive and cohesive society.

(3) Encourage members to persist in permanent study

The Association adopted always the attitude of to be pro-active in the development and management of its social services and never declined to introduce new services which could better meet the needs of rehabilitated former drug addicts. When organizing a permanent basis, training and exchange programs for

their staff, that can gain more practical knowledge and experience, which facilitates the progress of the Association.

Smoking Abstinence and
Good Health Association



Charity Association Au Hon Sam- Free Outpatient Service of Smoking Cessation and Avoidance Association for Tobacco and Health

I. Brief Introduction

The Charity Association Au Hon Sam, founded in 1989, is a nonprofit association that has been promoting all sorts of advertising campaigns on the prevention of smoking and its harmful effects. Whereas in recent years more and more people, especially younger people, acquire the bad habit of smoking and also to transform Macau into a healthy city, the Au Hon Sam started in 2005 in collaboration with the SWB, in development "Outpatient services Free of smoking Cessation", with the aim of helping residents of Macau to refrain from tobacco addiction and know the damage there, by providing multiple services from the provision of smoking cessation medications, counseling psychosocial, workshops, publicity and educational activities to prevent smoking and expert evaluation and consultation on smoking cessation. The aim is to reinforce the results of smoking cessation and help those who are being treated for withdrawal to gain more trust and determination.

The Association for the Avoidance of Tobacco and Health, founded in 1980, is a nonprofit association that is a member of the international organization Global Smoke free Partnership. Organizes every year several activities in promoting smoking cessation and "say no to drugs", performing educational seminars and thematic incorporating primary prevention drug in their advertising campaigns at all levels of society. Over the past 30 years since its foundation, has been dedicated to promoting the work persistently smoking cessation, thus receiving great attention from society. Due to the age of smokers being increasingly early, was created Youth Commission, whose core is composed of leading education workers, students and young personalities from industry and business. The Commission strives to convey, with great tenacity, information on smoking cessation, with the aim of "protecting human health and the call for smoking cessation".

II. Charity Association Au Hon Sam - Free Service for Outpatient Smoking Cessation and Avoidance Association for Tobacco and Health

Brief presentation of work undertaken in 2011:

(1) Summary of work done by the Office of Free Outpatient Smoking Cessation

Following the imminent promulgation of the new "Scheme for Prevention and Tobacco Control", in 2011 there was a steady increase in the number of people seeking outpatient smoking cessation (Table 1). In 2011, the Outpatient served a total of 1,317 person-times (Table 2), of which 386 were male and 241 female users. 627 people received a first-time consulting and 690 person-times received the following queries. For the first query, the youngest was 15 years old and the oldest 84, while most stood in the age groups 30-39, 40-49 and resided in the north of Macau. (Table 3 and Table 5). Among the 561 cases followed successfully, 10% were able to maintain abstinence from smoking (63 persons) (Table 4).

Table 1: Number of people who have requested consultation with the Office of the Outpatient Smoking Cessation (2009 ~ 2011)

2009	Persons-fold	2010	Persons-fold	2011	Persons-fold
first consultation	475	first consultation	300	first consultation	627
following consultations	742	following consultations	517	following consultations	690
Total	1.217	Total	817	Total	1.317

Table 2: Statistics of the users of the Service Free of Smoking Cessation Outpatient 2011

Month	First user consultation male	First user consultation female	Following consultation of male clients	Following consultation of female users
January	35	1	16	0
February	20	12	22	5
March	26	15	42	7
April	30	11	39	13
May	16	1	52	4
June	32	18	46	3
July	23	33	54	15
August	22	30	38	17
September	34	54	29	9
October	57	53	36	13
November	39	3	50	13
December	52	10	142	25
Subtotal	386	241	566	124
Total	627		690	

Table 3: Statistics group of users of the Outpatient Service Free of Smoking Cessation 2011

Age	No. of people	Percentage of total people who were the first consultation (%)	observation
18 years or less	20	3%	The youngest aged 15)
19-29	115	18%	
30-39	159	26%	
40-49	94	15%	
50-59	99	16%	
60-69	83	13%	
70-79	42	7%	
80 years or more	15	2%	(The eldest aged 84)
unknown	0	0%	

Table 4: Telephone interview

		Percentage
Follow up by phone	561	90%
Number of people who reported having quit smoking	63	10%

Table 5: Distribution of people who quit smoking, parish by 2011

zone	parish	No. of people	They refused to give information
North Zone	Parish of Our Lady of Fatima	155	25
	Parish of St. Anthony	90	0
	Parish of Saint Lazarus	110	3
Central zone	Parish of St. Lawrence	60	3
	Cathedral Parish	50	6
	Cathedral Parish	50	6
Islands Zone	Parish of Our Lady of Carmel	85	0
	Parish of St. Francis Xavier	30	10
	COTAI	0	0
		580	47

* Many who sought smoking cessation reside in the North Zone. Due to the current location of Outpatient smoking cessation, their displacement resulted in an inconvenient and therefore the rate did not increase followed queries (which indirectly affect the success rate of smoking cessation).

2) Synthesis of preventive activity and production of publications

Although the "Scheme of Prevention and Tobacco Control" has failed 100% ban on smoking in enclosed areas, is however stipulated that smoking is banned inside most workplaces and public places, in all vehicles public transport and also in some important public places outdoors. Moreover, the government has updated the tax tobacco from 4 to 10 patacas, an increase of 1.5 times compared with 2009. In 2006, China became a signatory of the "Framework Convention of the World Health Organization for Tobacco Control", Article 6 of which provides that "measures relating to prices and taxes are an effective and important means to reduce the tobacco consumption by various segments of the population, in particular among young people. "The increase in the

tobacco tax helps increase the likelihood of people moving from weak financial resources "smoking" a "non-smoking". Therefore, to complement the objectives of the "Regime Prevention and Tobacco Control" and to comply with the directives of the "Framework Convention of the World Health Organization for Tobacco Control", the Government increased the consumer tax on tobacco product, which shows the seriousness of the government in the prevention and tobacco control.

	2008	2009	2011
Overall smoking rate	17,3%	16%	16,9%
Male smoking rate	30,7%	29,9%	31,4%
Female smoking rate	4,3%	3%	3,8%

Note: the targets analyzed in 2008 and 2009 were people with ages from 14 years or more, Macau. For 2011, the targets were analyzed with people age 15 and up, Macau. (Source: Directorate of Statistics and Census)

Smoking status of the population 13-15 years of Macao:

	2000	2005	2010
Overall smoking rate	7,0%	10,4%	5,7%
Male smoking rate	8,1%	11,0%	4,4%
Female smoking rate	5,6%	9,8%	7,1%

Source: Survey on Tobacco Use among Youth of Macau)

3) Publication of the booklet "Smoking Cessation and Health"

The little book of "Smoking Cessation and Health" was distributed free of charge by private charitable institutions and organizations worldwide anti-smoking (especially in Macau, Hong Kong, China and Taiwan). The booklet contains information about the harms of tobacco, knowledge relevant to the health

and thesis, compiled by the Association and other academic groups.

(4) Vehicle Promotion

The vehicle of promotion brought to the Out-patient Smoking Cessation, out of the clinic, to make it more accessible to the community and made it circular by several neighborhoods in Macau, to advertise the slogan "no smoking, no drugs" throughout city, encouraging young people to remain tobacco free and drug. Extensively promotes smoking cessation and anti-smoking drug among and informs about the harmful effects of tobacco and drugs. We also provide free consultations and cardio and pulmonology examinations and tests level of carbon monoxide in blood by those wishing to put an end to tobacco addiction and encouraged them to lead a healthy life, free of drugs and smoking. It is expected therefore to attract more smokers to smoking cessation service in Free Outpatient Smoking Cessation Association of Charity Au Hon Sam or Service Inquiry Smoking Cessation Health Centre With the team was distributed publicity pamphlets information in brochures and on the prevention and treatment of drug, damages and penalties for drug abuse, which material has been prepared by different government departments with messages to the public.

List of activities undertaken by the Association of Charity Au Hon Sam and Association for Abstain from Smoking and Health in 2011

N.º	Title of activity
1	"No tobacco, no drugs" School Debate Seong Fan
2	Debate on the "No Tobacco University Musical Show"
3	Debate on "Youth anti-tobacco" Go Crazy "
4	Stand on "Macau International Forum and Exhibition on Environmental Cooperation"
5	"No tobacco, no drugs" Debate Center Special Care Rejuvenating
6	Participation in the "15th National Academic Symposium on Tobacco Control"
7	Participation in the "Celebration of the Anniversary of the Chinese Medical Huatuo" 2011
8	Contest painting and drawing comics for youth and students and "No Smoking, No to Drugs" contest themed children's coloring
9	Program activities themed on "developing a tobacco-free environment and create a healthy Zhuhai"
10	Participation in the "World No Tobacco Day"
11	Arrayal allusive to the "21 th Anniversary of the Day of Abstention Tobacco Macao"
12	Participation in the activity of the "International Day against Drug Abuse and Illicit Drug Trafficking"
13	Participation in the "Forum de Macau"
14	Participation in the "5. ° Exchange of Experience Seminar on the Prevention and Treatment of Tobacco among China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau
15	"Quality and Expo - Living the Carnival of 2011 in Macau Lohas"
16	7. Anniversary Carnival Day Health Macau
17	Activity commemoration of 62. Anniversary of the PRC, 12. Anniversary of Macao and 23. Anniversary of the Charitable Association Au Hon Sam - Banquet in Honor and Respect for the Elderly
18	Photo Contest with the theme "Freedom of tobacco and drug-free" family
19	Themed activities for the family series on "No smoking, no drugs and happy family"
20	Participation in the "5th Carnival on Occupational Safety and Health in Macau 2011"
21	Launching Ceremony Participation in the Union against Tobacco
22	"No Smoke Without Drugs &" performance promotional theme - "A No Tobacco March in Macau and Say No to Drug Abuse" themed parade
23	Anti-Drug and Anti-smoke Drama Contest Theme - " Macau without smoke " Talent Show
24	Give Warmth in Winter - visits to isolated seniors in Macau
25	Participate in the television show "Call in Macau" Lotus TV to discuss the Tobacco Control Act
26	Meeting for exchange of ideas among young students and youth organizations Macau Mainland China
27	Promotion of "Tobacco Control Act" by the Smoking Cessation Team Volunteer

III. Conclusion & Perspectives:

1. The World Health Organization (WHO) stressed that to realize the "W" (Warning) measures of MPOWER defends actions taken to "warn about the danger of tobacco" as an important part, which can be reached by advertising campaigns and education, such as university lectures with community-based anti-smoking campaigns, change the knowledge and attitudes of citizens (especially among young smokers) raising their awareness about the dangers of tobacco and to increase the sense of compliance, to abstain from smoking and smoking cessation, rather than focusing solely on behavioral control. In view of this, the Association will continue to organize relevant activities in order to strengthen the prevention of tobacco use and promote the importance of healthy lifestyle.
2. The problem of youth smoking is often associated with stress and its heavy atmosphere of the schools. According to statistics, the proportion of smokers in the population of young smokers Macau has been increasing in recent years. Some young people hide their smoking habits of parents and teachers. The Association has made visits to schools and private institutions of youth services to conduct preventive education. Teachers and social workers took advantage of the school environment and family system to provide personalized counseling service for students seriously affected by stress. The Association adopted a new orientation in the activities organized. Regarding the development of adolescents, it is important to be able to communicate with them and provide them with appropriate care. The company should look in earnest for youth smoking and substance abuse, their conduct and behavior. Because tobacco use is considered a threshold of contact with other drugs, restricting the access of minors to tobacco will be conducive to reduce the chances of contact with said light drugs. In view of this, the Association will focus its work on the new generation, keeping the educational activities in schools and universities to promote a model of behavior "without smoke and without drugs."

3. The mobile advertising vehicle for the promotion of "no smoking and no drugs" was different neighborhoods, especially the densely populated area of the North Zone and around the Gate to promote information about the adverse health effects caused by using the tobacco. The vehicle also provided free queries about smoking cessation, cardiac and pneumology simple tests, tests of level of carbon monoxide in the blood and measuring blood pressure.
4. To implement the concept of "smoke-free family" among the public, as many seeking smoking cessation show that there is more than one smoker in the family. The Association will step up efforts so that more smokers and non-smokers can understand the mutually affective relationship between them and show the harms of tobacco use and the consequences they have on the family.
5. According to statistics, the female smoking population in Macau has been increasing and increasingly tends to be younger. As revealed by the data of 2010, the smoking rate for women aged 13-15 exceeded for the first time, the male, which is a situation that causes concern. Based on the fact that many smokers do not contact the Association for assistance in recent years, the Association hopes to collaborate with women's organizations to introduce smoking cessation services, and advertising campaigns on the harmful effects of tobacco, especially among women. This may provide women smoking more information on the different channels to seek help for smoking cessation. The Association is committed to expanding the scope of collaboration with key local associations, organizations, schools, businesses and businesses to penetrate the society and introducing more themed activities, be more participatory and introduce new ideas to Macau through study abroad experiences to derive from experiments advanced regions. They will enhance visual campaign effectiveness, make use of multimedia networks, social networking sites and TV channels to broadcast anti-smoking messages of hope to increase the "ratio of clicks" and level of interest / concern for young people. Will constantly

optimize the flow of outpatient service, improve the professionalism of their staff, increase its counseling service and make it more personalized and systematic to perform a meta-analysis of the data collected.

6. Will participate in surveys research on the physical and mental development of youth and the effectiveness and satisfaction of residents on the "Tobacco Control Act".

Photos of activities:

- Competition in painting and drawing comics for youth and students and "No Smoking, No to Drugs" contest themed children's coloring



- Program Activities themed "Developing a smoke-free environment and create a healthy Zhuhai"



"No to Smoking and Drugs" Spectacle themed promotion - "A Milestone in Macau without-smoke & Says NO to drug abuse" themed parade



- Meeting for exchange of ideas among young students and youth organizations
Macau Mainland China



I. Government Information Bureau (Chinese version) - Health Services Commission affirmed and approved global measures to encourage smokers to stop smoking and to create a society free of smoking. December 18, 2011

II. "Framework Convention of the World Health Organization for Tobacco Control", WHO, Geneva, Switzerland (2005)

III. Man Pun I, Chan Si Hang, Hui Chi Kei, Ao Ka Fai, the Io Weng, Chang and Hong Man Chan Kin San. Research on the possible impact of anti-smoking policy based on a sample social. Taiwan: 5th Inter-Strait Conference on Tobacco Control

IV. Anne Landman, Philip Morris on Smoking and Socioeconomic status, <http://www.tobacco.org/news/70055.html>, 05/07/2011

V. Hou Kong Daily expects the Office for the Prevention and Control of Tobacco expand its scope of inspection. January 4, 2012.



VI. Research Work

In order to accomplish the work of drug control more effectively, it is essential to clearly perceive the situation, why the SAR Government attaches great importance to studies and research on the subject. Through information obtained from the "Central Registration System of Drug Abusers of Macao" and statistical compilations and analyzes made by the Division of Treatment and Social Rehabilitation of IAS on cases of treatment demand and also about the processes sentenced on drugs, obtained if reports on the data of drug abuse in Macau, the situation of the spread of contagious diseases among drug addicts in detox regime as well as the comparison of the penalties imposed on different types of drug offenses, which serve as important reference material.

To get a reliable idea of how severe the abuse of drugs by young people in Macao, the Working Group on Monitoring of Drug Issues Youth Commission under the tutelage of Drugs already completed the "Study on Gravity youth Addiction "and was also completed in 2011 the report on drug abuse among school and subsequent evaluation report on drug abuse among street youth population. These studies and research are a valuable reference in order to strengthen the prevention and treatment of drug dependence in Macau.

(1) Data on drug abuse in Macao obtained from the Central Register

1. General situation of addicts

In 2009, the SWB launched "Central Registration System for Drug Abusers of Macao" with the aim of collecting information that reveals the characteristics, the trend of drug abuse and the population of addicts Macau. Aiming to expand its source of information and thus obtain more representative data on population dependent SWB continued to make assessments and invite relevant government departments or private institutions to participate in their work. The aim is to build an extensive database to have

accurate records on drug abuse in Macau. In 2011, a total of 16 institutions / units participated in the implementation of the system, including 8 government departments and 8 private institutions, which recorded and reported 1023 times. Excluding repetitions, the exact number of drug users totaled 633.

Compared with 2010, the number of drug addicts in 2011 fell 5.9% and the number of cases of drug use by young people has fallen 36.8%. Based on the data recorded, the number of addict' s males remains higher than the female, with totals of 80.7%. Most consumes heroin (white powder) and ketamine (known as K), constituting, respectively, 31.8% and 25.6% of the total, while the number of consumer' s meth (ice or ice) remained similar in previous years, with about 15.3%. As the average age of drug initiation, consumers in traditional heroin had on average 24.9 years, while consumers of ketamine, a drug latest averaged 18.6 years, so much younger and more number of consumers. About 30% of all drug addicts consume two or more types of drugs, about 40% consumed drugs within China and 55% did so at home, at friends' houses or in hotels, venues and more discrete, for the most part, the reason for taking drugs is influenced by their peers.

Data collected in 2011 are similar to last year, with the only significant variations to register a rise in the age at which declare themselves addicts, which rose from 31.9 years in 2010 to 34.1 years in 2011. There were 110 drug addicts juveniles under age 21, representing 17.4% of the total, and that, compared to 35.3% in 2009 and 25.9% in 2010, indicating a steady decline of young consumers. On average, each consumer spends monthly MOP 7764 acquisition of drugs, an increase of 33.7% compared with 2010. It is noted that an increase in the number of addicts married and those which are already parents, indicating that the drug eventually might adversely affect families.

1.1 Basic Data

- The males occupy 80.7% of the total
- The consumer youngest is only 13 years old and the oldest 70 years, 34.2 years and the average age
- A majority (50.6%) were born in Macau, and those born in Mainland China represent 39.7%
- Macao residents represent 83.7%
- Half of these (49%) resides in North Zone
- 52% are single or unmarried
- As for the cultural level, 32.5% have academic qualifications of primary and 38% of general secondary education
- As for his profession, most of them are unemployed (42%), 40.6% work full-time students occupy 6.3%

1.2 Status of Drug Use

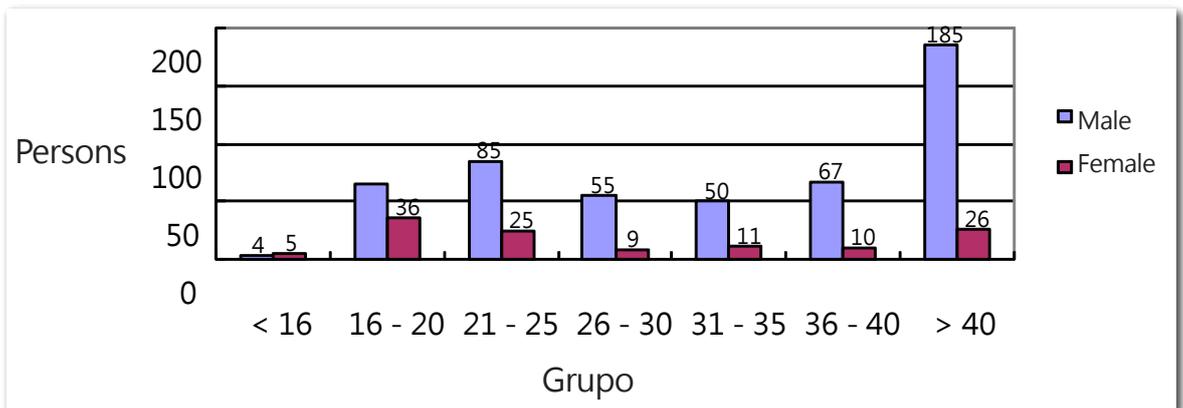
- The average age of who began heroin, traditional drugs, is 24.9 years while the average age of initiation with ketamine, a drug most recent, is 18.6 years.
- In terms of consumption per person-time, those who use heroin represent 31.8%, 25.6% ketamine and methamphetamine (Ice or Ice) 15.3%
- 29.7% consume two or more types of drugs
- The average consumer spends monthly MOP 7764 acquisition of drugs
- 55% of them use drugs in Macau and 41.6% within China
- 9.9% of them use drugs at home, 23.9% at friends' homes, 32.4% in discos or karaoke rooms in hotels and 24.6%
- As to the cause of drug, most of them became consumer under the influence of friends (31.4%) and 27.8% for attenuating the pressure
- Among the 673 consumers, only 3 of them shared syringes

1.3 Situation of Young Drug Addicts

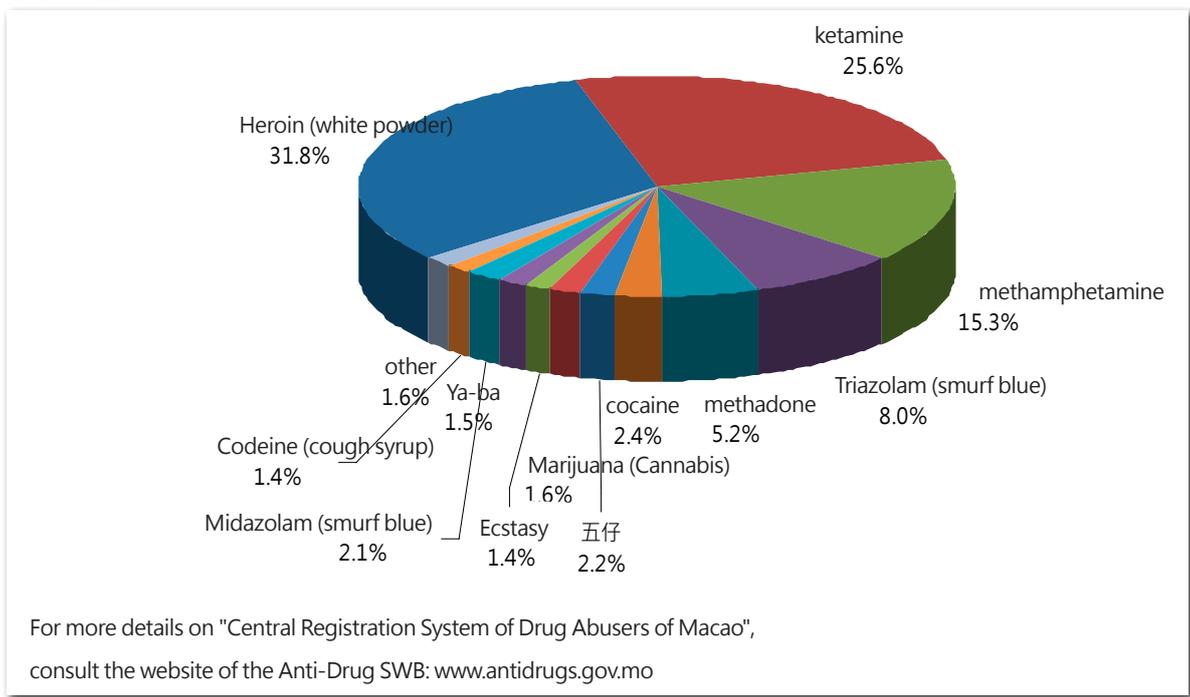
- The society pays great attention to drug abuse among the youth population. Among the 633 consumers, 110 (17.4%) under the age of 21 years
- Minors (under 18 years) occupy 44.5% of total drug addicts and 8.2% are young people who have not yet reached the age of criminal responsibility

- (ie, younger than 16 years)
- Among young drug users, 50.6% and 32.3% ketamine consume consume methamphetamine (ice)
- As to the reasons that lead to drug use, the influence of peers represents 43.2% of the total, which shows that this is a significant factor.
- 50% use drugs within China and 48.4% in Macau
- 32.4% consume drugs in nightclubs or karaoke rooms, and 24.6% in hotels

Graph 1. Age distribution by gender drug abusers



Graph 2. Type substances consumed in the last 3 months (% total person-times)



(2) Study on the Addiction Severity of Youth 2010/2011

To get a better idea of the drug problem and the current situation in Macau, data relevant indicators of the level of severity of juvenile drug abuse, after discussion and decision by the Commission for the Fight against Drugs are incorporated in "System Central Registry of Drug Abusers of Macao ", to obtain a thorough knowledge of the situation and trends. The data collected were obtained from the "Screening Test Drug Abuse (Drug Abuse Screening Test (DAST), supplemented by data from" medium range ". Pilot test for the incorporation of data juveniles, which was launched in 2010, came to be managed by SWB, along with three other teams' extensive service specializing in work-related high-risk youth and drug addicts. In their interviews with young drug addicts DSAT test was applied, supplemented with data collected from "medium range" , a statistical compilation and analysis in order to better evaluate trends in youth drug abuse in Macau and could set a guideline in formulating future policies of prevention.

The study was conducted between 2010 and 2011, three teams of extensive service related to

youth, namely: Community Intervention Team Youth General Union of Neighbors Association of Macau Youth Development Section of the Christian New Life Fellowship of Macau and Community Intervention Team youth Zone North Sheng Kung Hui, who, using the DAST-20 questionnaire, interviewed high-risk youth and young addicts already. The data collected, supplemented with information obtained from the record sheet of the Central Registration System for Drug Abusers of Macao, were subjected to statistical analysis and compilation by an academic research unit, directed by Wan Lap Man, consultant of the Association of Playground Hong Kong.

Results

The analysis of data collected from sampling of 112 high risk adolescents revealed that the average level of drug reached the 6.64 points, which is considered a moderate level. Based on the ASAM standards listed below, if the score is between 6 and 10, the teenager in question requires intensive treatment for their addiction.

Interpretation of Score DAST-20

Crisis addiction	Punctuation DAST-20	Suggested actions	Standards ASAM
No	0	Continue to monitor	
low intensity	1 – 5	Counseling and assistance	level I
moderate	6 – 10	Outpatient Service (intensive)	level II ou II
high	11 – 15	Intensive treatment and monitoring	level II ou III
Very severe	16 – 20	Intensive treatment and monitoring	level III ou IV

ASAM : 美國成癮藥物協會-成癮病人安置標準(Mee-Lee, D., & American Society of Addiction Medicine., 2001)
(註：詳細研究報告可於禁毒網www.antidrugs.gov.mo瀏覽。)

(3) Two Studies of youth drug abuse Research on drug abuse of schoolchildren and street youth in Macau

In order to learn about the situation of drug abuse among schoolchildren and among street youth and homeless, the SWB in 2010 commissioned the Faculty of Education, University of Macau and the Office Services Coordinator social Sheng Kung Hui Macau the two surveys, whose reports were completed in 2011.

1. Purpose of research: knowledge and attitudes of young people in relation to drugs / narcotics, level of familiarity with the various drugs, the proportion of juvenile drug addicts, reasons that lead them to use drugs and their views on prevention.
2. Targets: Students of primary complement (sample of 1,851 people), secondary school students (4,447 people), university students (814 people) and street youth (250 people).
3. conclusions:
 - 1) Knowledge and attitudes:
 Youths under school: they have reasonable knowledge about drugs, adopt a cautious attitude and the proportion of addicts is low;
 Street youth: they have high levels of acceptance of new drugs and are at high risk of becoming addicts.
 - 2) Consumption of Tobacco and Alcohol:
 Level of consumption of tobacco and alcohol increases with age

	Students of primary complement	High school students	Students of the university
Tobacco	6,9%	13,4%	15,4%
alcohol	40,1%	67,9%	88,9%
Sample size	1.851 persons	4.447 persons	814 persons

4. Both studies were surveys tracking developments. Below is a comparison with previous studies:
 Comparison of the percentage of drug through the studies

	2001/2003	2006	2010
Students of primary complement	--	0,6%	0,9%
High school students	2,9%	2,3%	1,5%
Students of the university	4,3%	2,7%	1,5%
Street youth	18,1%	23,6%	20,8%

5. Major changes in trends:

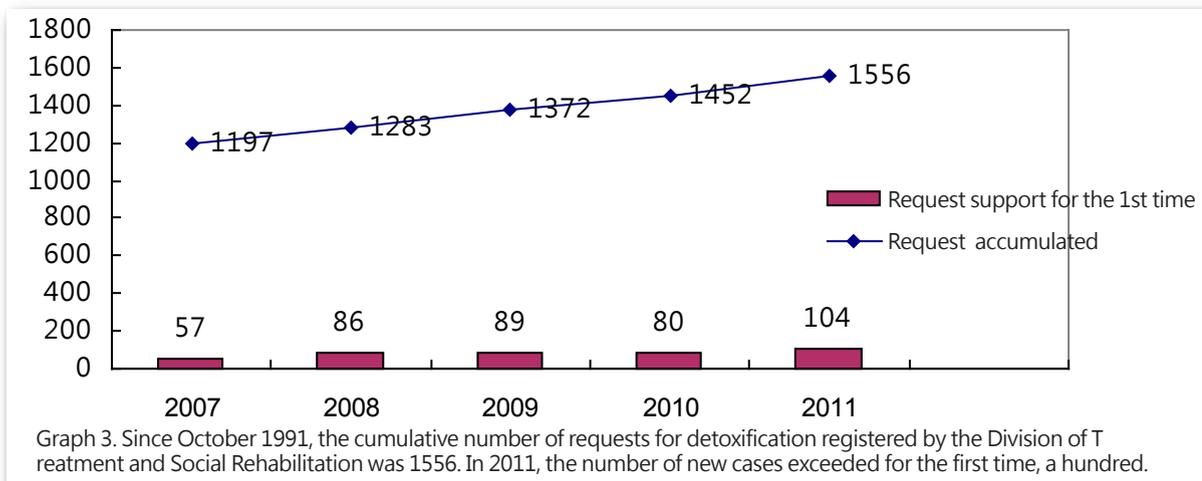
- 1) Young people under school: declining trend of abuse cases, 2.1% in 2006 to 1.3%
- 2) Young Street: declining trend of abuse cases, 23.6% in 2006 to 20.8%
- 3) Overall assessment: The majority of the youth population of Macau has a reasonable knowledge about the drug and is able to reject them. The abuse situation not worsened.

(Note: visit the Website Anti-drug (www.antidrugs.gov.mo) for more detailed information on the Report)

(4) Analysis of cases of voluntary detoxification

The data from the Division of Treatment and Social Rehabilitation of SWB, and the statistics of cases made voluntary drug treatment, showed the characteristics of users in 2011. Complex followed 478 clients in 2011, 6.9% more compared to the 447 cases in 2010. Among them, 104 were new cases, totaling 21.8% of all cases of drug treatment. From 1991 until the end of 2011, the cumulative number of outpatients of detoxification was 1556.

Data requests to detoxification voluntarily registered by the Division of Treatment and Social Rehabilitation in recent years



(1) Comparative analysis of cases and monitoring new cases in 2011

The characteristics of 478 users of the outer query that were followed in 2011 are as follows: 459 are residents of Macao and 19 are non-residents (11 from Mainland China, 1 woman from Eastern Europe and 7 Hong Kong). Among different treatment services, most consumers (212) subjected to maintenance treatment with methadone. Of all users of the outer query, most were consuming heroin (64%) with a mean age of 41.8 years, with 53% of them use the injection intravenously or muscle, while 19 (4%) had ages below 20 years. Compared to 2010, the number of heroin continued to decline as the number of those injectors. However, the number of consumers of ketamine and other new drugs continues to increase.

Of the 104 new treatment clients in 2011, 80% were male and 20% female with a mean age of 34.9 years. In terms of age group, most have between 20 and 24 years (28%), and 25 and 29 (21%). There were 6 users under the age of 20 years (6%) and while the older ones especially heroin use, younger people tend to consume ketamine and other new drugs. Compared to 2010, the number of consumers ketamine continued to be higher than heroin.

In conclusion, the utilization of heroin injected with syringes and consumption of ketamine were more common among users of treatment in 2011,

while most were dependent young people aged between 20 and 24 years.

2. Analysis of trends in new cases that have requested support for detoxification in recent years

Comparing the new cases in the last five years in relation to the type of drugs used, the abuse of heroin is in recession, while the ketamine is rising. In terms of the age and history of drug abuse, most of them have about 34 years of age with a history of abuse that is around 10 years. This shows, of course, a lack of motivation for voluntary treatment in the early stages of abuse. Since it was introduced in 2005 and the maintenance treatments with methadone, a cumulative total of 305 drug users have already joined the treatment program.

For more details, consult the following charts:

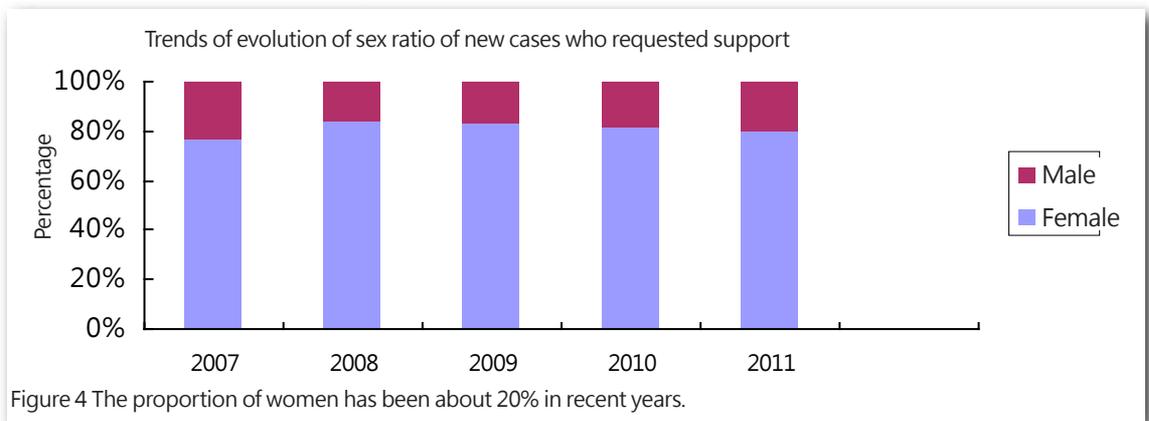
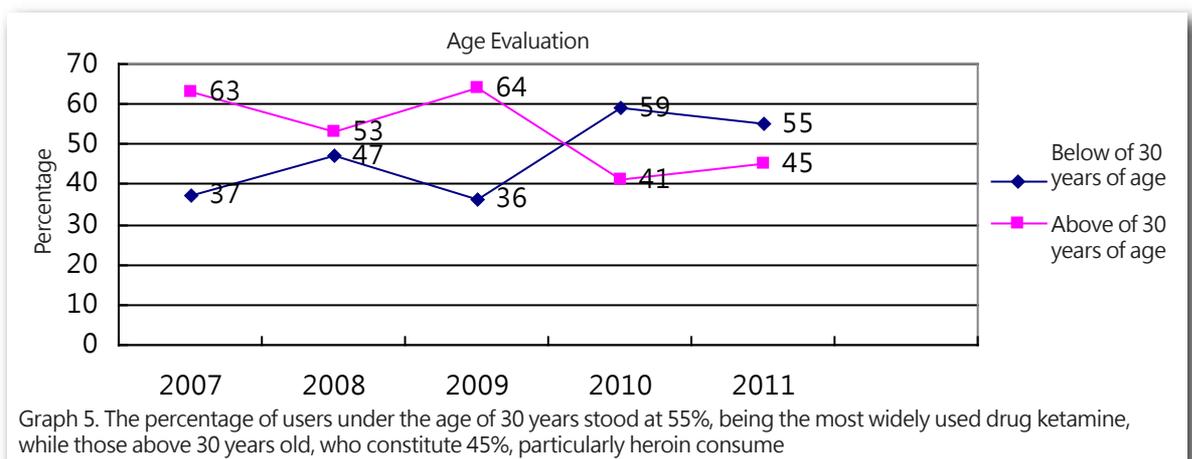


Figure 4 The proportion of women has been about 20% in recent years.



Graph 5. The percentage of users under the age of 30 years stood at 55%, being the most widely used drug ketamine, while those above 30 years old, who constitute 45%, particularly heroin consume

Age of first-time drug addicts and drug history

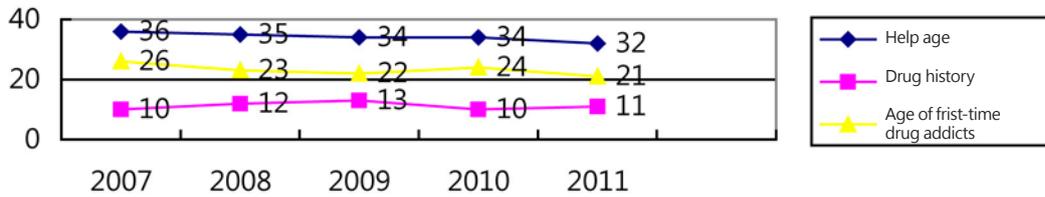


Chart 6. Of the new cases that have requested support for detoxification in 2011, the first consumption stood at 21 years of age, while the younger wearer detoxification is 14 years. Regarding the history of drug use, new users had, on average, 11 years of drug abuse and sought help when they were 32 years old.

Drug Type Comparison

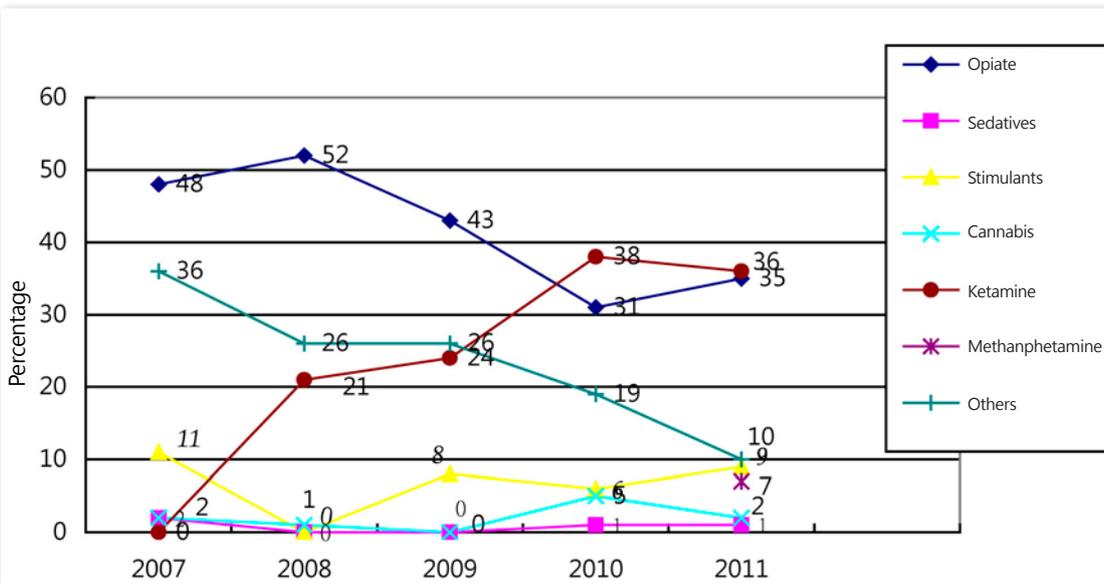


Figure 7 new drug treatment seeking help in the past, drug types has been mainly to heroin, but in recent years smoked ketamine ratio continued to rise, accounting for 36%, has exceeded the proportion of heroin (35%). Stimulants and methamphetamine, and maintained at a certain level.

Comparison of Drug User

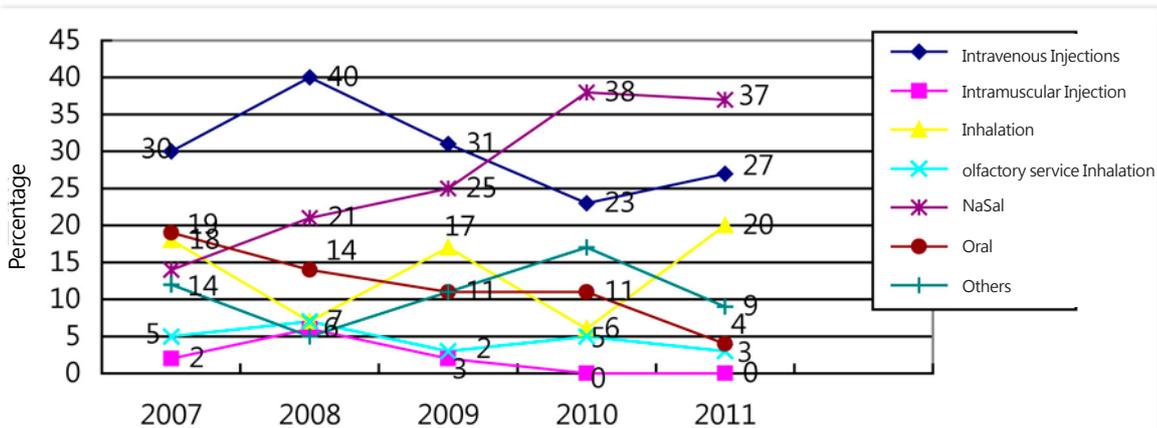


Figure 8 in 2011 found that the proportion of intravenous recovered slightly to 27%, a considerable proportion of the nose clothing, accounting for 37%, mainly for inhalation ketamine cases

Birth Place

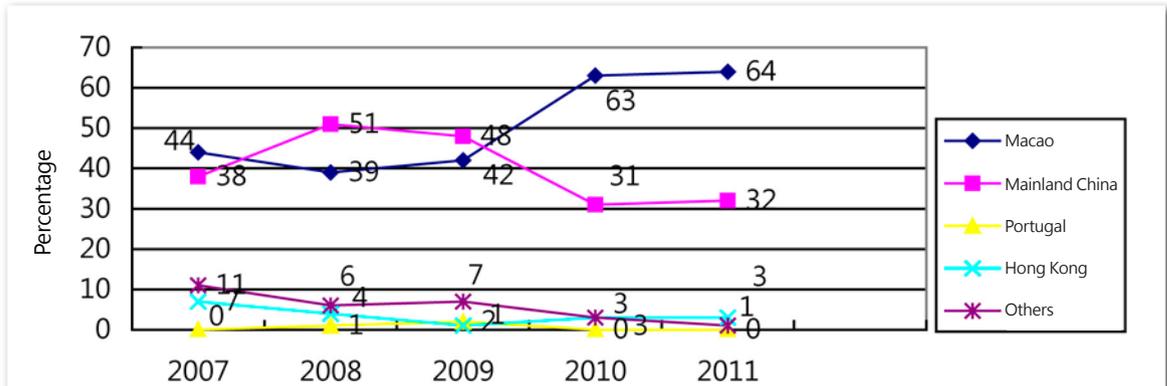


Figure 9 new callers, the Australian-born accounted for a substantial proportion of 64%, accounting for 32% of those born in the Mainland. The expatriates Help continued to decline.

Marital Status

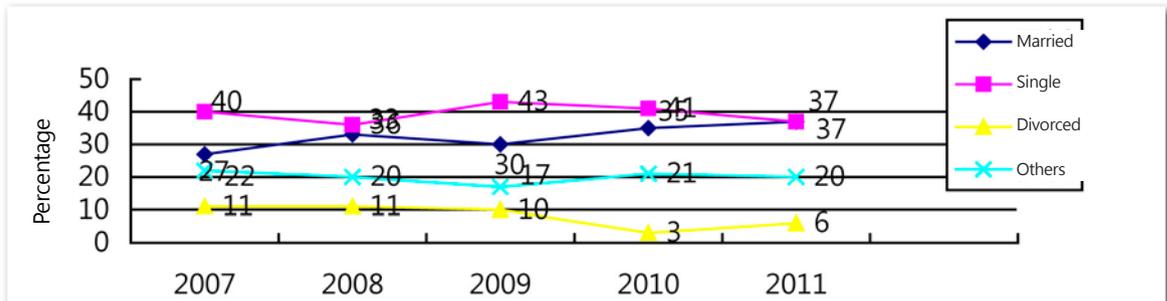


Figure 10 the same as the proportion of married and single are 37%.

Employment

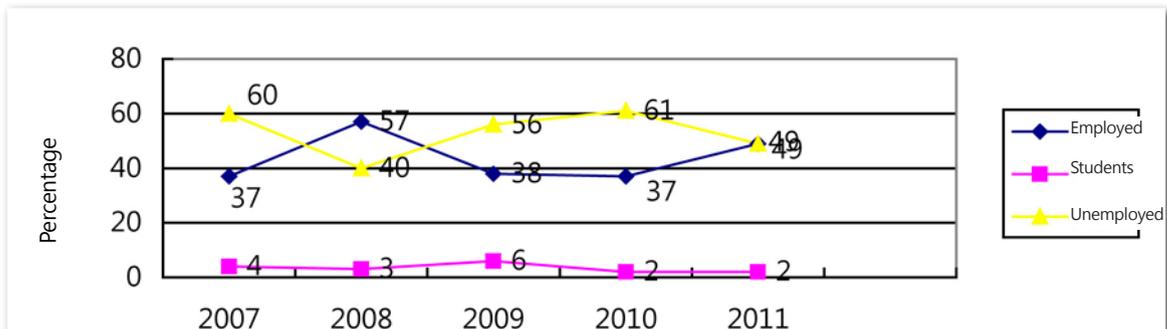
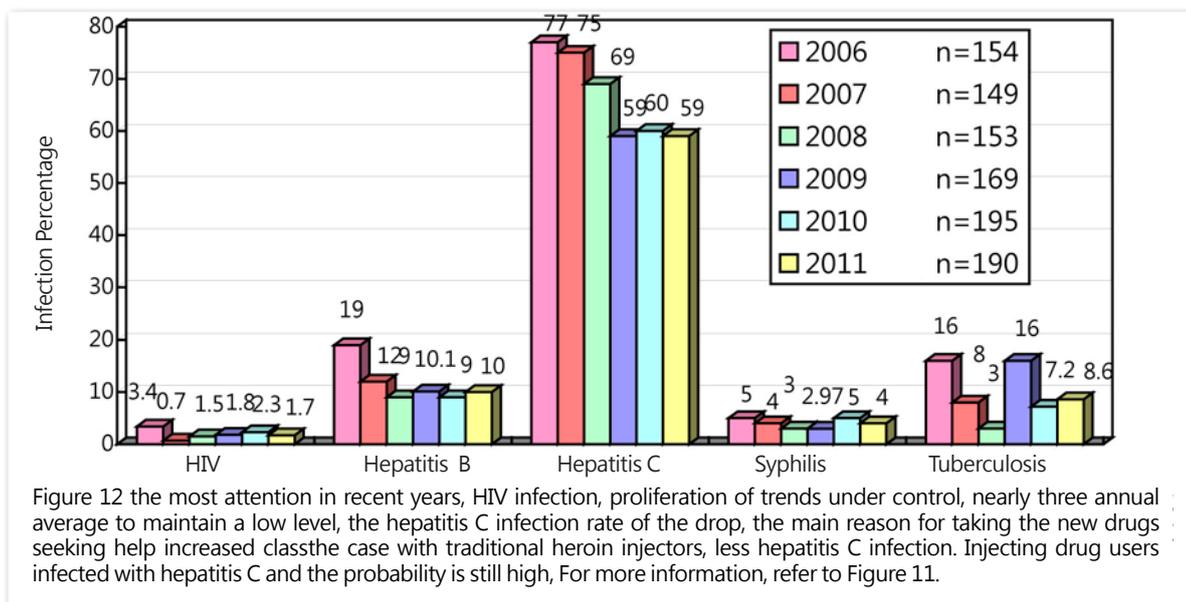


Figure 11 new requests for assistance have been unemployed accounted for the majority, found that the employment situation has improved in 2008, up to 57%. But began to fall to 38% in 2009 and 2010, the proportion of 2011 employment rise again to 49%, the same as the unemployed proportion.

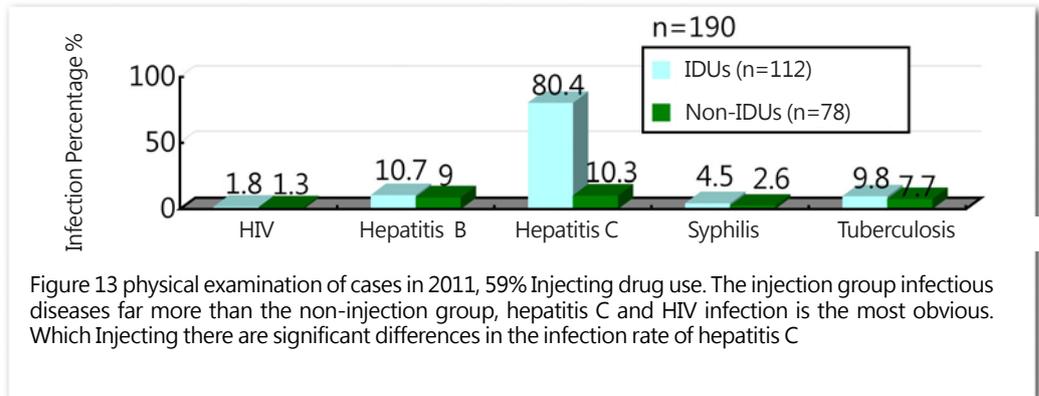
(5) drug abusers infectious diseases

Social Welfare Bureau since 2002 in cooperation with the Health Bureau, provided free of charge to the drug abusers and drug treatment workers a full range of infectious disease screening measures to strengthen the monitoring and prevention of all kinds of infectious diseases in the proliferation of high-risk groups. In 2011, at the Social Rehabilitation for detoxification seeking help arrange all kinds of medical checks for a total of 9612 times. Infection rate of decline of various infectious diseases, hepatitis C infection rate of 59%; same time, 9% of cases infected with hepatitis B, tuberculosis (TB) by 8.6%. In addition, in 2011 by the drug rehabilitation outpatient center found that the HIV infection of 3 cases, accept the HIV virus test only 180 people, the infection rate was 1.7%. In addition, according to the health authorities, Macao in 2011, recorded four sharing needles new infection cases of HIV infection, the HIV virus in the spread among drug users is still under control. Social Rehabilitation at the launch of a methadone maintenance treatment program, various harm reduction measures, as well as strengthen harm reduction outreach services in a multi-pronged efforts of the various measures to prevent the HIV virus to spread among drug users. Addicts infected with contagious diseases specific data refer to the following chart.

Percentage of infectious diseases among drug addicts



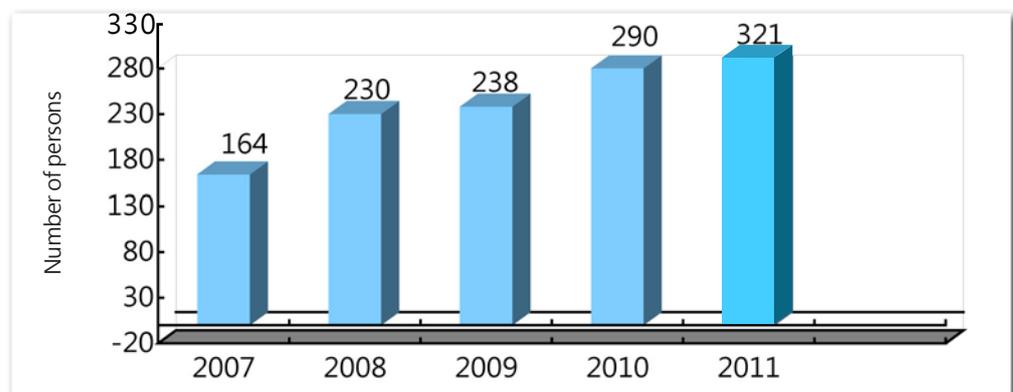
Percentage of infectious diseases transmitted by injection of drugs



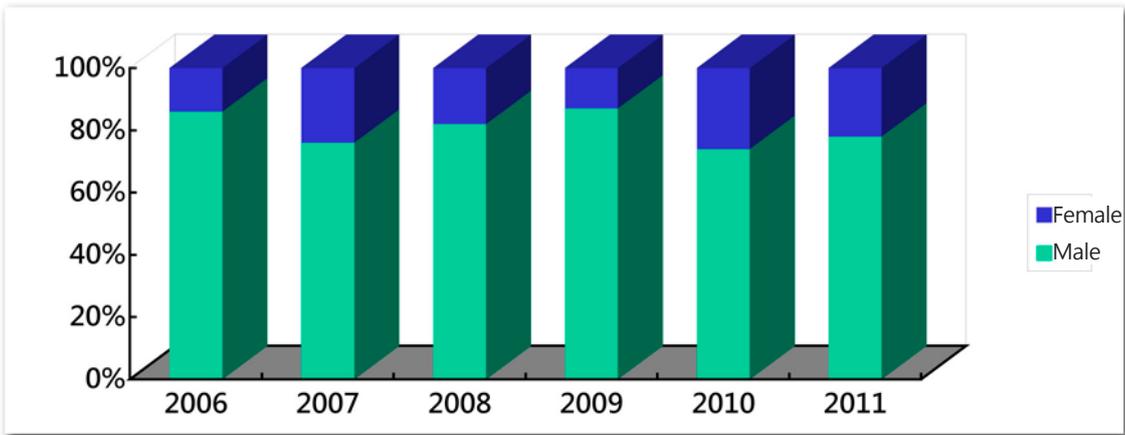
6) Drug Crime Information Analysis

According to the provisions of Article 33 of Law No. 17/2009 of the Australian courts to drug-related referee a copy sent to the Social Welfare Institute for Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence save recorded. Recording and statistics, in 2011, received a total of 321 drug-related cases of the verdict, the the DSR treatment report sent to the Legal Affairs Bureau society rose sharply from 319 in 2010 to 982 in 2011, mainly as a probation drug treatment cases the increase, which accounted for the majority of juvenile cases, and Reply court drug treatment situation inquiries 8.

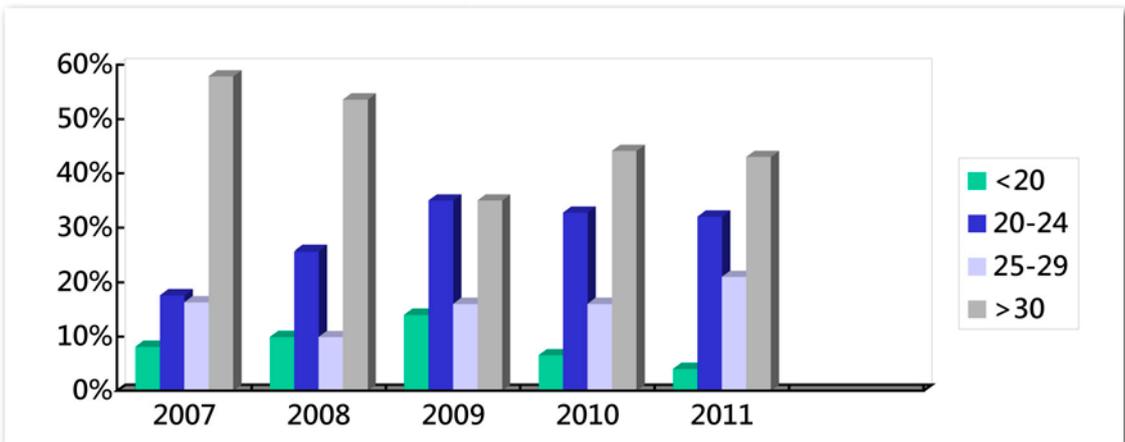
Trend Analysis of Drug Cases in recent years



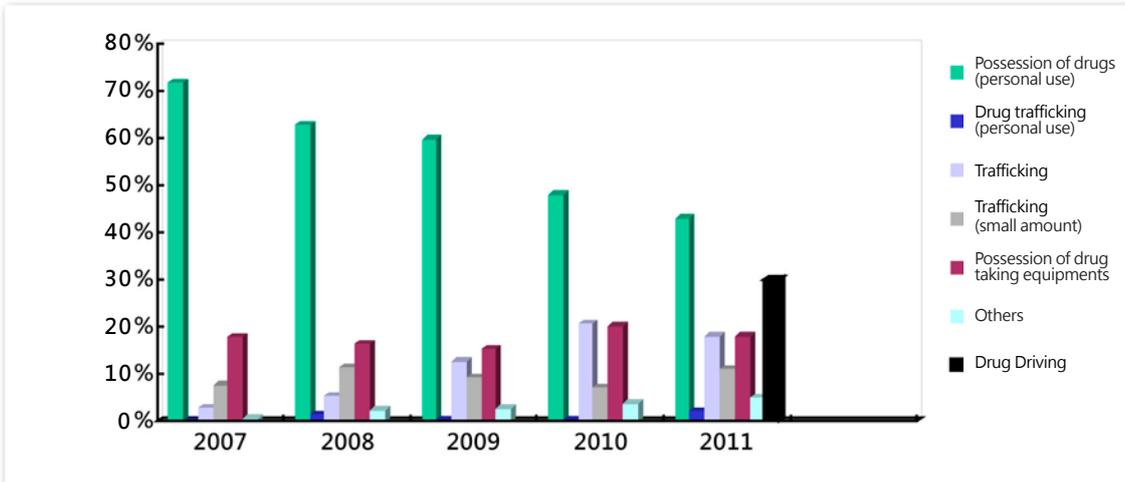
Sex



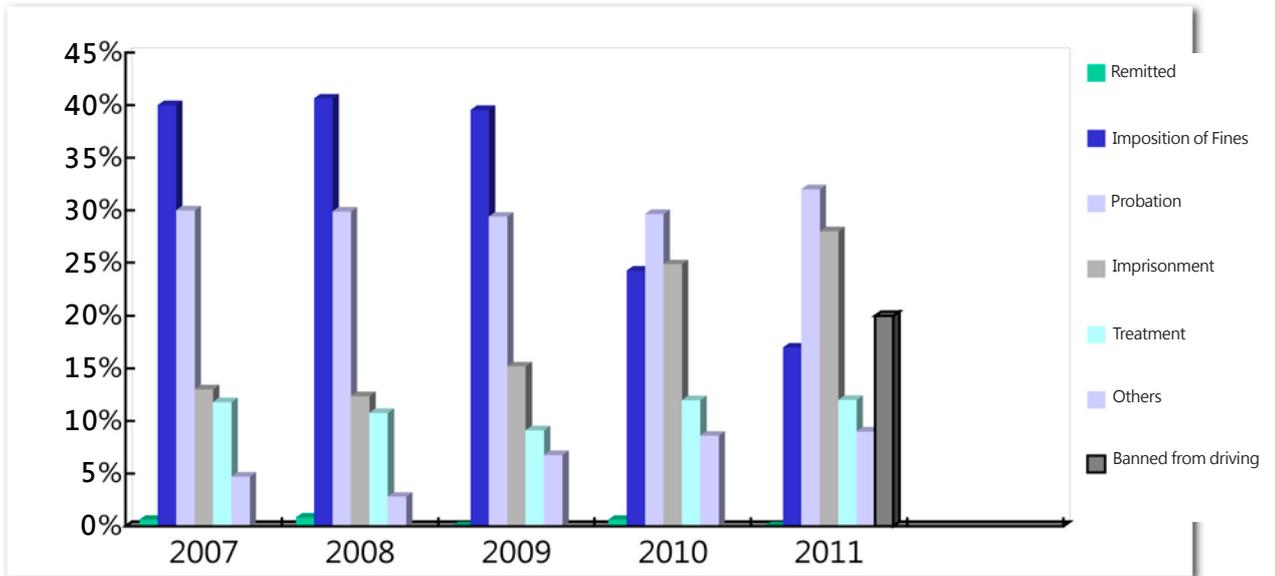
Age Distribution



Reasons for being convicted



Sentences



(7) Summary of analysis points

For the prosecution of the cases in 2011 increased compared with 2010, an increase of about 11%. Age, mainly aged 20-24 and over 30 years old two age groups, the proportion of 20-24 year-old of 2011, similar to 2010, in addition to the drop in the proportion under the age of 20 involved; reason in committing crimes to more drug possession (for personal use). In addition, it is worth noting that the substantial proportion Legal Road Traffic Law No. 3/2009, Article 90, paragraph 2, on drug driving crime conviction cases. Hold drug use tools and trafficking have decreased in 2011, in respect of the penalty by probation dominated, followed by imprisonment and banned from driving, banned from driving for the primary because of drug driving cases. Above, the 2011 Macau drug Judgments situation, sentencing to probation proportion accounted for most offenders younger signs need to be concerned about. 17/2009 of the new anti-drug legislation comes into effect, the additional condition of the suspended sentence subject to the proportion of drug treatment, but it gradually increases significantly, to accept probation measures has exceeded the proportion of other relevant sentencing, 2011 new required to undergo drug treatment probation cases a total of 92 people, which play a certain role in enhancing drug addicts undergoing treatment and under supervision.



VII. External Cooperation

Professional activities of international exchange and regional anti-drug

Exchange visits, enhanced communication and improved professional techniques

Total support and assistance to various initiatives of the Commission for the Fight against Drugs

In coordination with the work plan of the Committee on Drugs and to assist the Working Group for Monitoring the Problem of Drugs and Youth Working Group Implementation and Monitoring of New Drugs Act in their work (these two focus groups on the issue of drug abuse by the youth and the review of the implementation of control measures, propose solutions and make applying relevant work plans), the Department of Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence IAS - which functions as the secretariat of the Commission of Drugs - paid in 2011, assistance in various fields, namely: organization of several study visits and exchanges for the Commission, including a trip to Taiwan to exchange ideas on narcotics control, participation in the "1st Conference Asia-Pacific Partnership on Substance Abuse, Prevention and Treatment your "; trip to Hong Kong to attend the " Conference on the Prevention of Drug Abuse Macau, Hong Kong and mainland China-2011 ", during which the Commission presented the results of the "Study on the Addiction Severity of Youth" conducted by the Working Group for Monitoring Drug Problems of Youth. Moreover, the Commission introduced the project "Smart Tips for the Treatment of Addiction" with the aim of enhancing early intervention in youth drug abuse and help families of at-risk youth. During the 1st phase of project implementation, the Commission cooperated with the prosecution, the Judicial Police and Security Forces of Macau to provide information about treatment, support and channels of contact with high-risk youth and their families, through electronic pages, lines open and SMS messages to mobile phones, in order to make more effective early interventions.

International and Regional Conferences

54th . Conference of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs of the United Nations

54. Conference of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs was held at the premises of the United Nations in Vienna from 21 to 25 March 2011. The vice president of SWB, Vong Yim Mui and chief of the Division of Primary Prevention of SWB, Hoi Va Pou, attended the conference, as delegates of the PRC, representing the SAR government.

480 delegates participated in the conference, representing the 48 member countries of the Commission, observers from member states and non-UN members, representatives of various UN agencies and observers from intergovernmental organizations, nongovernmental organizations and others. The PRC delegation of 19 elements, consisted of representatives of the Ministry of Public Security, State Administration Food and Drug Administration and delegates REAHK and Macao. The delegation was headed by Diplomatic Officer of the Permanent Mission of the PRC to the United Nations in Vienna, Chen Peijie, with the deputy head Xiaoju Wei, Secretary-General of the Office of the National Narcotics Control in China.

The conference focused on the current state of implementation of international treaties on drug control by Member States, to assess the degree of implementation of the "Political Declaration and Plan of Action on International Cooperation Strategy for a Balanced and Integrated Response to the Problem Damn World," the discussion of measures to reduce the demand and supply of drugs in the world, in ways of combating money laundering and promoting judicial cooperation to strengthen international cooperation and also the current world situation with regard to drug trafficking, as well as the recommendations of the subsidiary bodies of the Commission. Were presented reports on global trends drug in 2011, and has held roundtable discussions on: (1) the onset of regional and international cooperation to counter the world drug problem and its links to organized crime, (2) based on the relevant UN conventions and declarations, such as injecting a new dynamism to the principle of shared responsibility, using it as a new

guiding principle for international cooperation that can fully respond to the challenges posed by the world drug problem, (3) resolve fundamental issues of safety and public health, as the addiction of youth and the problem of driving under the influence of drugs. Delegates from the PRC made their speeches at the plenary session and round table discussions on the various issues and explained China's efforts in drug control at the national level, their achievements and challenges encountered and also in progress in international cooperation. Participation in the Conference allowed the Macau learn about the world drug problem, global trends of abuse and illicit trafficking, collecting valuable references of drug control policies advocated by the UN and fitting them at the same time, in the context of China. All these valuable information contributed significantly to improve drug control activities in Macau.



The delegation participated in the PRC 54. Conference of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs

Organization of specialized personnel in narcotics control to participate in the "Conference on the Prevention of Drug Abuse Macau, Hong Kong and mainland China-2011"

The Conference was held in Hong Kong from 19 to 22 September 2011 and SWB sent a delegation composed of members of the Commission for the Fight against Drugs and several other technical experts in the sector, which was headed by the deputy chairman of the Committee, Iong Kong Io (chairman of SWB).

Organized by the Council of Social Service of Hong Kong, in collaboration with the China Association

for the Prevention and Treatment of Drug Abuse and the SWB, walked around the conference themes of "global strategies, equal emphasis to prevention and treatment, diversification of prevention mechanisms and more concrete evidence. "The opening ceremony was chaired by Christine Fang, Chief Executive of the Council of Social Service Hong Kong, Erika Hui, Commissioner of Narcotics Division of the Security Bureau of Hong Kong, Li and Pan Yuetian Baowei, respectively, and honorary chairman President of the Chinese Association for the Prevention and Treatment of Drug Abuse, Iong Kong Io, president of SWB and Pun Chi Meng, member of the Committee on Drugs. More than 300 participants from China, Hong Kong and Macao Special dissertations presented 63 conferences. The 67 delegates participated actively in Macau, with nine of them submitted their theses and participated in workshops where shared their experience in drug control. The content of their research was highly appreciated by experts present, as provided important references for the improvement of the work of drug control in Hong Kong and China

During his stay in Hong Kong, the president and vice president of SWB, Iong Kong Io and Vong Yim Mui, the secretary general of the Chinese Association for the Prevention and Treatment of Drug Abuse, Zhu Xiang, and Commissioner of Narcotics Hong Kong, Erika Hui, held a meeting with the Narcotics Division of the Security Bureau of Hong Kong to exchange views and debate anti-drug policies of Hong Kong, Macau and mainland China, the possibility of coordination of actions between the three jurisdictions and plans for collaboration on prevention and drug treatment.

The Macao delegation considers that its participation in the conference allowed him to gain a better understanding of the prevention and control of drugs in the three territories, suggesting new perspectives for better planning of drug control in Macau. Since its first edition in 1997 in Hong Kong, the conference has been held every two years and the 2013 edition scheduled to be held in Macau.



Guests of honor to preside over the inaugural ceremony

Realization of the "Experts' Forum on Reducing Harm and HIV Prevention and Control"

In order to promote the treatment of harm reduction-based methadone, the importance of public health and advance the discussion of the adoption of the principle of "universal access" to treatment, the SWB and the Health Service organized the Forum on 11th March 2011. Among the guest speakers are to highlight Le Tang, Program Officer for Promotion and Management Information Office of the Joint United Nations Programmed on HIV / AIDS in China, Pang Lin, a researcher at the Center for Venereal Disease and Control and Prevention National Center for AIDS Control and Prevention of China, Professor Tony Lee of National Taiwan Normal University, Dr. Samuel Yeung, senior physician of Drugs and Narcotics Unit of the HKSAR Health Service, Dr. Raymond Leung, senior physician Prevention Program's Special Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health of the HKSAR and Hon Wai, head of the Department of Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence SWB.

Discussion topics were: how to get the Office of the Joint United Nations Programmed promotes universal access (considering the values of a rights-based approach and the participation of civil society organiza-

tions) to information on HIV / AIDS policies China for the sector, laws and developments in maintenance treatment with methadone, Hong Kong's experience in this field and also in the control and prevention of HIV, the preliminary results of methadone replacement therapy and its cost effectiveness (study longitudinal carried out in northern Taiwan) and effective control and prevention of HIV and harm reduction measures to long in recent years in Macau. Among the more than 370 participants were experts, scholars and technicians in the medical sector and social assistance.

During the Forum, it was concluded from the generalization, by the experts, the results of research and data collected from different countries, among countries that had opted to use methadone treatment, crimes related to drugs and AIDS incidence rate was obviously decreased. Based on preliminary studies of cost-effectiveness of cessation of drug use and crime rates and employment, methadone treatment is adjusted to the cost-benefit social and today is a trend followed worldwide. As Macau has the right conditions for its popularization, more efforts should be made to promote the effectiveness of your treatment and improve the quality of their service in order to achieve greater social effectiveness.



專家 論壇

311 兩岸四地「減低傷害及愛滋病防控專家論壇」
主講專家：UNAIDS、內地、香港、澳門、台灣專家
對象：醫療界及社福界
參與：總計共375人參與是次研討會議

Presence in the "International Conference on drug tests and Management of drug abuse - 2011"

The conference, held on January 28, 2011, was co-organized by the University of Science and Technology and the Hong Kong Caritas Lok Heep Club and was about to experience the sharing of anti-drug Initiatives and the latest information on testing of drug. The delegates of SWB Obtained valuable references about the work in this field developed by colleagues in Hong Kong and the neighboring regions, Which Will certainly help to Improve Performance in this area of Macau. Experts and specialists from China, Hong Kong, Germany and Taiwan Their shared experiences about the latest techniques used in the testing of drugs. The head of the Department of Prevention and Treatment of Addiction (DPTT) of SWB, Hon Wai, informed about the types of tests used in Macau and Macau experience in Combatting drugs.

The test drug detection is important to assess the incidence of abuse. The University of Science and Technology of Hong Kong in 2009 developed a technology-

based testing on hair and acquired in 2010 HPLC-Chip-MS/MS equipment to perform analyzes, which can greatly reduce the hair sample required for testing, facilitating the sampling and testing itself and allows also to identify, in the same operation, a number of drugs such as ketamine, meth (known as "ice"), heroin and marijuana. The test hair can identify any history of drug use for a person from weeks to several months, which allows monitoring of drug in the long term. This test can be applied for several purposes: to evaluate the effectiveness of rehabilitation treatment, to help doctors in cases of acute toxicological reactions that can occur with some drug, used as evidence to exonerate suspects' young consumer, demonstrating their parents who are not consumers and nurturing a relationship of trust between parents and children. Furthermore, tests show the type of drug being consumed and if these contain or not impurities. With such a wealth of information on the conditions at which the drug abuse test, the hair can increase the efficacy of treatment by allowing prescribing appropriate medication based on the results.

Professional activities of international exchange and regional anti-drug

Exchange visits, enhanced communication and improved professional techniques

UN expert visit Macau to learn about treatment and harm reduction

The coordinator of UNAIDS, based in Beijing, China, Mr. Mark Stirling, visited the Complex Support for Addicts of SWB and Extensive Service Abroad of the Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macau (ARTM) on November 28, 2011 to learn to drug treatment and harm reduction, particularly how effective is the treatment of methadone maintenance and harm reduction measures in preventing and controlling the spread of contagious diseases among consumers.

The UNAIDS strategy for 2011-2015 aims at the following goals: (1) Zero new HIV infections, (2) zero AIDS-related deaths, (3) zero discrimination. The 2009 report of the UN, an estimated 2.6 million new cases of

HIV infection, 1.8 million AIDS deaths, and among the 15 million people in need of antiviral therapy until the end of their lives, just a third receiving treatment. In Macau, after years of intense efforts and the implementation of maintenance treatment with methadone and various measures relating to harm reduction, there has been a steady decline in the number of drug users infected with AIDS and infection rate has remained low. Mr. Mark Stirling praised Macau for its effectiveness in the field of harm reduction and prevention and control of the spread of contagious diseases among addicts. He also reaffirmed the need to continue working in Macau in these areas, maximizing efforts to ensure public health. After the meeting, the expert was to better understand the system used in the distribution of methadone and its subsequent monitoring and counseling services for education and harm reduction offered by the extension service (outreach) and dedicated to drug addicts.



Visit of Mr. Mark Stirling, UNAIDS coordinator in China for exchange of ideas

Visit respected American experts to exchange ideas about the effects of treatment and harm reduction. The renowned American AIDS experts, the researcher Dr. David Ho and Dr. Miriam Adelson, Adelson Education Center, visited the Complex Support for Addicts in SWB 27th April 2011 to exchange views on the situation in Macau addicts infected with AIDS, efficacy of combination therapy for HIV and AIDS patients, as well as the effectiveness of the application of methadone maintenance treatment in preventing and controlling the spread of contagious diseases. During the meeting, the head of DPTT, Hon Wai explained the experience of Macau in these areas, the significant reduction in the number of drug addicts infected with AIDS after the introduction of methadone maintenance treatment, maintaining the trend of low infection rate. Dr. David Ho praised and encouraged the personnel specialized in monitoring HIV cases, and a group of patients offered him a thank you card signed by all, in recognition of his contribution to the investigation of the treatment of AIDS, which has helped many patients to maintain their health and to lead a positive life. The two doctors visited the Complex Support for Addicts SWB to get to know better treatment service for drug addicts practiced in Macau, and praised and shown admiration for the way specialists and staff Macau were accepted and supported by their patients.



Exchange of experiences on treatment for drug addicts and methadone in Macau during the meeting.

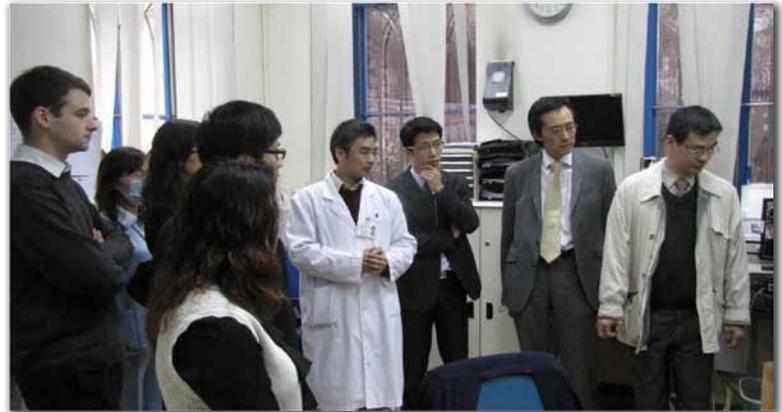


Photo with Dr. David Ho and Dr. Miriam Adelson

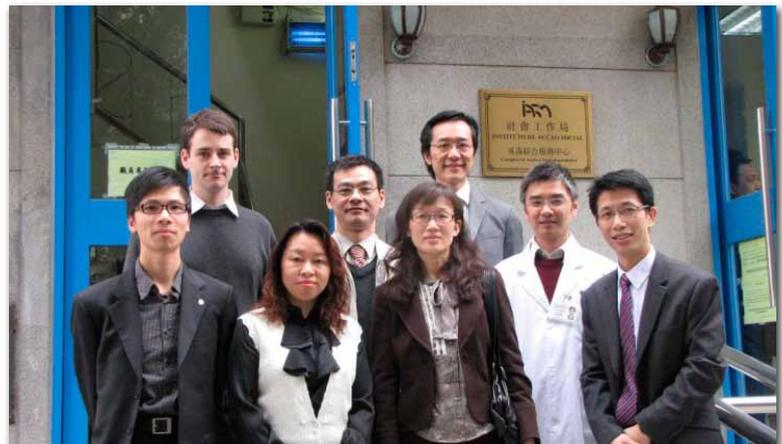
Visit the Complex Support for Addicts by experts from China, Taiwan, Macau and Hong Kong

On March 11, 2011, a group of experts from UNAIDS and the neighboring regions visited Macau Complex to Support Drug IAS. Among them were Le Tang, official Promotion Program Information Management and the Office of the Joint United Nations Programmed on HIV and AIDS in China, Pang Lin, a researcher at the Center for Venereal Disease Control and Prevention and the National AIDS Center Control and Prevention of China, Professor Tony Lee of National Taiwan Normal University, Dr. Samuel Yeung, senior physician of Drugs and Narcotics Unit of the HKSAR Health Service and Dr Raymond Leung, senior medical Special Prevention Program of the Center for Health Protection, the Department of Health of the HKSAR. These experts met with the staff of the Centre for an exchange of ideas, getting together with effective actions harm reduction methadone in Macau and operation of the System Electronic Medical Records Center. We also conducted a spot on the flow of drug distribution and subsequent monitoring of how patients take their medication. After years of intensive efforts, significantly decreased the number of infections caused by sharing needles, from 18 cases in 2004 to 5 cases in 2010 and the infection rate has remained under control. Experts proved amazed by the efficiency obtained in Macau in actions harm reduction and prevention and control of AIDS and acknowledged

the good results of maintenance treatment with methadone.



Group photo after the meeting to exchange ideas on the electronic medical records system and the distribution and monitoring of medications.



Pictured after the discussion exchange

Visit of delegation of the Research Office of the Ministry of Justice and the Institute for Prevention and Treatment of Addiction National Chung Cheng University in Taiwan

In order to strengthen the exchange of information and cooperation between Macao and Taiwan on the prevention and treatment of drug dependence, delegations of Research Office of the Ministry of Justice of Taiwan and the Institute for Prevention and Treatment of Addiction National Chung Cheng University in Taiwan made a visit to the SWB, respectively 3rd and 7th of November. During the meetings, the SWB informed visitors about the anti-drug policies in Macau, the current situation of fighting drug trafficking, the strategy to raise awareness about drug addiction, as well as models of treatment effect. In turn, the SWB was better known as Taiwan works in this field, particularly in the prevention and control of narcotics, investigation and

combating of crimes related to drugs as well as academic studies on the prevention and treatment of addiction. After the meeting, both delegations had the opportunity to visit the Complex Support for Addicts and Extensive Service Abroad of the Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macau (ARTM) to become aware of the treatment methods in force in Macau and labor reduction damage done by the extension service (outreach).

The meeting contributed to improved communication and cooperation on drug control between Macau and Taiwan, which is very important for future regional cooperation in combating drugs.

Elements of the Division of Prevention and Control of Narcotics Investigation Bureau of the Ministry of Justice of Taiwan visited the SWB.

Elements of National Chung Cheng University in Taiwan conducted a visit to the SWB to exchange ideas.



National Chung Cheng University in Taiwan Visiting exchange

Visit the Alliance of Professionals against Drug Abuse Ltd of Hong Kong

In order to strengthen the exchange of information and cooperation between Macao and Hong Kong in the prevention and treatment of drug abuse, the Alliance of Professionals against Drug Abuse Ltd of Hong Kong visited the SWB on April 11, 2011. After a meeting and exchange of ideas, the delegation paid a visit to the Complex to Support Drug IAS and several private institutions of detoxification. The visit was organized by Mr. Ho King-man, justice of the peace and president of the Executive Alliance of Professionals against Drug Abuse Ltd, who led the delegation of 15 experts and members of that organization dedicated to drug control in your visit to Macau for an exchange of ideas on this topic and actions harm reduction. During the meeting, both parties discussed the following topics: operation and progress of drug control activities in Macao, treatments, support given to addicts during rehabilitation, extension services, harm reduction, and intervention service advice for consumer' s juveniles. The delegation also had the opportunity to visit the Complex Support for Addicts, the Renovation and Mutual Assistance Association of Macau (an organization of self-help rehabilitation of addicts' citizens, the Division of Youth Development of Christian New Life Fellowship of Macau Center for Drug Rehabilitation Extensive Service Men and Overseas Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macau (ARTM).



Visited the Dept. for Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence and discussion exchange

The drug professional bodies in Hong Kong to Australia exchange of prevention and rehabilitation work

Hong Kong Caritas Lok Parent Support Services Association (drug abusers) more than 20 of the organization of the work of staff and volunteers on March 14, 2011, the Australia exchange anti-drug work. Exchange visits Social Welfare Bureau for Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence understanding of the Australia's anti-drug and drug situation, informal discussion study tours to the drug treatment service centers and healthy living education center on prevention and drug harm reduction work in-depth discussion, particularly in the part of the practical experience exchange. In addition, a pedestrian also arranged for the visit Macau Drug Rehabilitation Association (ARTM) the outreach and Macau Youth Challenge comprehensive training center, to help two places professional practical experience exchange and cooperation between the relevant activities.



Visited Healthy Life Education Center



Exchange of Drug Treatment and Harm Reduction Work.

Anti-drug educational exchange activities held at the Hong Kong Life Education Activity Programme

To improve the quality and efficiency of the prevention of drug abuse education, professional development and curriculum, the Hong Kong Life Education Activity Programme (LEAP) line 19., On 26 and 27 April 2011 to Australia for a two-day exchange activities.

The trip healthy living education centers under the Social Welfare Bureau lesson observation, as well as share the two teaching experience and discuss new teaching practices and Macao mentor, subsequently introduced by the prevention and treatment of drug dependence hall director Han Wei and Xu Warburg Director Australia's anti-drug policy and related services, and tour Council drug integrated Services Centre and Macau Christian Life Fellowship "Smart Youth Youth Development Department. Exchange activities will not only help the two places together to upgrade the effectiveness of preventive drug abuse education, also plays a positive sense of the future work.



Hong Kong Life Education Activity Programme (LEAP) exchange activities with Healthy Life education center courses



Visited the Drug Treatment Complex Center discussion exchange activities

Professional training

Enhance the professional quality effect of the anti-drug, drug counseling, diagnosis and treatment and job specialization

Mobilize their potential workshops to master African drums hit on April 15, 2011, to boost staff morale and cohesion of team strength and sense of self-awareness

November 2011 25-26 substance dependence and abuse harm reduction treatment: basic principles and intervention strategies substance dependence and abuse basic orientation in harm reduction treatment, harm reduction treatment-oriented connotation understand the different stages of change wheels and its intervention practices, the development of the treatment plan and functional analysis, use of the intrinsic drug related factors - pharmacological, psychological and environmental factors as well as psychiatric symptoms harm reduction approach

July 2011 15-16 dual diagnosis: dual diagnosis of drug abuse and mental disorders assessment and intervention treatment of drug abuse substance abuse and mental disorders of the mode of treatment and case management, dual diagnosis assessment guidelines and awareness.

Understanding of Macao on May 6, 2011 the most commonly abused drugs and global trends about the latest trends of the global drug crime, the Australian common emerging types of drugs and ingredients, drug testing and pharmacological effects as well as the status of the Australia's counter-narcotics.

Training Courses





Members of the Narcotics Control Committee

Position of Committee Member	Belonging to Department/Organization	Name/Title
President	Social Affairs and Culture	Cheong U, Secretary
Vice-President	Social Welfare Bureau	Long Kong Io, Director
Members (Public Entity)	Legal Affairs Bureau	Cheong Weng Chon, Director
	Judicial Police	Wong Sio Chak, Director
	Macao Prison	Lee Kam Cheong, Director
	Health Bureau	Lei Chin Ion, Director
	Director of Education and Youth Affairs Bureau	Leong Lai, Director
According to 133/2010 approval, the below list came into effect on 18 September 2010, with a mandatory of two-year		
Members (Public Entity)	Representative of the Office of the Secretary for Social Affairs and Culture	Ho Lai Chung, Consultant
	Representative of the Office of the Secretary for Security	Lio Wa Kei, Consultant
	Representative of the Public Prosecutions Office	Chan Hio Wai
	Representative of the Unitary Police Service	Lo Vai Ip, Assistant to General Commissioner
	Representative of Macao Customs Service	Chow Chak Sam, Chief
Members (Persons in Charge of non-governmental Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment, Social Services, Hygiene and education)	Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abuse of Macao	Augusto Paulo Valente Nogueira
	Young Men's Christian Association of Macao	Kuan Sok Leng, Chief Secretary
	Sheng Kung Hui, Social Services Office of Macao	Lei Kuok Hou, Service Director
	Union of Catholic Schools of Macao	
	Macao Federation of Catholic School	Yuen Mei Fun, Sister
	Education Association of Macao	Cheang Hong Kuong, Secretary-General
	Macao Association of Medicals Volunteers	Pai Ki Man, President
	Macao Teen Challenge	Chan Chi Leng, Officer
Women's General Association	So Wan Yok, Deputy Officer	
Members (Prominent persons in the domains of Social Services and Medical Health)		Pun Chi Meng Maria Edith da Silva Van Iat Kio Lui Sec Chiu Leong Siu Pui

Narcotics Control Committee- Youth Drug Problem Concern Working Group

	Government Departments/Organizations	Name
1	Caritas Macau	Pun Chi Meng (Convener)
2	Office of the Secretary for Security	Consultant Lio Wa Kei
3	Department for Prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence of the Social Welfare Bureau	Chief Hon Wai
4	Department of Social Rehabilitation of the Legal Affairs Bureau	Chief Ip Siu Mei
5	Macao Prison-Social Assistance, Education and Training Division	Chief Ho Siu Mei
6	Centre of Psycho-pedagogical Support & Special Education of the Education & Youth Affairs Bureau	Centre in charge Chao Pui Leng
7	Youth Concern Group of the Judicial Police	Superintendent Lam Hao Peng
8	Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macao	Sr. Augusto P.V. Nogueira
9	Uniao Gerald as Associacoes dos Moradores de Macau	Secretary-General Kong Wai long
10	Young Men's Christian Association of Macau	Chief Secretary Kuan Sok Leng
11	Sheng Kung Hui, Social Services Office of Macao	Service Director Lee Kwok Hoo
12	Education Association of Macao	Secretary-General Cheang Hong Kuong
13	Macao Association of Medicals Volunteers	President Pai Ki Man
14	Public Security Police Force	Chief Chan Hiu

The Narcotics Control Committee – Anti-Drug Law enforcement and follow up working group

List of Members

Name of department/ organization	Name and Title
Macao Association of Medicals Volunteers	President Pai Ki Man (Convenor)
Department of Prevention and Treatment for Drug Dependence, Social Welfare Bureau	Director Hon Wai
Judiciary Police	Deputy Director Chau Wai Kuong
Legal Affairs Bureau	Division Head Ip Sio Mei
Macao Prison	Ms Leong Sou Cheng
Health Bureau	Coordinator Ho Chi Veng
Education and Youth Affairs Bureau	Coordinator Chow Pui Leng
Public Prosecutions Office	Office Head Chan Chon Pan
Primary Court	Shi Ming acting assistant secretary general
Unitary Police Service	Ms Chan Wai Kun
Macao Customs	Division Head Chao Chak Sam
Association of Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers of Macau	President Augusto Paulo Valente Nogueira
S.H. Macau Social Service Co-ordination Office	Service Coordinator Lee Kwok Hoo
The Women's General Association of Macau	Assistant Coordinator Sou Wan Lok
Macau Caritas	General Director Pun Chi Meng
The Scout Association of Macau	Director Leong Sio Pui

Relevant Drug Control Institutions in Macao/Service Directory

Government Departments						
Name		Type of Services	Address	Tel	Fax	
Social Welfare Bureau	Department for prevention and Treatment of Drug Dependence and	Drug Treatment Complex Center of Division for Treatment and Social Rehabilitation	Treatment for drug addicts and social services	Estrada Nova	Hotline: 28358844	28715204
		Division of Prevention of Drug Abuse	Prevention education, promotion and enquiries	R. Henrique Infante no.43-53A, 16 Floor, Macao Square	28781718 Hotline: 28781791	28781720
		Healthy Life Education Center	Prevention and healthy education	R.Franciso Fernandes no.11, 2 floorAK1	28225778 28225779	28225780
		Resource Center for Anti-Drug Education Rehabilitation	Prevention education and information	R. Henrique Infante no.43-53A, 16 Floor, Macao Square	28781791	28781720
Bureau Health		Disease Prevention and Control Center	Disease prevention and control Health education	Alameda Dr.Carlos d'Assumpcao no.335-341.Edf.Hotline 7 floor	28533525	28533524
		Public Health Laboratory	Laboratory work related to health	Estrada dos Parses	28530291	28530294
		Pharmaceutical Affairs Department	Supervision on medication	Av. Sidonio Pais, no.47,Edf.China Plaza,2 floor	85983424	28524016
		Treatment of Mental Illness	Treatment of mental illness	Complexo Hospitalar Conde de S. Janeiro, r/c	83908868	---
		Social Affairs Division	Medical social work	Complexo Hospitalar Conde de S. Janeiro, 1 floor	28313731	---
Police Judicial		Forensic Science Department	Drugs analysis	Estrada Flor de Lotus (junto do posto fronteirico do Cotai)	88003222	28870333
		Drug Criminal Cases Investigation Division	Criminal investigation	R. do Minho, Edf.Hung Fat, Blk 2, 1 floor, Taipa	83967709	28839496
Macao Prison		Social Assistance, Education and Training Division of the Prison Affairs	Drug treatment and rehabilitation	R. de S. Franciso Xavier s/n, Coloane	28881211	28882005

Website and E-mails of Government Departments

Department name	Website	E-mail
Social Welfare Bureau	SWB Website - http://www.ias.gov.mo	dep@ias.gov.mo
	Anti-drug Website - http://www.antidrugs.gov.mo	dptt@ias.gov.mo
	Healthy Life Education Website - http://healthylife.ias.gov.mo	harold@ias.gov.mo
Health Bureau	http://www.ssm.gov.mo	info@ssm.gov.mo
Judicial Police	http://www.pj.gov.mo	nar@pj.gov.mo
Macao Prison	http://www.epm.gov.mo	info@epm.gov.mo

Non-Governmental Drug Treatment Organizations Services

Organization		Service type, nature and target	Address	Tel	Fax	Person in Charge
Christian New Life Fellowship	Rehabilitation Center*	 	P.O.Box: 6306 Macau E-mail: newlife@macau.ctm.net Website: http://www.newlife.org.mo/	28455576	28457219	Chan Hung U
	S.Y. tribe Smart-Youth*	  	Estrada Nova de Ilha Verde-Habitação Socaill da Ilha Verde-Edf. Cheng Nga 1-Andar, A1 Macau E-mail: smart823@macau.ctm.net Website: http://www.newlife.org.mo/	28470802 28470803	28470809	Lao Chin Sui
Teen Challenge	Male Center*	 	Vale de Bênção, Coloane(Apartado n.º 4025 Coloane) E-mail: djmacao@macau.ctm.net Website: www.teenchallengemacau.org	289665515 66360009	28965515	Chan Chi Leng
	Female Center*	 		28827357 66602744		Chu Yuk King
Associação Reabilitação de Toxicodependentes (ARTM)*	Male Treatment Center*	 	Estrada do Campo, n.º 16, Coloane E-mail: artm@macau.ctm.net Website: http://artm.org.mo/artm_chi/artm.html	28870117	28870118	Augusto Nogueira
	Female Treatment Centre*	  	Rua dos Negociantes, N° 3, 1º andar, Coloane Website: http://artm.org.mo/artm_chi/artm.html	28535110	28519127	Leong Kock Wai
	Outreach*	 	Av. Hipodromo, No. 11, Edf. Nan Fong Garden, r/c-Bloco3, Macau E-Mail: http://artmoutreach@macau.ctm.net Website: http://artm.org.mo/artm_chi/artm.html	28822414	28882774	Augusto Nogueira
Associação Renovação e Apoio Mútuo de Macau* (Organização de Apoio Mútuo para Toxicodependentes)		  	Rua dos Hortelãos, n.º 514, Edf. Mei Lin, Block 2, Sobreloja, Macau E-mail: aram28474348@yahoo.com.hk Website: http://www.aram.org.mo	28474348	28474065	Chan Man loi
Associação de Beneficência Au Hon Sam* (Free Quit Smoking Service)*		 	Rua dos Matapa, n.º 87, Edf. Son Yee, 1.º andar A-B, Macau E-mail: saagha@gmail.com Website: http://www.smokefree.org.mo	28572929	28355531	Chan Lai In

* Receiving financial support from the SWB

Service Mode: Hospitalization  Gospel  Mutual Assistance  Outreach 

Service Targets: Male  Female 

Report on Drug Control in Macao 2011

Macao Drug Control Report 2011

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Chief Editors: Hoi Va Pou (SWB)

Lei Lai Peng (SWB)

Coordinator/Editor: Tong Mei Leng (SWB)

Members: Lei Wai U (SWB)

Ao Siu Wai (SWB)

Iao Leng (Judiciary Police)

Yu Kuong Fai (Judicial Police)

Pun Man In (Health Bureau)

Lei Wai Kei (Fight Against AIDS Committee)

Fan Ieng Ieng (Macao Prison)

Hoi Hong Chek (Teen Challenge)

Augusto Nogueira (ARTM)

Chan Hung U (Macao Christian New Life Fellowship-Rehabilitation)

Lau Chin Sui (Macao Christian New Life Fellowship-Youth Develop Unit)

Chan Man Ioi (Macao Renovation and Mutual Assistance Association)

Ao Hon Sam (Smoking Abstention and Good Health Association)

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